

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2016
OR

- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 0-16211

DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

39-1434669
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

221 West Philadelphia Street, York, PA
(Address of principal executive offices)

17401-2991
(Zip Code)

(717) 845-7511
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer" and "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: At April 28, 2016, DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc. had 234,230,941 shares of Common Stock outstanding, with a par value of \$.01 per share.

DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc.

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 – Financial Statements

**DENTSPLY SIRONA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

(In millions, except per share amounts)
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
Net sales	\$ 772.6	\$ 656.3
Cost of products sold	353.7	282.9
Gross profit	418.9	373.4
Selling, general and administrative expenses	342.1	270.3
Restructuring and other costs	4.1	5.4
Operating income	72.7	97.7
Other income and expenses:		
Interest expense	9.2	10.7
Interest income	(0.5)	(0.7)
Other expense (income), net	(3.4)	0.5
Income before income taxes	67.4	87.2
(Benefit) provision for income taxes	(57.9)	18.9
Equity in net loss of unconsolidated affiliated company	—	(4.3)
Net income	125.3	64.0
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	0.3	—
Net income attributable to Dentsply Sirona	\$ 125.0	\$ 64.0
Earnings per common share:		
Basic	\$ 0.72	\$ 0.46
Diluted	\$ 0.70	\$ 0.45
Weighted average common shares outstanding:		
Basic	174.8	140.3
Diluted	178.4	142.8

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

DENTSPLY SIRONA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

(In millions)
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Net income	\$ 125.3	\$ 64.0
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	186.8	(188.9)
Net (loss) gain on derivative financial instruments	(24.8)	24.8
Net unrealized holding gain on available-for-sale securities	—	30.8
Pension liability adjustments	0.9	1.4
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	<u>162.9</u>	<u>(131.9)</u>
Total comprehensive income (loss)	288.2	(67.9)
Less: Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	<u>0.4</u>	<u>0.6</u>
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to		
Dentsply Sirona	<u>\$ 287.8</u>	<u>\$ (68.5)</u>

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

DENTSPLY SIRONA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In millions, except per share amounts)

(unaudited)

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 323.1	\$ 284.6
Accounts and notes receivables-trade, net	625.2	399.9
Inventories, net	562.1	340.4
Prepaid expenses and other current assets, net	295.1	171.8
Total Current Assets	1,805.5	1,196.7
Property, plant and equipment, net	816.5	558.8
Identifiable intangible assets, net	3,138.1	600.7
Goodwill, net	5,836.0	1,987.6
Other noncurrent assets, net	86.3	59.1
Total Assets	\$ 11,682.4	\$ 4,402.9
Liabilities and Equity		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 287.4	\$ 133.6
Accrued liabilities	500.2	310.1
Income taxes payable	55.7	20.2
Notes payable and current portion of long-term debt	10.9	12.1
Total Current Liabilities	854.2	476.0
Long-term debt	1,169.1	1,141.0
Deferred income taxes	875.5	160.3
Other noncurrent liabilities	398.2	286.2
Total Liabilities	3,297.0	2,063.5
Commitments and contingencies		
Equity:		
Preferred stock, \$1.00 par value; .25 million shares authorized; no shares issued	—	—
Common stock, \$.01 par value;	2.6	1.6
400.0 million and 200.0 million shares authorized at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively		
264.5 million and 162.8 million shares issued at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively		
234.2 million and 140.1 million shares outstanding at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.		
Capital in excess of par value	6,489.7	237.8
Retained earnings	3,697.5	3,591.0
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(431.2)	(594.0)
Treasury stock, at cost, 30.3 million and 22.7 million shares at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively	(1,376.8)	(898.4)
Total Dentsply Sirona Equity	8,381.8	2,338.0
Noncontrolling interests	3.6	1.4
Total Equity	8,385.4	2,339.4
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 11,682.4	\$ 4,402.9

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

DENTSPLY SIRONA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In millions)
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 125.3	\$ 64.0
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	23.5	19.3
Amortization	21.8	10.9
Amortization of deferred financing costs	1.1	1.1
Deferred income taxes	(80.4)	20.2
Share-based compensation expense	4.8	4.9
Restructuring and other costs - non-cash	2.6	4.8
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation	(8.4)	(0.4)
Equity in net loss from unconsolidated affiliates	—	4.3
Other non-cash income	(3.4)	(8.0)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:		
Accounts and notes receivable-trade, net	(67.1)	(10.2)
Inventories, net	8.6	(7.4)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets, net	(16.9)	(5.6)
Other noncurrent assets, net	(2.4)	(2.5)
Accounts payable	1.2	5.2
Accrued liabilities	(15.5)	(36.3)
Income taxes	(1.1)	(4.5)
Other noncurrent liabilities	7.0	5.8
Net cash provided by operating activities	0.7	65.6
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures	(20.8)	(16.2)
Cash assumed in Sirona merger	522.3	—
Cash paid for acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired	(0.4)	—
Cash received from sale of business or product line	2.4	—
Cash received on derivatives contracts	5.7	8.6
Cash paid on derivatives contracts	(3.5)	(0.8)
Expenditures for identifiable intangible assets	—	(0.2)
Purchase of Company-owned life insurance policies	(1.7)	—
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment, net	0.4	0.1
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	504.4	(8.5)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
(Decrease) increase in short-term borrowings	(2.1)	160.1
Cash paid for treasury stock	(428.8)	(85.0)
Cash dividends paid	(10.1)	(9.5)
Cash paid for acquisition of noncontrolling interests of consolidated subsidiary	—	(80.5)
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	79.9	—
Repayments on long-term borrowings	(127.5)	(100.1)
Proceeds from exercised stock options	7.4	14.1
Excess tax benefits from share-based compensation	8.4	0.4
Net cash used in financing activities	(472.8)	(100.5)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	6.2	(7.6)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	38.5	(51.0)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	284.6	151.6
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 323.1	\$ 100.6

Schedule of non-cash investing activities:

Merger financed by common stock	\$	6,256.2	\$	—
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See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

DENTSPLY SIRONA INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(In millions)
(unaudited)

	Common Stock	Capital in Excess of Par Value	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Treasury Stock	Total Dentsply Sirona Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 1.6	\$ 221.7	\$ 3,380.7	\$ (441.1)	\$ (841.6)	\$ 2,321.3	\$ 0.9	\$ 2,322.2
Net income	—	—	64.0	—	—	64.0	—	64.0
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	(132.4)	—	(132.4)	0.6	(131.8)
Exercise of stock options	—	(3.7)	—	—	17.8	14.1	—	14.1
Tax benefit from stock options exercised	—	0.4	—	—	—	0.4	—	0.4
Share based compensation expense	—	4.9	—	—	—	4.9	—	4.9
Funding of Employee Stock Ownership Plan	—	1.0	—	—	3.7	4.7	—	4.7
Treasury shares purchased	—	—	—	—	(88.7)	(88.7)	—	(88.7)
RSU distributions	—	(13.3)	—	—	7.9	(5.4)	—	(5.4)
RSU dividends	—	0.1	(0.1)	—	—	—	—	—
Cash dividends (\$0.0725 per share)	—	—	(10.1)	—	—	(10.1)	—	(10.1)
Balance at March 31, 2015	\$ 1.6	\$ 211.1	\$ 3,434.5	\$ (573.5)	\$ (900.9)	\$ 2,172.8	\$ 1.5	\$ 2,174.3

	Common Stock	Capital in Excess of Par Value	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Treasury Stock	Total Dentsply Sirona Equity	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 1.6	\$ 237.8	\$ 3,591.0	\$ (594.0)	\$ (898.4)	\$ 2,338.0	\$ 1.4	\$ 2,339.4
Net income	—	—	125.0	—	—	125.0	0.3	125.3
Other comprehensive gain	—	—	—	162.8	—	162.8	0.1	162.9
Common stock issuance related to Sirona merger	1.0	6,253.4	—	—	—	6,254.4	1.8	6,256.2
Exercise of stock options	—	(1.6)	—	—	9.0	7.4	—	7.4
Tax benefit from stock options exercised	—	8.4	—	—	—	8.4	—	8.4
Share based compensation expense	—	4.8	—	—	—	4.8	—	4.8
Funding of Employee Stock Ownership Plan	—	2.1	—	—	4.2	6.3	—	6.3
Treasury shares purchased	—	—	—	—	(500.0)	(500.0)	—	(500.0)
RSU distributions	—	(15.4)	—	—	8.4	(7.0)	—	(7.0)
RSU dividends	—	0.2	(0.2)	—	—	—	—	—
Cash dividends (\$0.0775 per share)	—	—	(18.3)	—	—	(18.3)	—	(18.3)
Balance at March 31, 2016	\$ 2.6	\$ 6,489.7	\$ 3,697.5	\$ (431.2)	\$ (1,376.8)	\$ 8,381.8	\$ 3.6	\$ 8,385.4

See accompanying Notes to Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc. and Subsidiaries

NOTES TO UNAUDITED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“US GAAP”) and the rules of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). The year-end consolidated balance sheet data was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by US GAAP. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair statement of the results for interim periods have been included. Results for interim periods should not be considered indicative of results for a full year. These financial statements and related notes contain the accounts of DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc. and Subsidiaries (“Dentsply Sirona” or the “Company”) on a consolidated basis and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes included in DENTSPLY International Inc.’s most recent Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

On February 29, 2016, DENTSPLY International Inc. merged with Sirona Dental Systems, Inc. (“Sirona”) to form DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc. The accompanying unaudited interim Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2016 include the results of operations for Sirona for the period February 29, 2016 to March 31, 2016. The accompanying unaudited interim Consolidated Balance Sheets at March 31, 2016 includes Sirona’s acquired assets and assumed liabilities. See Note 5, Business Combinations, for additional information about the merger.

Reference throughout this Form 10-Q to “DENTSPLY”, or the “Company” refers to financial information and transactions of DENTSPLY International Inc. prior to February 29, 2016 and DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc, or the “Company”, thereafter.

NOTE 1 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Company, as applied in the interim consolidated financial statements presented herein are substantially the same as presented in DENTSPLY’s Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015, except as may be indicated below:

Accounts and Notes Receivable

The Company records a provision for doubtful accounts, which is included in “Selling, general and administrative expenses” in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Accounts and notes receivables – trade, net are stated net of allowances for doubtful accounts and trade discounts, which were \$14.3 million at March 31, 2016 and \$10.7 million at December 31, 2015.

Marketable Securities

The Company accounts for its direct investment in the DIO Corporation (“DIO”) using the cost-basis method of accounting. At March 31, 2016, the fair value of the direct investment was \$84.4 million.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, “Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)” that seeks to provide a single, comprehensive revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers that improve comparability within industries, across industries and across capital markets. Under this standard, an entity should recognize revenue for the transfer of goods or services equal to the amount it expects to be entitled to receive for those goods or services. Enhanced disclosure requirements regarding the nature, timing and uncertainty of revenue and related cash flows exist. To assist entities in applying the standard, a five step model for recognizing and measuring revenue from contracts with customers has been introduced. Entities have the option to apply the new guidance retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented (full retrospective approach) or retrospectively with a cumulative effect adjustment to retained earnings for initial application of the guidance at the date of initial adoption (modified retrospective method). On July 9, 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-14, deferring the effective date by one year to annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted. In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-10, which clarifies the “identifying performance obligations and licensing implementations guidance” aspects of Topic 606. The Company expects to adopt these accounting standards for the quarter ended March 31, 2018. The Company is currently assessing the impact that these pronouncements may have on its financial position, results of operations, cash flows and disclosures, as well as, the transition method it will use to adopt the guidance.

In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-11, “Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory.” This newly issued accounting standard requires that an entity measure inventory at the lower of cost or net realizable value, as opposed to the lower of cost or market value. Net realizable value is defined as the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation. Excluded from this update are the last-in, first-out (“LIFO”) and retail inventory methods of accounting for inventory. The amendments in this standard are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016 and for interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. Prospective application is required for presentation purposes. The adoption of this standard is not expected to materially impact the Company’s financial position or results of operations.

In September 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-16, “Simplifying Accounting for Measurement Period Adjustments.” This accounting standard seeks to simplify the accounting related to Business Combinations. Current US GAAP requires retrospective adjustment for provisional amounts recognized during the measurement periods when facts and circumstances that existed at the measurement date, if known, would have affected the measurement of the accounts initially recognized. This standard eliminates the requirement for retrospective adjustments and requires adjustments to the Financial Statements as needed in current period earnings for the full effect of changes. The Company adopted this accounting standard for the quarter ended March 31, 2016. The adoption of this standard did not materially impact the Company’s financial position or results of operations.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-17, “Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes.” This accounting standard seeks to simplify the accounting related to deferred income taxes. Current US GAAP requires an entity to separate deferred tax assets (“DTAs”) and deferred tax liabilities (“DTLs”) into current and noncurrent amounts for each tax jurisdiction based on the classification of the related asset or liability for financial reporting. DTAs and DTLs not related to assets and liabilities for financial reporting are classified based on the expected reversal date. The new standard requires DTAs or DTLs for each tax jurisdictions to be classified as noncurrent in a classified statement of financial position. The adoption of this standard is required for interim and fiscal periods ending after December 15, 2016 and is permitted to be adopted prospectively or retrospectively. The Company is currently assessing the impact that this standard may have on its financial position and disclosures.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01, “Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities.” This newly issued accounting standard seeks to enhance the reporting model for financial instruments to provide users of financial statements with more decision-useful information as well as to improve and achieve convergence of the FASB and International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) standards on the accounting for financial instruments. The amendments allow equity investments that do not have readily determinable fair values to be remeasured at fair value either upon the occurrence of an observable price change or upon identification of an impairment. It also requires enhanced disclosures about those investments and reduces the number of items that are recognized in other comprehensive income. The adoption of this standard is required for interim and fiscal periods ending after December 15, 2017 and should be applied by means of a cumulative-effect adjustment to the balance sheet as of the beginning of the fiscal year of adoption. The Company is currently assessing the impact that this standard may have on its financial position, results of operations, cash flows and disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, “Leases.” This newly issued accounting standard seeks to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. Current US GAAP does not require lessees to recognize assets and liabilities arising from operating leases on the balance sheet. This standard also provides guidance from the lessees prospective on how to determine if a lease is an operating lease or a financing lease and the differences in accounting for each. The adoption of this standard is required for interim and fiscal periods ending after December 15, 2018 and it is required to be applied retrospectively using the modified retrospective approach. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact that ASU 2016-02 will have on its financial position, results of operations, cash flows and disclosures.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09, “Stock Compensation.” This newly issued accounting standard seeks to simplify the accounting for all entities that issue share-based payment awards to their employees. The primary areas of change include accounting for income taxes, cash flow statement classification of excess tax benefits and employee taxes paid when an employer withholds shares, accounting for forfeitures and tax withholding requirements. The adoption of this standard is required for interim and fiscal periods ending after December 15, 2016. Early adoption is permitted. Amendments related to the timing of when excess tax benefits are recognized, minimum statutory withholding requirements and forfeitures should be applied using a modified retrospective transition method by means of a cumulative-effect adjustment to equity as of the beginning of the period in which the guidance is adopted. Amendments related to the presentation of employee taxes paid on the statement of cash flows when an employer withholds shares to meet the minimum statutory withholding requirement should be applied retrospectively. Amendments requiring recognition of excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies in the income statement should be applied prospectively. The Company is currently assessing the impact that ASU 2016-09 will have on its financial position, results of operations, cash flows and disclosures.

NOTE 2 – STOCK COMPENSATION

The following table represents total stock based compensation expense for non-qualified stock options, restricted stock units (“RSU”) and the tax related benefit for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015.

(in millions)	Three Months Ended	
	2016	2015
Stock option expense	\$ 2.1	\$ 1.5
RSU expense	2.4	3.1
Total stock based compensation expense	<u>\$ 4.5</u>	<u>\$ 4.6</u>
Total related tax benefit	<u>\$ 1.3</u>	<u>\$ 1.5</u>

For the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, stock compensation expense of \$4.5 million and \$4.6 million respectively, was recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Operations. For the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, \$4.4 million and \$4.4 million, respectively, was recorded in Selling, general and administrative expense and \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, was recorded in Cost of products sold in the Consolidated Statement of Operations.

NOTE 3 – COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

During the quarter ended March 31, 2016, foreign currency translation adjustments included currency translation gains of \$198.4 million and losses on the Company’s loans designated as hedges of net investments of \$11.7 million. During the quarter ended March 31, 2015, foreign currency translation adjustments included currency translation losses of \$188.6 million and losses of \$0.9 million on the Company’s loans designated as hedges of net investments. These amounts are recorded in AOCI, net of any related tax adjustments. At March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, these tax adjustments were \$191.6 million and \$169.3 million, respectively, primarily related to foreign currency translation adjustments.

The cumulative foreign currency translation adjustments included translation losses of \$109.1 million and \$307.5 million at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively, and losses on loans designated as hedges of net investments of \$105.4 million and \$93.7 million, respectively. These foreign currency translation adjustments were partially offset by movements on derivative financial instruments, which are discussed in Note 10, Financial Instruments and Derivatives.

Changes in AOCI, net of tax, by component for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015:

(in millions)	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Gain and (Loss) on Derivative Financial Instruments Designated as Cash Flow Hedges	Gain and (Loss) on Derivative Financial Instruments Designated as Net Investment Hedges	Pension Liability Adjustments	Total
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ (401.2)	\$ (1.2)	\$ (110.2)	\$ (81.4)	\$ (594.0)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	183.3	(6.5)	(30.4)	—	146.4
Tax benefit	8.3	2.3	11.7	—	22.3
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax, before reclassifications	191.6	(4.2)	(18.7)	—	168.7
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(4.9)	(1.9)	—	0.9	(5.9)
Net (decrease) increase in other comprehensive income	186.7	(6.1)	(18.7)	0.9	162.8
Balance at March 31, 2016	<u>\$ (214.5)</u>	<u>\$ (7.3)</u>	<u>\$ (128.9)</u>	<u>\$ (80.5)</u>	<u>\$ (431.2)</u>

(in millions)	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Gain and (Loss) on Derivative Financial Instruments Designated as Cash Flow Hedges	Gain and (Loss) on Derivative Financial Instruments Designated as Net Investment Hedges	Net Unrealized Holding Gain (Loss) on Available-for- Sale Securities	Pension Liability Adjustments	Total
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ (212.5)	\$ (10.8)	\$ (112.7)	\$ 8.5	\$ (113.6)	\$ (441.1)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications and tax impact	(181.9)	23.4	12.5	44.5	—	(101.5)
Tax expense	(7.6)	(2.5)	(5.1)	(13.7)	—	(28.9)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, before reclassifications	(189.5)	20.9	7.4	30.8	—	(130.4)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	—	(3.5)	—	—	1.4	(2.1)
Net (decrease) increase in other comprehensive income	(189.5)	17.4	7.4	30.8	1.4	(132.5)
Balance at March 31, 2015	\$ (402.0)	\$ 6.6	\$ (105.3)	\$ 39.3	\$ (112.2)	\$ (573.6)

Reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income (expense) to the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015:

(in millions)	Amounts Reclassified from AOCI		Affected Line Item in the Consolidated Statements of Operations
Details about AOCI Components	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016	2015	
Gains and (losses) on derivative financial instruments:			
Interest rate swaps	\$ (1.1)	\$ (1.0)	Interest expense
Foreign exchange forward contracts	3.1	3.9	Cost of products sold
Foreign exchange forward contracts	0.1	0.2	SG&A expenses
Commodity contracts	(0.2)	(0.1)	Cost of products sold
	1.9	3.0	Net gain before tax
	—	0.5	Tax benefit
	\$ 1.9	\$ 3.5	Net of tax
Realized foreign currency gain on sale of foreign subsidiary:			
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$ 4.9	\$ —	Other expense (income), net
Amortization of defined benefit pension and other postemployment benefit items:			
Amortization of net actuarial losses	(1.3)	(2.0)	(a)
	(1.3)	(2.0)	Net loss before tax
	0.4	0.6	Tax benefit
	\$ (0.9)	\$ (1.4)	Net of tax
Total reclassifications for the period	\$ 5.9	\$ 2.1	

(a) These accumulated other comprehensive income components are included in the computation of net periodic benefit cost for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 (see Note 8, Benefit Plans, for additional details).

NOTE 4 – EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015:

Basic Earnings Per Common Share Computation (in millions, except per share amounts)	Three Months Ended	
	2016	2015
Net income attributable to Dentsply Sirona	\$ 125.0	\$ 64.0
Weighted average common shares outstanding	174.8	140.3
Earnings per common share - basic	\$ 0.72	\$ 0.46
Diluted Earnings Per Common Share Computation (in millions, except per share amounts)		
Net income attributable to Dentsply Sirona	\$ 125.0	\$ 64.0
Weighted average common shares outstanding	174.8	140.3
Incremental weighted average shares from assumed exercise of dilutive options from stock-based compensation awards	3.6	2.5
Total weighted average diluted shares outstanding	178.4	142.8
Earnings per common share - diluted	\$ 0.70	\$ 0.45

The calculation of weighted average diluted common shares outstanding excludes stock options and RSUs of 0.9 million and 1.1 million shares of common stock that were outstanding during the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, because their effect would be antidilutive.

On February 29, 2016, in conjunction with the merger, the Company increased the authorized number of common shares to 400.0 million.

NOTE 5 – BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

On February 29, 2016, DENTSPLY merged with Sirona in an all-stock transaction and the registrant was renamed DENSTPLY SIRONA Inc. In connection with the merger, each former share of Sirona common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to February 29, 2016, was converted to 1.8142 shares of DENTSPLY common stock. The Company issued approximately 101.8 million shares of DENTSPLY common stock to former shareholders of Sirona common stock, representing approximately 42% of the approximately 242.2 million of the total shares of DENTSPLY common stock outstanding on the merger date.

DENTSPLY was determined to be the accounting acquirer. In this all-stock transaction, only DENTSPLY common stock was transferred and DENTSPLY shareholders received approximately 58% of the voting interest of the combined company, and the Sirona shareholders received approximately 42% of the voting interest. Additional indicators included the combined company's eleven Board of Directors which includes six members of the former DENTSPLY board, and five members of the former Sirona board, as well as DENTSPLY's financial size.

The Company changed its name to DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc. and the common stock continues to trade on the NASDAQ under the ticker "XRAY".

The merger combines leading platforms in consumables, equipment, and technologies which creates complimentary end to end solutions to meet customer needs and improve patient care. The combined company is positioned to capitalize on key industry trends to drive growth, including accelerating adoption of digital dentistry.

The following table summarizes the consideration transferred:

(in millions, except per share amount)*

Sirona common shares outstanding at February 29, 2016		56.1
Exchange ratio		1.8142
DENTSPLY common stock issued for consideration		101.8
DENTSPLY common stock per share price at February 26, 2016	\$	60.67
Fair value of DENTSPLY common stock issued to Sirona shareholders	\$	6,173.8
Fair value of vested portion of Sirona share-based awards outstanding - 1.5 million at February 29, 2016		82.4
Total acquisition consideration	\$	6,256.2

*Table may not foot due to rounding

The merger was recorded in accordance with US GAAP pursuant to the provisions of ASC Topic 805, Business Combinations. The Company has performed a preliminary valuation analysis of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed and allocated the consideration based on the preliminary fair values of those identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed, but there may be material changes as the valuation is finalized. In addition, completion of the valuation may impact the assessment of the net deferred tax liability currently recognized with any adjustment resulting in a corresponding change to goodwill. The amount of these potential adjustments could be significant.

The following table summarizes the preliminary fair value of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of the merger:

(in millions)

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	522.3
Trade receivables		143.0
Inventory		220.7
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		109.4
Property, plant and equipment		237.1
Identifiable intangible assets		2,435.0
Goodwill		3,761.2
Other long-term assets		10.9
Total assets		7,439.6
Accounts payable		68.0
Other current liabilities		197.8
Debt		57.5
Deferred income taxes		766.7
Other long-term liabilities		93.4
Total liabilities		1,183.4
Total identifiable net assets	\$	6,256.2

Inventory held by Sirona includes a fair value adjustment of \$72.0 million. The Company expects to expense this amount by June 30, 2016 as the acquired inventory is sold. During the first quarter, the Company expensed \$24.2 million of the inventory fair value adjustment.

Property, plant and equipment includes a fair value adjustment of \$33.6 million, and consists of land, buildings, plant and equipment. Depreciable lives range from 25 to 50 years for buildings and from 3 to 10 years for plant and equipment.

Deferred income for service contracts previously recorded by Sirona now includes a fair value adjustment which reduced "Other current liabilities" by \$17.3 million. The consequence is that this amount cannot be recognized as revenue under US GAAP.

Weighted average useful lives for intangible assets were determined based upon the useful economic lives of the intangible assets that are expected to contribute to future cash flows. The acquired definite-lived intangible assets are being amortized on a straight-line basis over their expected useful lives.

Intangible assets acquired consist of the following:

(in millions, except for useful life)

	Amount	Weighted Average Useful Life (in years)
Customer relationships	\$ 495.0	14
Developed technology and patents	1,035.0	12
Trade names and trademarks	905.0	Indefinite
Total	<u>\$ 2,435.0</u>	

The fair values assigned to intangible assets were determined through the use of the income approach, specifically the relief from royalty method was used to fair value the developed technology and patents and tradenames and trademarks and the multi-period excess earnings method was used to fair value customer relationships. Both valuation methods rely on management's judgments, including expected future cash flows resulting from existing customer relationships, customer attrition rates, contributory effects of other assets utilized in the business, peer group cost of capital and royalty rates as well as other factors. The valuation of tangible assets was derived using a combination of the income approach, the market approach and the cost approach. Significant judgments used in valuing tangible assets include estimated reproduction or replacement cost, weighted average useful lives of assets, estimated selling prices, costs to complete and reasonable profit.

The \$3,761.2 million of goodwill is attributable to the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Goodwill is considered to represent the value associated with workforce and synergies the two Companies anticipate realizing as a combined company. Goodwill of \$3,648.4 million has been assigned to the Company's Technologies segment and \$112.8 million has been assigned to the Company's Dental and Healthcare Consumables segment. The goodwill is not expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Sirona contributed net sales of \$120.1 million and operating income of \$28.1 million to the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations during the period from February 29, 2016 to March 31, 2016 and is primarily included in the Technologies segment.

The following unaudited pro forma financial information reflects the consolidated results of operations of the Company had the merger occurred on January 1, 2015. Sirona's financial information has been compiled in a manner consistent with the accounting policies adopted by DENTSPLY. The unaudited pro forma financial information has been prepared for comparative purposes and does not purport to be indicative of what would have occurred had the merger occurred on January 1, 2015, nor are they indicative of any future results.

(in millions, except per share amount)	Pro forma - unaudited	
	Three months ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
Net sales	\$ 940.2	\$ 903.2
Net income attributable to Dentsply Sirona	\$ 93.7	\$ 94.4
Diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.38

The pro forma financial information is based on the Company's preliminary assignment of consideration given and therefore subject to adjustment. These pro forma amounts were calculated after applying the Company's accounting policies and adjusting Sirona's results to reflect adjustments that are directly attributable to the merger. These adjustments mainly include additional intangible asset amortization, depreciation, inventory fair value adjustments, transaction costs and taxes that would have been charged assuming the fair value adjustments had been applied from January 1, 2015, together with the consequential tax effects at the statutory rate. Pro forma results do not include any anticipated synergies or other benefits of the merger.

For the three months ended March 31, 2016, in connection with the merger, the Company has incurred \$30.2 million of transaction related costs, primarily amounts paid to third party advisers, legal and banking fees.

NOTE 6 – SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company has numerous operating businesses covering a wide range of dental consumable products, dental technology products and certain healthcare products primarily serving the professional dental market. Professional dental products represented approximately 91% and 89% of net sales for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015.

The operating businesses are combined into two operating groups, which generally have overlapping geographical presence, customer bases, distribution channels, and regulatory oversight. These operating groups are considered the Company's reportable segments as the Company's chief operating decision-maker regularly reviews financial results at the operating group level and uses this information to manage the Company's operations. The accounting policies of the segments are consistent with those described in DENTSPLY's most recently filed Form 10-K, in the summary of significant accounting policies.

The Company evaluates performance of the segments based on the groups' net third party sales, excluding precious metal content, and segment adjusted operating income. The Company defines net third party sales excluding precious metal content as the Company's net sales excluding the precious metal cost within the products sold, which is considered a measure not calculated in accordance with US GAAP, and is therefore considered a non-US GAAP measure. The Company's exclusion of precious metal content in the measurement of net third party sales enhances comparability of performance between periods as it excludes the fluctuating market prices of the precious metal content. The Company also evaluates segment performance based on each segment's adjusted operating income before provision for income taxes and interest. Segment adjusted operating income is defined as operating income before income taxes and before certain corporate headquarter unallocated costs, restructuring and other costs, interest expense, interest income, other expense (income), net, amortization of intangible assets and depreciation resulting from the fair value step-up of property, plant and equipment from acquisitions. The Company's segment adjusted operating income is considered a non-US GAAP measure. A description of the products and services provided within each of the Company's two reportable segments is provided below.

During the March 31, 2016 quarter, the Company realigned reporting responsibilities as a result of the merger and changed the management structure. The segment information below reflects the revised structure for all periods shown.

Dental and Healthcare Consumables

This segment includes responsibility for the worldwide design, manufacture, sales and distribution of the Company's preventive, restorative, instruments, endodontic, and laboratory dental products, as well as consumable medical device products.

Technologies

This segment is responsible for the worldwide design, manufacture, sales and distribution of the Company's dental implants, CAD/CAM systems, imaging systems, treatment centers and orthodontic products.

The following tables set forth information about the Company's segments for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015:

Third Party Net Sales

(in millions)	Three Months Ended	
	2016	2015
Dental and Healthcare Consumables	\$ 488.8	\$ 480.1
Technologies	283.8	176.2
Total net sales	\$ 772.6	\$ 656.3

Third Party Net Sales, Excluding Precious Metal Content

(in millions)	Three Months Ended	
	2016	2015
Dental and Healthcare Consumables	\$ 470.9	\$ 455.5
Technologies	283.6	176.0
Total net sales, excluding precious metal content	754.5	631.5
Precious metal content of sales	18.1	24.8
Total net sales, including precious metal content	\$ 772.6	\$ 656.3

Inter-segment Net Sales

(in millions)	Three Months Ended	
	2016	2015
Dental and Healthcare Consumables	\$ 55.2	\$ 52.0
Technologies	1.4	1.8
All Other (a)	68.7	65.1
Eliminations	(125.3)	(118.9)
Total	\$ —	\$ —

(a) Includes amounts recorded at one distribution warehouse not managed by named segments.

Segment Adjusted Operating Income

(in millions)	Three Months Ended	
	2016	2015
Dental and Healthcare Consumables	\$ 130.8	\$ 113.3
Technologies	53.8	20.9
Segment adjusted operating income before income taxes and interest	184.6	134.2
Reconciling items (income) expense:		
All Other (b)	85.2	19.7
Restructuring and other costs	4.1	5.4
Interest expense	9.2	10.7
Interest income	(0.5)	(0.7)
Other expense (income), net	(3.4)	0.5
Amortization of intangible assets	21.8	10.9
Depreciation resulting from the fair value step-up of property, plant and equipment from business combinations	0.8	0.5
Income before income taxes	\$ 67.4	\$ 87.2

(b) Includes the results of unassigned Corporate headquarter costs, inter-segment eliminations and one distribution warehouse not managed by named segments.

Assets

(in millions)	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Dental and Healthcare Consumables	\$ 2,169.1	\$ 1,776.5
Technologies	7,252.2	951.2
All Other (c)	2,261.1	1,675.2
Total	\$ 11,682.4	\$ 4,402.9

(c) Includes the assets of Corporate headquarters, inter-segment eliminations and one distribution warehouse not managed by named segments.

For the three months ended March 31, 2016, two customers accounted for more than ten percent of consolidated net sales for the period and more than ten percent of the consolidated accounts receivable balance at the period ended.

NOTE 7 – INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. The cost of inventories determined by the last-in, first-out (“LIFO”) method at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were \$8.0 million and \$8.1 million, respectively. The cost of other inventories was determined by the first-in, first-out (“FIFO”) or average cost methods. If the FIFO method had been used to determine the cost of LIFO inventories, the amounts at which net inventories are stated would be higher than reported at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 by \$6.5 million and \$6.6 million, respectively.

Inventories, net of inventory valuation reserves, consist of the following:

(in millions)	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Finished goods	\$ 366.8	\$ 218.2
Work-in-process	75.7	52.3
Raw materials and supplies	119.6	69.9
Inventories, net	\$ 562.1	\$ 340.4

The inventory valuation reserves were \$59.7 million and \$36.3 million at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. At March 31, 2016, inventory included \$49.8 million of fair value adjustments from the merger.

NOTE 8 – BENEFIT PLANS

The following sets forth the components of net periodic benefit cost of the Company’s defined benefit plans and for the Company’s other postemployment benefit plans for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015:

Defined Benefit Plans (in millions)	Three Months Ended	
	2016	2015
Service cost	\$ 3.8	\$ 4.3
Interest cost	1.8	1.9
Expected return on plan assets	(1.2)	(1.4)
Amortization of net actuarial loss	1.2	2.0
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 5.6	\$ 6.8

Other Postemployment Benefit Plans

(in millions)	Three Months Ended	
	2016	2015
Service cost	\$ 0.1	\$ 0.1
Interest cost	0.1	0.1
Amortization of net actuarial loss	0.1	0.1
Net periodic benefit cost	<u>\$ 0.3</u>	<u>\$ 0.3</u>

The following sets forth the information related to the contributions to the Company's benefit plans for 2016:

(in millions)	Pension Benefits	Other Postemployment Benefits
Actual contributions through March 31, 2016	\$ 3.0	\$ —
Projected contributions for the remainder of the year	8.9	0.7
Total projected contributions	<u>\$ 11.9</u>	<u>\$ 0.7</u>

The Company predominantly uses liability durations in establishing its discount rates, which are observed from indices of high-grade corporate bond yield curves in the respective economic regions of the plan. During the first quarter of 2016, the Company changed the method utilized to estimate the service cost and interest cost components of net periodic benefit costs for the Company's major defined benefit pension plans in Germany, Switzerland and for all defined benefit pension and other postemployment healthcare plans in the United States. Historically, the Company estimated the service cost and interest cost components using a single weighted average discount rate derived from the yield curve used to measure the benefit obligation at the beginning of the period. The Company has elected to use a spot rate approach for the estimation of these components of benefit cost by applying the specific spot rates along the yield curve to the relevant projected cash flows, as the Company believes this provides a better estimate of service and interest costs. The Company considers this a change in estimate and, accordingly, will account for it prospectively starting in 2016. This change does not affect the measurement of the Company's total benefit obligation.

NOTE 9 – RESTRUCTURING AND OTHER COSTS**Restructuring Costs**

During the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, the Company recorded net restructuring costs and other costs of \$4.1 million and \$5.4 million, respectively. These costs are recorded in "Restructuring and other costs" in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and the associated liabilities are recorded in "Accrued liabilities" in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

At March 31, 2016, the Company's restructuring accruals were as follows:

(in millions)	Severance			
	2014 and Prior Plans	2015 Plans	2016 Plans	Total
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 1.5	\$ 34.6	\$ —	\$ 36.1
Provisions	—	1.3	2.0	3.3
Amounts applied	(0.6)	(7.4)	(0.1)	(8.1)
Change in estimates	(0.1)	(0.1)	—	(0.2)
Balance at March 31, 2016	<u>\$ 0.8</u>	<u>\$ 28.4</u>	<u>\$ 1.9</u>	<u>\$ 31.1</u>

(in millions)	Lease/Contract Terminations			
	2014 and Prior Plans	2015 Plans	2016 Plans	Total
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 0.7	\$ 3.4	\$ —	\$ 4.1
Provisions	—	0.1	—	0.1
Amounts applied	(0.2)	(0.1)	—	(0.3)
Balance at March 31, 2016	\$ 0.5	\$ 3.4	\$ —	\$ 3.9

(in millions)	Other Restructuring Costs			
	2014 and Prior Plans	2015 Plans	2016 Plans	Total
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 0.3	\$ 0.6	\$ —	\$ 0.9
Provisions	—	0.2	—	0.2
Amounts applied	(0.1)	(0.2)	—	(0.3)
Change in estimate	—	0.1	—	0.1
Balance at March 31, 2016	\$ 0.2	\$ 0.7	\$ —	\$ 0.9

The following table provides the year-to-date changes in the restructuring accruals by segment:

(in millions)	December 31, 2015	Provisions	Amounts Applied	Change in Estimates	March 31, 2016
Dental and Healthcare Consumables	\$ 35.7	\$ 3.2	\$ (6.8)	\$ (0.2)	\$ 31.9
Technologies	4.3	0.4	(1.7)	0.1	3.1
All Other	1.1	—	(0.2)	—	0.9
Total	\$ 41.1	\$ 3.6	\$ (8.7)	\$ (0.1)	\$ 35.9

NOTE 10 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND DERIVATIVES

Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of market risks, which primarily include the risks related to the effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and commodity prices. These financial exposures are monitored and managed by the Company as part of its overall risk management program. The objective of this risk management program is to reduce the volatility that these market risks may have on the Company's operating results and equity. The Company employs derivative financial instruments to hedge certain anticipated transactions, firm commitments, or assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. Additionally, the Company utilizes interest rate swaps to convert variable rate debt to fixed rate debt and to convert fixed rate debt to variable rate debt, cross currency basis swaps to convert debt denominated in one currency to another currency and commodity swaps to fix certain variable raw material costs.

Derivative Instruments Designated as Hedging

Cash Flow Hedges

The following table summarizes the notional amounts of cash flow hedges by derivative instrument type at March 31, 2016 and the notional amounts expected to mature during the next 12 months, with a discussion of the various cash flow hedges by derivative instrument type following the table:

(in millions)	Aggregate Notional Amount	Aggregate Notional Amount Maturing within 12 Months
Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ 332.9	\$ 250.9
Interest rate swaps	179.3	67.7
Commodity contracts	0.4	0.4
Total derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges	<u>\$ 512.6</u>	<u>\$ 319.0</u>

Foreign Exchange Risk Management

The Company uses a layered hedging program to hedge select anticipated foreign currency cash flows to reduce volatility in both cash flows and reported earnings of the consolidated Company. The Company accounts for the designated foreign exchange forward contracts as cash flow hedges. As a result, the Company records the fair value of the contracts primarily through AOCI based on the tested effectiveness of the foreign exchange forward contracts. The Company measures the effectiveness of cash flow hedges of anticipated transactions on a spot-to-spot basis rather than on a forward-to-forward basis. Accordingly, the spot-to-spot change in the derivative fair value will be deferred in AOCI and released and recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Operations in the same period that the hedged transaction is recorded. The time value component of the fair value of the derivative is deemed ineffective and is reported currently in "Other expense (income), net" in the Consolidated Statements of Operations in the period which it is applicable. Any cash flows associated with these instruments are included in cash from operating activities in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. The Company hedges various currencies, with the most significant activity occurring in euros, Swedish kronor, Canadian dollars, and Swiss francs.

These foreign exchange forward contracts generally have maturities up to 18 months and the counterparties to the transactions are typically large international financial institutions.

Interest Rate Risk Management

The Company uses interest rate swaps to convert a portion of its variable interest rate debt to fixed interest rate debt. At March 31, 2016, the Company has two significant exposures hedged with interest rate contracts. One exposure is hedged with derivative contracts having notional amounts totaling 12.6 billion Japanese yen, which effectively converts the underlying variable interest rate debt facility to a fixed interest rate of 0.9% for an initial term of five years ending September 2019. Another exposure hedged with derivative contracts has a notional amount of 65.0 million Swiss francs, and effectively converts the underlying variable interest rate of a Swiss franc denominated loan to a fixed interest rate of 1.8% for an initial term of five years, ending in September 2016.

The Company enters into interest rate swap contracts infrequently as they are only used to manage interest rate risk on long-term debt instruments and not for speculative purposes. Any cash flows associated with these instruments are included in cash from operating activities in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

Commodity Risk Management

The Company enters into precious metal commodity swap contracts to effectively fix certain variable raw material costs typically for up to 18 months. These swaps are used to stabilize the cost of components used in the production of certain products. The Company generally accounts for the commodity swaps as cash flow hedges. As a result, the Company records the fair value of the contracts primarily through AOCI based on the tested effectiveness of the commodity swaps. The Company measures the effectiveness of cash flow hedges of anticipated transactions on a spot-to-spot basis rather than on a forward-to-forward basis. Accordingly, the spot-to-spot change in the derivative fair value will be deferred in AOCI and released and recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Operations in the same period that the hedged transaction is recorded. The time value component of

the fair value of the derivative is deemed ineffective and is reported currently in “Interest expense” in the Consolidated Statements of Operations in the period which it is applicable. Any cash flows associated with these instruments are included in cash from operating activities in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

The following tables summarize the amount of gains (losses) recorded in AOCI in the Consolidated Balance Sheets and income (expense) in the Company’s Consolidated Statements of Operations related to all cash flow hedges for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015:

March 31, 2016

(in millions)	Gain (Loss) in AOCI	Consolidated Statements of Operations Location	Effective Portion Reclassified from AOCI into Income (Expense)	Ineffective Portion Recognized in Income (Expense)
Effective Portion:				
Interest rate swaps	\$ (1.2)	Interest expense	\$ (1.1)	\$ —
Foreign exchange forward contracts	(4.9)	Cost of products sold	3.1	—
Foreign exchange forward contracts	(0.3)	SG&A expenses	0.1	—
Commodity contracts	(0.1)	Cost of products sold	(0.2)	—
Total in cash flow hedging	<u>\$ (6.5)</u>		<u>\$ 1.9</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

March 31, 2015

(in millions)	Gain (Loss) in AOCI	Consolidated Statements of Operations Location	Effective Portion Reclassified from AOCI into Income (Expense)	Ineffective Portion Recognized in Income (Expense)
Effective Portion:				
Interest rate swaps	\$ (1.2)	Interest expense	\$ (1.0)	\$ —
Foreign exchange forward contracts	24.1	Cost of products sold	3.9	—
Foreign exchange forward contracts	0.5	SG&A expenses	0.2	—
Commodity contracts	—	Cost of products sold	(0.1)	—
Ineffective Portion:				
Foreign exchange forward contracts	—	Other expense (income), net	—	0.3
Total for cash flow hedging	<u>\$ 23.4</u>		<u>\$ 3.0</u>	<u>\$ 0.3</u>

Overall, the derivatives designated as cash flow hedges are considered to be highly effective. At March 31, 2016, the Company expects to reclassify \$0.7 million of deferred net losses on cash flow hedges recorded in AOCI to the Consolidated Statements of Operations during the next 12 months. This reclassification is primarily due to the sale of inventory that includes hedged purchases and recognized interest expense on interest rate swaps. The term over which the Company is hedging exposures to variability of cash flows (for all forecasted transactions, excluding interest payments on variable interest rate debt) is typically 18 months.

For the rollforward of derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges in AOCI see Note 3, Comprehensive Income.

Hedges of Net Investments in Foreign Operations

The Company has significant investments in foreign subsidiaries the most significant of which are denominated in euros, Swiss francs, Japanese yen and Swedish kronor. The net assets of these subsidiaries are exposed to volatility in currency exchange rates. The Company employs both derivative and non-derivative financial instruments to hedge a portion of this exposure. The derivative instruments consist of foreign exchange forward contracts. The non-derivative instruments consist of foreign currency denominated debt held at the parent company level. Translation gains and losses related to the net assets of the foreign subsidiaries are offset by gains and losses in derivative and non-derivative financial instruments designated as hedges of net investments, which are included in AOCI. Any cash flows associated with these instruments are included in investing activities in the Consolidated

Statements of Cash Flows except for derivative instruments that include an other-than-insignificant financing element, in which case all cash flows will be classified as financing activities in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

The following table summarizes the notional amounts of hedges of net investments by derivative instrument type at March 31, 2016 and the notional amounts expected to mature during the next 12 months:

(in millions)	Aggregate Notional Amount	Aggregate Notional Amount Maturing within 12 Months
Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ 628.7	\$ 561.5

The fair value of the foreign exchange forward contracts is the estimated amount the Company would receive or pay at the reporting date, taking into account the effective interest rates and foreign exchange rates. The effective portion of the change in the value of these derivatives is recorded in AOCI, net of tax effects.

The following tables summarize the amount of gains (losses) recorded in AOCI in the Consolidated Balance Sheets and other income (expense) in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations related to the hedges of net investments for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015:

March 31, 2016

(in millions)	Gain (Loss) in AOCI	Consolidated Statements of Operations Location	Recognized in Income (Expense)
Effective Portion:			
Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ (30.4)	Other expense (income), net	\$ 2.6
Total for net investment hedging	\$ (30.4)		\$ 2.6

March 31, 2015

(in millions)	Gain (Loss) in AOCI	Consolidated Statements of Operations Location	Recognized in Income (Expense)
Effective Portion:			
Foreign exchange forward contracts	12.5	Other expense (income), net	(0.3)
Total for net investment hedging	\$ 12.5		\$ (0.3)

Fair Value Hedges

The Company used interest rate swaps to convert a portion of its fixed interest rate debt to variable interest rate debt. The Company had U.S. dollar denominated interest rate swaps with an initial total notional value of \$150.0 million to effectively convert the underlying fixed interest rate of 4.1% on the Company's \$250.0 million Private Placement Notes ("PPN") to variable rate, the debt and interest rate swap matured in February 2016. The notional value of the swaps declined proportionately as portions of the PPN matured. These interest rate swaps were designated as fair value hedges of the interest rate risk associated with the hedged portion of the fixed rate PPN. Accordingly, the Company carried the portion of the hedged debt at fair value, with the change in debt and swaps offsetting each other in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Any cash flows associated with these instruments were included in operating activities in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

The following tables summarize the amount of income (expense) recorded in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations related to the hedges of fair value for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015:

(in millions)	Consolidated Statements of Operations Location	Three Months Ended March 31,	
		2016	2015
Interest rate swaps	Interest expense	\$ —	\$ 0.1

Derivative Instruments Not Designated as Hedges

The Company enters into derivative instruments with the intent to partially mitigate the foreign exchange revaluation risk associated with recorded assets and liabilities that are denominated in a non-functional currency. The gains and losses on these derivative transactions offset the gains and losses generated by the revaluation of the underlying non-functional currency balances and are recorded in "Other expense (income), net" in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. The Company primarily uses foreign exchange forward contracts and cross currency basis swaps to hedge these risks. Any cash flows associated with the foreign exchange forward contracts and interest rate swaps not designated as hedges are included in cash from operating activities in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. Any cash flows associated with the cross currency basis swaps not designated as hedges are included in investing activities in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows except for derivative instruments that include an other-than-insignificant financing element, in which case the cash flows will be classified as financing activities in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

The following tables summarize the aggregate notional amounts of the Company's economic hedges not designated as hedges by derivative instrument types at March 31, 2016 and the notional amounts expected to mature during the next 12 months:

(in millions)	Aggregate Notional Amount	Aggregate Notional Amount Maturing within 12 Months
Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ 1,598.7	\$ 1,598.7
Interest rate swaps	1.6	0.8
Total for instruments not designated as hedges	\$ 1,600.3	\$ 1,599.5

The following table summarizes the amounts of gains (losses) recorded in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Operations related to the economic hedges not designated as hedging for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015:

(in millions)	Consolidated Statements of Operations Location	Gain (Loss) Recognized	
		Three Months Ended March 31, 2016	2015
Foreign exchange forward contracts (a)	Other expense (income), net	\$ (16.4)	\$ 8.6
Cross currency basis swaps (a)	Other expense (income), net	—	(1.2)
Total for instruments not designated as hedges		\$ (16.4)	\$ 7.4

(a) The gains and losses on these derivative transactions offset the gains and losses generated by the revaluation of the underlying non-functional currency balances which are recorded in "Other expense (income), net" in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

During March 2016, the Company established hedges totaling 316.5 million euros to offset a euro denominated intercompany note receivable at a U.S. dollar functional entity. The change in the value of the hedges resulted in a \$12.1 million loss, which were offset by the changes in the value of the euro denominated intercompany note receivable at a U.S. dollar functional entity.

Consolidated Balance Sheets Location of Derivative Fair Values

The following tables summarize the fair value and consolidated balance sheet location of the Company's derivatives at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

		March 31, 2016			
(in millions)	Designated as Hedges	Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets, Net	Other Noncurrent Assets, Net	Accrued Liabilities	Other Noncurrent Liabilities
	Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ 7.3	\$ 2.1	\$ 22.0	\$ 0.9
	Interest rate swaps	—	—	0.9	1.0
	Total	\$ 7.3	\$ 2.1	\$ 22.9	\$ 1.9
Not Designated as Hedges					
	Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ 8.4	\$ —	\$ 20.1	\$ —
	Total	\$ 8.4	\$ —	\$ 20.1	\$ —
		December 31, 2015			
(in millions)	Designated as Hedges	Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets, Net	Other Noncurrent Assets, Net	Accrued Liabilities	Other Noncurrent Liabilities
	Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ 23.0	\$ 7.9	\$ 6.9	\$ 0.4
	Commodity contracts	—	—	0.1	—
	Interest rate swaps	0.1	—	1.0	0.2
	Total	\$ 23.1	\$ 7.9	\$ 8.0	\$ 0.6
Not Designated as Hedges					
	Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ 5.0	\$ —	\$ 3.0	\$ —
	Total	\$ 5.0	\$ —	\$ 3.0	\$ —

Balance Sheet Offsetting

Substantially all of the Company's derivative contracts are subject to netting arrangements, whereby the right to offset occurs in the event of default or termination in accordance with the terms of the arrangements with the counterparty. While these contracts contain the enforceable right to offset through netting arrangements with the same counterparty, the Company elects to present them on a gross basis in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities under netting arrangements at March 31, 2016:

(in millions)	Gross Amounts Recognized	Gross Amount Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheets	Net Amounts Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheets	Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheets		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received/Pledged	
Assets						
Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ 17.8	\$ —	\$ 17.8	\$ (11.5)	\$ —	\$ 6.3
Total Assets	\$ 17.8	\$ —	\$ 17.8	\$ (11.5)	\$ —	\$ 6.3

(in millions)	Gross Amounts Recognized	Gross Amount Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheets	Net Amounts Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheets	Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheets		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received/Pledged	
Liabilities						
Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ 43.0	\$ —	\$ 43.0	\$ (10.3)	\$ —	\$ 32.7
Interest rate swaps	1.9	—	1.9	(1.2)	—	0.7
Total Liabilities	\$ 44.9	\$ —	\$ 44.9	\$ (11.5)	\$ —	\$ 33.4

Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities under netting arrangements at December 31, 2015:

(in millions)	Gross Amounts Recognized	Gross Amount Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheets	Net Amounts Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheets	Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheets		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received/Pledged	
Assets						
Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ 35.9	\$ —	\$ 35.9	\$ (7.4)	\$ —	\$ 28.5
Interest rate swaps	0.1	—	0.1	—	—	0.1
Total Assets	\$ 36.0	\$ —	\$ 36.0	\$ (7.4)	\$ —	\$ 28.6

(in millions)	Gross Amounts Recognized	Gross Amount Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheets	Net Amounts Presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheets	Gross Amounts Not Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheets		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received/Pledged	
Liabilities						
Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ 10.3	\$ —	\$ 10.3	\$ (6.3)	\$ —	\$ 4.0
Commodity contracts	0.1	—	0.1	—	—	0.1
Interest rate swaps	1.2	—	1.2	(1.1)	—	0.1
Total Liabilities	\$ 11.6	\$ —	\$ 11.6	\$ (7.4)	\$ —	\$ 4.2

NOTE 11 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Company records financial instruments at fair value with unrealized gains and losses related to certain financial instruments reflected in AOCI in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. In addition, the Company recognizes certain liabilities at fair value. The Company applies the market approach for recurring fair value measurements. Accordingly, the Company utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The fair value of financial instruments is determined by reference to various market data and other valuation techniques as appropriate. The Company believes the carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable (net of allowance for doubtful accounts), prepaid expenses and other current assets, accounts payable, accrued liabilities, income taxes payable and notes payable approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of these instruments. The Company estimated the fair value and carrying value of total long-term debt, including the current portion, was \$1,191.3 million and \$1,179.1 million, respectively at March 31, 2016. At December 31, 2015, the Company estimated the fair value and carrying value, including the current portion, was \$1,160.7 million and \$1,150.2 million, respectively. The interest rate on the \$450.0 million Senior Notes, the \$300.0 million Senior Notes, and the \$250.0 million PPN are fixed rates of 4.1%, 2.8% and 4.1%, respectively, and their fair value is based on the interest rates as of March 31, 2016. The interest rates on variable rate term loan debt and commercial paper are consistent with current market conditions, therefore the fair value of these instruments approximates their carrying values.

The following tables set forth by level within the fair value hierarchy the Company's financial assets and liabilities that were accounted for at fair value on a recurring basis at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, which are classified as "Cash and cash equivalents," "Prepaid expenses and other current assets, net," "Other noncurrent assets, net," "Accrued liabilities," and "Other noncurrent liabilities" in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Financial assets and liabilities that are recorded at fair value as of the balance sheet date are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

(in millions)	March 31, 2016			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets				
Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ 17.8	\$ —	\$ 17.8	\$ —
Total assets	\$ 17.8	\$ —	\$ 17.8	\$ —
Liabilities				
Interest rate swaps	\$ 1.9	\$ —	\$ 1.9	\$ —
Foreign exchange forward contracts	43.0	—	43.0	—
Contingent considerations on acquisitions	7.6	—	—	7.6
Total liabilities	\$ 52.5	\$ —	\$ 44.9	\$ 7.6

(in millions)	December 31, 2015			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Assets				
Interest rate swaps	\$ 0.1	\$ —	\$ 0.1	\$ —
Foreign exchange forward contracts	35.9	—	35.9	—
Total assets	\$ 36.0	\$ —	\$ 36.0	\$ —
Liabilities				
Interest rate swaps	\$ 1.2	\$ —	\$ 1.2	\$ —
Commodity contracts	0.1	—	0.1	—
Foreign exchange forward contracts	10.3	—	10.3	—
Long-term debt	45.1	—	45.1	—
Total liabilities	\$ 56.7	\$ —	\$ 56.7	\$ —

Derivative valuations are based on observable inputs to the valuation model including interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, future commodities prices and credit risks. As discussed in Note 10, Financial Instruments and Derivatives, commodity contracts, certain interest rate swaps and foreign exchange forward contracts are considered cash flow hedges. In addition, certain cross currency basis swaps and foreign exchange forward contracts are considered hedges of net investments in foreign operations.

For the three months ended March 31, 2016, Level 3 liabilities were related to earn-out obligations that were assumed as part of the merger. There were no other purchases, issuances or transfers of Level 3 financial instruments during the period.

NOTE 12 – INCOME TAXES

Uncertainties in Income Taxes

The Company recognizes in the interim consolidated financial statements, the impact of a tax position, if that position is more likely than not of being sustained on audit, based on the technical merits of the position.

It is reasonably possible that certain amounts of unrecognized tax benefits will significantly increase or decrease within 12 months of the reporting date of the Company's interim consolidated financial statements. Final settlement and resolution of outstanding tax matters in various jurisdictions during the next twelve months are not expected to be significant.

Other Tax Matters

During the first quarter of 2016, the Company recorded a tax benefit from the release of a valuation allowance on previously unrecognized tax assets related to foreign interest deduction carryforwards of a non-U.S. legacy DENTSPLY subsidiary of approximately \$76.1 million, resulting from the merger. In addition, the Company recorded \$4.1 million of tax expense related to other discrete tax matters.

NOTE 13 – FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS

On February 19, 2016, the Company issued the following: 11.0 million euros aggregate principal amount bearing interest of 2.05%, Series F Senior Notes due February 19, 2026; 15.0 million euros aggregate principal amount bearing interest of 2.05%, Series G Senior Notes due February 19, 2026; and 45.0 million euros aggregate principal amount bearing interest of 2.45%, Series H Senior Notes due February 19, 2031. Proceeds from the Senior Notes were used to pay the final required payment of \$75.0 million under the \$250.0 million PPN that matured on February 19, 2016.

On March 16, 2016, the Company terminated the Sirona Senior Facilities Agreement and repaid the \$52.5 million Facility A Term Loan that was set to mature November 16, 2016.

The Company's revolving credit facility, term loans and Senior Notes contain certain affirmative and negative covenants relating to the Company's operations and financial condition. At March 31, 2016, the Company was in compliance with all debt covenants.

At March 31, 2016, there were no outstanding borrowings, in the form of issued commercial paper, under the current \$500.0 million multi-currency revolving credit facility.

At March 31, 2016, the Company had \$552.1 million of borrowing available under lines of credit, including lines available under its short-term arrangements and revolving credit agreement.

NOTE 14 – GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

A reconciliation of changes in the Company’s goodwill by reportable segment is as follows:

(in millions)	Dental and Healthcare Consumables	Technologies	Total
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 956.6	\$ 1,031.0	\$ 1,987.6
Merger related additions	112.8	3,648.4	3,761.2
Effects of exchange rate changes	25.7	61.5	87.2
Balance at March 31, 2016	<u>\$ 1,095.1</u>	<u>\$ 4,740.9</u>	<u>\$ 5,836.0</u>

Identifiable definite-lived and indefinite-lived intangible assets consist of the following:

(in millions)	March 31, 2016			December 31, 2015		
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount
Patents and developed technology	\$ 1,256.9	\$ (106.5)	\$ 1,150.4	\$ 164.8	\$ (95.0)	\$ 69.8
Trademarks	70.0	(38.3)	31.7	67.0	(36.0)	31.0
Licensing agreements	34.2	(25.6)	8.6	33.7	(24.9)	8.8
Customer relationships	961.6	(140.0)	821.6	437.7	(125.4)	312.3
Total definite-lived	<u>\$ 2,322.7</u>	<u>\$ (310.4)</u>	<u>\$ 2,012.3</u>	<u>\$ 703.2</u>	<u>\$ (281.3)</u>	<u>\$ 421.9</u>
Indefinite-lived Trademarks and In-process R&D	\$ 1,125.8	\$ —	\$ 1,125.8	\$ 178.8	\$ —	\$ 178.8
Total identifiable intangible assets	<u>\$ 3,448.5</u>	<u>\$ (310.4)</u>	<u>\$ 3,138.1</u>	<u>\$ 882.0</u>	<u>\$ (281.3)</u>	<u>\$ 600.7</u>

NOTE 15 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

On June 18, 2004, Marvin Weinstat, DDS and Richard Nathan, DDS filed a class action suit in San Francisco County, California alleging that the Company misrepresented that its Cavitron® ultrasonic scalers are suitable for use in oral surgical procedures. The Complaint seeks a recall of the product and refund of its purchase price to dentists who have purchased it for use in oral surgery. The Court certified the case as a class action in June 2006 with respect to the breach of warranty and unfair business practices claims. The class that was certified is defined as California dental professionals who, at any time during the period beginning June 18, 2000 through September 14, 2012, purchased and used one or more Cavitron® ultrasonic scalers for the performance of oral surgical procedures on their patients, which Cavitrons® were accompanied by Directions for Use that “Indicated” Cavitron® use for “periodontal debridement for all types of periodontal disease.” The case went to trial in September 2013, and on January 22, 2014, the San Francisco Superior Court issued its decision in the Company’s favor, rejecting all of the plaintiffs’ claims. The plaintiffs have appealed the Superior Court’s decision, and the appeal is now pending. The Company is defending against this appeal.

On December 12, 2006, a Complaint was filed by Carole Hildebrand, DDS and Robert Jaffin, DDS in the Eastern District of Pennsylvania (the Plaintiffs subsequently added Dr. Mitchell Goldman as a named class representative). The case was filed by the same law firm that filed the Weinstat case in California. The Complaint asserts putative class action claims on behalf of dentists located in New Jersey and Pennsylvania. The Complaint seeks damages and asserts that the Company's Cavitron® ultrasonic scaler was negligently designed and sold in breach of contract and warranty arising from misrepresentations about the potential uses of the product because it cannot assure the delivery of potable or sterile water. Following grant of a Company Motion and dismissal of the case for lack of jurisdiction, the plaintiffs filed a second complaint under the name of Dr. Hildebrand's corporate practice, Center City Periodontists, asserting the same allegations (this case is now proceeding under the name "Center City Periodontists"). The plaintiffs moved to have the case certified as a class action, to which the Company has objected and filed its brief. The Court subsequently granted a Motion filed by the Company and dismissed plaintiffs' New Jersey Consumer Fraud and negligent design claims, leaving only a breach of express warranty claim, in response to which the Company has filed a Motion for Summary Judgment. The Court held three days of hearings in January 2016 on plaintiffs' class certification motion. The Court has scheduled further hearings in the matter for June 2016.

On January 20, 2014, the Company was served with a *qui tam* complaint filed by two former and one current employee of the Company under the Federal False Claims Act and equivalent state and city laws. The lawsuit was previously under seal in the U.S. District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania. The complaint alleges, among other things, that the Company engaged in various illegal marketing activities, and thereby caused dental and other healthcare professionals to file false claims for reimbursement with Federal and State governments. The relators seek injunctive relief, fines, treble damages, and attorneys' fees and costs. On January 27, 2014, the United States filed with the Court a notice that it had elected not to intervene in the *qui tam* action at this time. The United States' notice indicated that the named state and city co-plaintiffs had authorized the United States to communicate to the Court that they also had decided not to intervene at this time. These non-intervention decisions do not prevent the *qui tam* relators from litigating this action, and the United States and/or the named states and/or cities may seek to intervene in the action at a later time. On September 4, 2014, the Company's motion to dismiss the complaint was granted in part and denied in part. The Company filed a motion for summary judgment in December 2015. In April 2016, the Court granted the Company's motion for summary judgment, which disposes of all remaining claims against the Company in the matter. The plaintiffs can file an appeal within 30 days of the ruling, in which case the Company will continue to vigorously defend itself.

On October 2, 2015 and October 5, 2015, the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary Dawkins Merger Sub Inc. ("Merger Sub") were served with two separate putative class action complaints filed in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware by purported stockholders of Sirona Dental Systems, Inc. ("Sirona") against the members of Sirona's Board of Directors, the Company, and Merger Sub. The Complaints allege that the Company and Merger Sub aided and abetted and/or assisted Sirona's Board members in breaching their fiduciary duties to Sirona's stockholders in connection with the Agreement and Plan of Merger entered into between the Company and Sirona on September 15, 2015. The plaintiffs subsequently withdrew the two cases in December 2015 and April 2016.

The Company does not believe a loss is probable related to the above litigation. Further a reasonable estimate of a possible range of loss cannot be made. In the event that one or more of these matters is unfavorably resolved, it is possible the Company's results from operations could be materially impacted.

In 2012, the Company received subpoenas from the U. S. Attorney's Office for the Southern District of Indiana (the "USAO") and from the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the United States Department of the Treasury ("OFAC") requesting documents and information related to compliance with export controls and economic sanctions regulations by certain of its subsidiaries. The Company has voluntarily contacted OFAC and the Bureau of Industry and Security of the U. S. Department of Commerce ("BIS"), in connection with these matters as well as regarding compliance with export controls and economic sanctions regulations by certain other business units of the Company identified in connection with an internal review by the Company. On August 24, 2015, the Company entered into an extension of the tolling agreement originally entered into in August 2014, such that the statute of limitations is now tolled until September 1, 2016. The Company is cooperating with the USAO, OFAC and BIS with respect to these matters.

At this stage of the inquiries, the Company is unable to predict the ultimate outcome of these matters or what impact, if any, the outcome of these matters might have on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Violations of export control or economic sanctions laws or regulations could result in a range of governmental enforcement actions, including fines or penalties, injunctions and/or criminal or other civil proceedings, which actions could have a material adverse effect on the Company's reputation, business, financial condition and results of operations. At this time, no claims have been made against the Company.

In addition to the matters disclosed above, the Company is, from time to time, subject to a variety of litigation and similar proceedings incidental to its business. These legal matters primarily involve claims for damages arising out of the use of the

Company's products and services and claims relating to intellectual property matters including patent infringement, employment matters, tax matters, commercial disputes, competition and sales and trading practices, personal injury and insurance coverage. The Company may also become subject to lawsuits as a result of past or future acquisitions or as a result of liabilities retained from, representations, warranties or indemnities provided in connection with, divested businesses. Some of these lawsuits may include claims for punitive and consequential, as well as compensatory damages. Based upon the Company's experience, current information and applicable law, it does not believe that these proceedings and claims will have a material adverse effect on its consolidated results of operations, financial position or liquidity. However, in the event of unexpected further developments, it is possible that the ultimate resolution of these matters, or other similar matters, if unfavorable, may be materially adverse to the Company's business, financial condition, results of operations or liquidity.

While the Company maintains general, products, property, workers' compensation, automobile, cargo, aviation, crime, fiduciary and directors' and officers' liability insurance up to certain limits that cover certain of these claims, this insurance may be insufficient or unavailable to cover such losses. In addition, while the Company believes it is entitled to indemnification from third parties for some of these claims, these rights may also be insufficient or unavailable to cover such losses.

Purchase Commitments

From time to time, the Company enters into long-term inventory purchase commitments with minimum purchase requirements for raw materials and finished goods to ensure the availability of products for production and distribution. These commitments may have a significant impact on levels of inventory maintained by the Company.

Item 2 – Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This report contains information that may constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Generally, the use of terms such as “may,” “could,” “expect,” “intend,” “believe,” “plan,” “estimate,” “forecast,” “project,” “anticipate,” “assumes,” and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. All statements that address operating performance, events or developments that DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc. (“Dentsply Sirona” or the “Company”) expects or anticipates will occur in the future are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on management’s current expectations and beliefs, and are inherently susceptible to uncertainty, risks, and changes in circumstances that could cause actual results to differ materially from the Company’s historical experience and our present expectations or projections. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, those described in Part I, Item 1A (“Risk Factors”) of DENTSPLY International Inc.’s Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015 and those described from time to time in our future reports filed with the U. S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company undertakes no duty and has no obligation to update forward-looking statements as a result of future events or developments.

On February 29, 2016, DENTSPLY International Inc. merged with Sirona Dental Systems, Inc. (“Sirona”) to form DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc. The accompanying unaudited interim financial information for the three months ended March 31, 2016, include the results of operations for Sirona for the period February 29, 2016 to March 31, 2016.

References to the “combined businesses” are included below to provide comparisons of net sales performance year over year as if the businesses were combined on January 1, 2015.

The Company’s annual meeting of stockholders will be held on May 25, 2016. Holders of 237,019,595 shares of common stock will be entitled to vote at the meeting.

OVERVIEW

Highlights

- For the three months ended March 31, 2016, the Company reported a sales increase of 17.7%, which primarily reflects the impact of consolidating one month of Sirona’s revenues. For the full three month period ended March 31, 2016, sales of our combined businesses grew 6.5% on a constant currency basis. This includes a benefit of 1.7% from net acquisitions and was unfavorably impacted by discontinued products by approximately 70 basis points, which leads to internal growth of 5.5%.
- On a geographic basis, the combined businesses generated constant currency sales growth of 8.8% in the United States, 3.2% in Europe and 8.4% in the Rest of World region in the full three month period ended March 31, 2016.
- First quarter 2016 earnings per diluted share of \$0.70 increased from \$0.45 in the first quarter of 2015 due to a tax benefit from the release of a valuation allowance, partially offset by the higher weighted average shares outstanding and costs associated with the merger. On an adjusted basis (a non-US GAAP measure) first quarter 2016 earnings per diluted share of \$0.69 grew 17% from \$0.59. The global efficiency program contributed approximately \$0.06 per diluted share for the three months ended March 31, 2016.

Company Profile

Dentsply Sirona is the world’s largest manufacturer of professional dental products and technologies, with a 130-year history of innovation and service to the dental industry and patients worldwide. Dentsply Sirona develops, manufactures, and markets a comprehensive solutions offering including dental and oral health products as well as other consumable medical devices under a strong portfolio of world class brands. As The Dental Solutions Company™, Dentsply Sirona’s products provide innovative, high-quality and effective solutions to advance patient care and deliver better, safer and faster dentistry. Dentsply Sirona’s global headquarters is located in York, Pennsylvania, and the international headquarters is based in Salzburg, Austria. The Company’s shares are listed in the United States on NASDAQ under the symbol XRAY.

Business

The Company operates in two business segments, Dental and Healthcare Consumables and Technologies.

The Dental and Healthcare Consumables segment includes responsibility for the worldwide design, manufacture, sales and distribution of the Company's preventive, restorative, instruments, endodontic, and laboratory dental products, as well as consumable medical device products.

The Technologies segment is responsible for the worldwide design, manufacture, sales and distribution of the Company's dental implants, CAD/CAM systems, imaging systems, treatment centers and orthodontic products.

Principal Measurements

The principal measurements used by the Company in evaluating its business are: (1) constant currency sales growth by segment and geographic region; (2) internal sales growth by segment and geographic region; and (3) adjusted operating income and margins of each reportable segment, which excludes the impacts of purchase accounting, corporate expenses, and certain other items to enhance the comparability of results period to period. These principal measurements are not calculated in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; therefore, these items represent non-US GAAP ("non-US GAAP") measures. These non-US GAAP measures may differ from other companies and should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with US GAAP.

The Company defines "constant currency sales growth" as the increase or decrease in net sales from period to period excluding precious metal content and the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. This impact is calculated by comparing current-period revenues to prior-period revenues, with both periods converted at the U.S. dollar to local currency average foreign exchange rate for each month of the prior period, for the currencies in which the Company does business. The Company defines "internal sales growth" as constant currency sales growth excluding the impacts of net acquisitions and divestitures, merger accounting impacts and discontinued products.

Business Drivers

The primary drivers of internal growth include macroeconomic factors, global dental market growth, innovation and new product launches by the Company, as well as continued investments in sales and marketing resources, including clinical education. Management believes that the Company's ability to execute its strategies allows it to grow faster than the underlying dental market.

The Company has a focus on maximizing operational efficiencies on a global basis. The Company has expanded the use of technology as well as process improvement initiatives to enhance global efficiency. In addition, management continues to evaluate the consolidation of operations or functions to reduce costs. The Company believes that the benefits from these global efficiency initiatives will improve the cost structure and help mitigate the impacts of rising costs such as energy, employee benefits and regulatory oversight and compliance.

The Company expects that it will record restructuring charges, from time to time, associated with such initiatives. These restructuring charges could be material to the Company's consolidated financial statements and there can be no assurance that the target adjusted operating income margins will continue to be achieved.

Product innovation is a key component of the Company's overall growth strategy. New advances in technology are anticipated to have a significant influence on future products in the dentistry and consumable medical device markets in which the Company operates. As a result, the Company continues to pursue research and development initiatives to support technological development, including collaborations with various research institutions and dental schools. In addition, the Company licenses and purchases technologies developed by third parties. Although the Company believes these activities will lead to new innovative dental and consumable medical device products, they involve new technologies and there can be no assurance that commercialized products will be developed.

The Company will continue to pursue opportunities to expand the Company's product offerings, technologies and sales and service infrastructure through partnerships and acquisitions. Although the professional dental and the consumable medical device markets in which the Company operates have experienced consolidation, they remain fragmented. Management believes that there will continue to be adequate opportunities to participate as a consolidator in the industry for the foreseeable future.

Impact of Foreign Currencies and Interest Rates

Due to the international nature of Dentsply Sirona's business, movements in foreign exchange and interest rates may impact the Consolidated Statements of Operations. With approximately two thirds of the Company's net sales located in regions outside the United States, the Company's consolidated net sales are impacted negatively by the strengthening or positively impacted by the weakening of the U.S. dollar. Additionally, movements in certain foreign exchange and interest rates may unfavorably or

favorably impact the Company's results of operations, financial condition and liquidity. For the quarter ended March 31, 2016, net sales, excluding precious metal content, were unfavorably impacted by 2.7% and earnings per diluted common share by approximately \$0.04 due to movements in foreign currency exchange rates.

Reclassification of Prior Year Amounts

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior year's data in order to conform to current year presentation. Specifically, during the March 31, 2016 quarter, the Company realigned reporting responsibilities as a result of the merger and changed the management structure. The segment information reflects the revised structure for all periods shown.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS, QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2016 COMPARED TO QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

Net Sales

The discussion below summarizes the Company's sales growth which excludes precious metal content, into the following components: (1) impact of the merger; and (2) the results of the "combined businesses" as if the businesses were merged on January 1, 2015. These disclosures of net sales growth provide the reader with sales results on a comparable basis between periods.

Management believes that the presentation of net sales, excluding precious metal content, provides useful information to investors because a significant portion of Dentsply Sirona's net sales is comprised of sales of precious metals generated through sales of the Company's precious metal dental alloy products, which are used by third parties to construct crown and bridge materials. Due to the fluctuations of precious metal prices and because the cost of the precious metal content of the Company's sales is largely passed through to customers and has minimal effect on earnings, Dentsply Sirona reports net sales both with and without precious metal content to show the Company's performance independent of precious metal price volatility and to enhance comparability of performance between periods. The Company uses its cost of precious metal purchased as a proxy for the precious metal content of sales, as the precious metal content of sales is not separately tracked and invoiced to customers. The Company believes that it is reasonable to use the cost of precious metal content purchased in this manner since precious metal dental alloy sale prices are typically adjusted when the prices of underlying precious metals change.

The presentation of net sales, excluding precious metal content, is considered a measure not calculated in accordance with US GAAP, and is therefore considered a non-US GAAP measure. The Company provides the following reconciliation of net sales to net sales, excluding precious metal content. The Company's definitions and calculations of net sales, excluding precious metal content, and other operating measures derived using net sales, excluding precious metal content, may not necessarily be the same as those used by other companies.

(in millions)	Three Months Ended		\$ Change	% Change
	2016	2015		
Net sales	\$ 772.6	\$ 656.3	\$ 116.3	17.7%
Less: precious metal content of sales	18.1	24.8	(6.7)	(27.0%)
Net sales, excluding precious metal content	\$ 754.5	\$ 631.5	\$ 123.0	19.5%

Net sales, excluding precious metal content, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 were \$754.5 million, an increase of \$123.0 million from the first quarter of 2015, as reported by legacy DENTSPLY. The consolidation of one month of Sirona contributed sales of \$120.1 million for the March 31, 2016 quarter ended. This excludes approximately \$8.8 million of revenue that was eliminated in fair value purchase accounting adjustments to deferred income.

Sales related to precious metal content declined 27.0% in the quarter, reflecting the continuing reduction in the use of precious metal alloys, which negatively impacts both precious metal alloy and also the refinery product lines.

For the full three month period ended March 31, 2016, sales of our combined businesses grew 6.5% on a constant currency basis. This includes a benefit of 1.7% from net acquisitions and was unfavorably impacted by discontinued products by approximately 70 basis points, which leads to internal growth of 5.5%. Net sales, excluding precious metal content, were negatively impacted by approximately 2.6% due to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar over the prior year period. A reconciliation of reported

net sales to net sales, excluding precious metal content, of the combined business for the full three month period ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectfully, is as follows:

(in millions)	Three Months Ended		\$ Change	% Change
	2016	2015		
Net sales	\$ 772.6	\$ 656.3	\$ 116.3	17.7%
Less: precious metal content of sales	18.1	24.8	(6.7)	(27.0%)
Net sales, excluding precious metal content	754.5	631.5	123.0	19.5%
Sirona net sales (a)	160.7	257.3	(96.6)	(37.5%)
Merger related adjustments (b)	8.8	—	8.8	NM
Elimination of intercompany net sales	(0.4)	(0.5)	0.1	(20.0%)
Non-US GAAP combined business, net sales, excluding precious metal content	\$ 923.6	\$ 888.3	\$ 35.3	4.0%

(a) Represents Sirona sales for January and February 2016, and the quarter ended March 31, 2015.

(b) Represents an adjustment to recognize deferred subscription and warranty revenue that was eliminated under business combination accounting standards.

NM - Not meaningful

Sales Growth by Region

Net sales, excluding precious metal content, for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectfully, by geographic region is as follows:

(in millions)	Three Months Ended		\$ Change	% Change
	2016	2015		
United States	\$ 278.4	\$ 238.6	\$ 39.8	16.7%
Europe	299.9	266.2	33.7	12.7%
Rest of World	176.2	126.7	49.5	39.1%

A reconciliation of reported net sales to net sales, excluding precious metal content, of the combined business by geographic region for the full three month period ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectfully, is as follows:

(in millions)	Three Months Ended			Total
	United States	Europe	Rest of World	
Net sales	\$ 279.7	\$ 311.2	\$ 181.7	\$ 772.6
Less: precious metal content of sales	1.3	11.3	5.5	18.1
Net sales, excluding precious metal content	278.4	299.9	176.2	754.5
Sirona net sales (a)	60.5	48.2	52.0	160.7
Merger related adjustments (b)	8.8	—	—	8.8
Elimination of intercompany net sales	(0.1)	(0.3)	—	(0.4)
Non-US GAAP combined business, net sales, excluding precious metal content	\$ 347.6	\$ 347.8	\$ 228.2	\$ 923.6

(a) Represents Sirona sales for January and February 2016.

(b) Represents an adjustment to recognize deferred subscription and warranty revenue that was eliminated under business combination accounting standards.

(in millions)	Three Months Ended			
	March 31, 2015			
	United States	Europe	Rest of World	Total
Net sales	\$ 240.7	\$ 282.2	\$ 133.4	\$ 656.3
Less: precious metal content of sales	2.1	16.0	6.7	24.8
Net sales, excluding precious metal content	238.6	266.2	126.7	631.5
Sirona net sales (a)	81.2	81.0	95.1	257.3
Elimination of intercompany net sales	(0.1)	(0.6)	0.2	(0.5)
Non-US GAAP combined business, net sales, excluding precious metal content	\$ 319.7	\$ 346.6	\$ 222.0	\$ 888.3

(a) Represents Sirona sales for the quarter ended March 31, 2015.

United States

Reported net sales, excluding precious metal content, increased by 16.7% in the first quarter of 2016 as compared to the first quarter of 2015. This increase reflects sales of \$33.4 million as a result of the consolidation of the Sirona businesses for one month. This excludes approximately \$8.8 million of revenue that was eliminated in fair value purchase accounting adjustments to deferred income.

For the full three month period ended March 31, 2016, sales of our combined businesses grew 8.8% on a constant currency basis. This includes a benefit of 3.6% from net acquisitions and was unfavorably impacted by discontinued products by approximately 50 basis points, which results in internal growth of 5.7%. Both segments generated positive internal sales growth in the March 2016 quarter, led by the Technologies segment.

Europe

Reported net sales, excluding precious metal content, increased by 12.7% in the first quarter of 2016 as compared to the first quarter of 2015. This increase reflects sales of \$39.4 million as a result of the consolidation of the Sirona businesses for one month.

For the full three month period ended March 31, 2016, sales of our combined businesses grew 3.2% on a constant currency basis. This includes an unfavorable impact of discontinued products of approximately 90 basis points, which results in internal growth of 4.1%. Net sales, excluding precious metal content, were negatively impacted by approximately 2.8% due to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar over the prior year period. Internal sales growth in Europe was balanced across both segments.

Rest of World

Reported net sales, excluding precious metal content, increased by 39.1% in the first quarter of 2016 as compared to the first quarter of 2015. This increase reflects sales of \$47.3 million as a result of the consolidation of the Sirona businesses for one month.

For the full three month period ended March 31, 2016, sales of our combined businesses grew 8.4% on a constant currency basis. This includes a benefit of 1.4% from net acquisitions and was unfavorably impacted by discontinued products by approximately 40 basis points, which results in internal growth of 7.5%. Net sales, excluding precious metal content, were negatively impacted by approximately 5.6% due to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar over the prior year period. Internal sales growth in Rest of World region was led by increased demand in the Technologies segment.

Gross Profit

(in millions)	Three Months Ended			
	March 31,		\$ Change	% Change
2016	2015			
Gross profit	\$ 418.9	\$ 373.4	\$ 45.5	12.2%
Gross profit as a percentage of net sales, including precious metal content	54.2%	56.9%		
Gross profit as a percentage of net sales, excluding precious metal content	55.5%	59.1%		

Gross profit as a percentage of net sales, excluding precious metal content, decreased by 360 basis points for the quarter ended March 31, 2016 as compared to the same three month period ended March 31, 2015. The roll-off of merger related fair value adjustments negatively impacted the gross profit rate by approximately 500 basis points. The Company generated benefits from its global efficiency program, which was partially offset by negative foreign currency impacts during the quarter ended March 31, 2016.

Operating Expenses

(in millions)	Three Months Ended			
	March 31,		\$ Change	% Change
2016	2015			
Selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A")	\$ 342.1	\$ 270.3	\$ 71.8	26.6%
Restructuring and other costs	4.1	5.4	(1.3)	(24.1%)
SG&A as a percentage of net sales, including precious metal content	44.3%	41.2%		
SG&A as a percentage of net sales, excluding precious metal content	45.3%	42.8%		

SG&A Expenses

SG&A expenses, including research and developing expenses, as a percentage of net sales, excluding precious metal content, for the quarter ended March 31, 2016 increased 250 basis points compared to the quarter ended March 31, 2015. Merger related expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2016 negatively impacted the rate by approximately 500 basis points, partially offset by savings from the global efficiency program and the consolidation of Sirona. SG&A expenses were favorably impacted by foreign currency translation of approximately 100 basis points during the quarter ended March 31, 2016.

Restructuring and Other Costs

The Company recorded net restructuring and other costs of \$4.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to \$5.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

Other Income and Expense

(in millions)	Three Months Ended March 31,			Change
	2016	2015		
Net interest expense	\$ 8.7	\$ 10.0	\$ (1.3)	
Other expense (income), net	(3.4)	0.5	(3.9)	
Net interest and other expense	\$ 5.3	\$ 10.5	\$ (5.2)	

Net Interest Expense

Net interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2016 was \$1.3 million lower compared to the three months ended

March 31, 2015. The net decrease is a result of lower average debt levels in 2016 compared to the prior year period resulting in a decrease of \$1.9 million in interest expense combined with lower interest income of \$0.2 million.

Other Expense (Income), Net

Other expense (income), net in the first quarter of 2016 was income of \$3.4 million, comprised primarily of non-operating income of \$5.7 million, including a \$4.9 million gain on the sale of a business operation, partially offset by \$2.3 million of currency transaction losses. Other expense (income), net in the three months ended March 31, 2015 was expense of \$0.5 million, comprised of \$0.3 million of currency transaction gains offset by \$0.8 million of non-operating expenses.

Income Taxes and Net Income

(in millions, except per share data)	Three Months Ended March 31,		\$ Change
	2016	2015	
(Benefit) provision for income taxes	\$ (57.9)	\$ 18.9	NM
Effective income tax rate	NM	21.7%	
Equity in net income (loss) of unconsolidated affiliated company	\$ —	\$ (4.3)	\$ 4.3
Net income attributable to Dentsply Sirona	\$ 125.0	\$ 64.0	\$ 61.0
Earnings per common share - diluted	\$ 0.70	\$ 0.45	

NM - Not meaningful

Provision for Income Taxes

For the three months ended March 31, 2016, income taxes were a net benefit of \$57.9 million. During the quarter the Company recorded a tax benefit from the release of a valuation allowance on previously unrecognized tax assets related to foreign interest deduction carryforwards of a non-U.S. legacy DENTSPLY subsidiary of approximately \$76.1 million, resulting from the merger. The Company also recorded \$4.1 million of tax expense related to other discrete tax matters. Excluding the impact of these tax matters, the Company's effective tax rate was 20.9%. In addition, the effective tax rate was favorably impacted by the Company's change in the mix of consolidated earnings.

The Company's effective income tax rate for the first quarter of 2016 included the net impact of business combination related costs and fair value adjustments, amortization of purchased intangible assets, restructuring, restructuring program related costs and other costs, credit risk and fair value adjustments and income tax related adjustments which impacted income before income taxes and the benefit for income taxes by \$91.9 million and \$94.5 million, respectively.

In the first quarter of 2015, the Company's effective income tax rate included the net impact of, amortization of purchased intangible assets, credit risk and fair value adjustments, restructuring, restructuring program related costs and other costs, business combination related costs and fair value adjustments and income tax related adjustments which impacted income before income taxes and the provision for income taxes by \$21.6 million and \$6.1 million, respectively.

Net Income attributable to Dentsply Sirona

In addition to the results reported in accordance with US GAAP, the Company provides adjusted net income attributable to Dentsply Sirona and adjusted earnings per diluted common share ("adjusted EPS"). The Company discloses adjusted net income attributable to Dentsply Sirona to allow investors to evaluate the performance of the Company's operations exclusive of certain items that impact the comparability of results from period to period and may not be indicative of past or future performance of the normal operations of the Company and certain large non-cash charges related to intangible assets either purchased or acquired through a business combination. The Company believes that this information is helpful in understanding underlying operating trends and cash flow generation.

Adjusted net income and adjusted EPS are important internal measures for the Company. Senior management receives a monthly analysis of operating results that includes adjusted net income and adjusted EPS and the performance of the Company is measured on this basis along with other performance metrics.

The adjusted net income attributable to Dentsply Sirona consists of net income attributable to Dentsply Sirona adjusted to exclude the net of tax impact of the following:

(1) *Business combination related costs and fair value adjustments.* These adjustments include costs related to integrating and consummating mergers and recently acquired businesses, as well as costs, gains and losses related to the disposal of businesses or product lines. In addition, this category includes the roll off to the consolidated statement of operations of fair value adjustments related to business combinations, except for amortization expense noted below. These items are irregular in timing and as such may not be indicative of past and future performance of the Company and are therefore excluded to allow investors to better understand underlying operating trends.

(2) *Restructuring program related costs and other costs.* These adjustments include costs related to the implementation of restructuring initiatives as well as certain other costs. These costs can include, but are not limited to, severance costs, facility closure costs, lease and contract terminations costs, related professional service costs, duplicate facility and labor costs associated with specific restructuring initiatives, as well as, legal settlements and impairments of assets. These items are irregular in timing, amount and impact to the Company's financial performance. As such, these items may not be indicative of past and future performance of the Company and are therefore excluded for the purpose of understanding underlying operating trends.

(3) *Amortization of purchased intangible assets.* This adjustment excludes the periodic amortization expense related to purchased intangible assets. Amortization expense has been excluded from adjusted net income attributed to Dentsply Sirona to allow investors to evaluate and understand operating trends excluding these large non-cash charges.

(4) *Credit risk and fair value adjustments.* These adjustments include both the cost and income impacts of adjustments in certain assets and liabilities including the Company's pension obligations, that are recorded through net income which are due solely to the changes in fair value and credit risk. These items can be variable and driven more by market conditions than the Company's operating performance. As such, these items may not be indicative of past and future performance of the Company and therefore are excluded for comparability purposes.

(5) *Certain fair value adjustments related to an unconsolidated affiliated company.* This adjustment represents the fair value adjustment of the unconsolidated affiliated company's convertible debt instrument held by the Company. The affiliate is accounted for under the equity method of accounting. The fair value adjustment is driven by open market pricing of the affiliate's equity instruments, which has a high degree of variability and may not be indicative of the operating performance of the affiliate or the Company.

(6) *Income tax related adjustments.* These adjustments include both income tax expenses and income tax benefits that are representative of income tax adjustments mostly related to prior periods, as well as the final settlement of income tax audits, and discrete tax items resulting from the implementation of restructuring initiatives. These adjustments are irregular in timing and amount and may significantly impact the Company's operating performance. As such, these items may not be indicative of past and future performance of the Company and therefore are excluded for comparability purposes.

Adjusted earnings per diluted common share is calculated by dividing adjusted net income attributable to Dentsply Sirona by diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding. Adjusted net income attributable to Dentsply Sirona and adjusted earnings per diluted common share are considered measures not calculated in accordance with US GAAP, and therefore are non-US GAAP measures. These non-US GAAP measures may differ from other companies. Income tax related adjustments may include the impact to adjust the interim effective income tax rate to the expected annual effective tax rate. The non-US GAAP financial information should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with US GAAP.

(in millions, except per share amounts)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016	
	Net Income	Per Diluted Common Share
Net income attributable to Dentsply Sirona	\$ 125.0	\$ 0.70
Business combination related costs and fair value adjustments, net of tax	54.3	0.30
Amortization of purchased intangible assets, net of tax	15.5	0.10
Credit risk and fair value adjustments, net of tax	0.7	—
Restructuring program related costs and other costs, net of tax	(1.3)	(0.01)
Income tax related adjustments	(71.8)	(0.40)
Adjusted non-US GAAP earnings	<u>\$ 122.4</u>	<u>\$ 0.69</u>

(in millions, except per share amounts)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2015	
	Net Income	Per Diluted Common Share
Net income attributable to Dentsply Sirona	\$ 64.0	\$ 0.45
Amortization of purchased intangible assets, net of tax	7.6	0.06
Certain fair value adjustments related to an unconsolidated affiliated company, net of tax	4.6	0.03
Restructuring program related costs and other costs, net of tax	4.5	0.03
Credit risk and fair value adjustments, net of tax	2.0	0.01
Business combination related costs and fair value adjustments, net of tax	1.0	—
Income tax related adjustments	0.4	—
Rounding	—	0.01
Adjusted non-US GAAP earnings	<u>\$ 84.1</u>	<u>\$ 0.59</u>

Adjusted Operating Income and Margin

Adjusted operating income and margin is another important internal measure for the Company. Operating income in accordance with US GAAP is adjusted for the items noted above which are excluded on a pre-tax basis to arrive at adjusted operating income, a non-US GAAP measure. The adjusted operating margin is calculated by dividing adjusted operating income by net sales, excluding precious metal content.

Senior management receives a monthly analysis of operating results that includes adjusted operating income. The performance of the Company is measured on this basis along with the adjusted non-US GAAP earnings noted above as well as other performance metrics. Adjusted operating income is considered a measure not calculated in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; therefore, it is a non-US GAAP measure. This non-US GAAP measure may differ from other companies and should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with US GAAP.

(in millions)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016	
	Operating Income	Percentage of Net Sales, Excluding Precious Metal Content
Operating income attributable to Dentsply Sirona	\$ 72.7	9.6%
Business combination related costs and fair value adjustments	68.8	9.0%
Amortization of purchased intangible assets	21.8	2.9%
Restructuring program related costs and other costs	4.9	0.6%
Credit risk and fair value adjustments	1.3	0.1%
Adjusted non-US GAAP Operating Income	\$ 169.5	22.2%

(in millions)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2015	
	Operating Income	Percentage of Net Sales, Excluding Precious Metal Content
Operating income attributable to Dentsply Sirona	\$ 97.7	15.5%
Amortization of purchased intangible assets	10.9	1.8%
Restructuring program related costs and other costs	6.4	1.0%
Credit risk and fair value adjustments	2.0	0.3%
Business combination related costs and fair value adjustments	1.4	0.1%
Adjusted non-US GAAP Operating Income	\$ 118.4	18.7%

Operating Segment Results

Third Party Net Sales, Excluding Precious Metal Content

(in millions)	Three Months Ended March 31,		\$ Change	% Change
	2016	2015		
Dental and Healthcare Consumables	\$ 470.9	\$ 455.5	\$ 15.4	3.4%
Technologies	283.6	176.0	107.6	61.1%

Segment Operating Income

(in millions)	Three Months Ended March 31,		\$ Change	% Change
	2016	2015		
Dental and Healthcare Consumables	\$ 130.8	\$ 113.3	\$ 17.5	15.4%
Technologies	53.8	20.9	32.9	NM

NM - Not meaningful

A reconciliation of reported net sales to net sales, excluding precious metal content, of the combined business by segment for the full three month period ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectfully, is as follows:

(in millions)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016		
	Dental and Healthcare Consumables	Technologies	Total
Net sales	\$ 488.8	\$ 283.8	\$ 772.6
Less: precious metal content of sales	17.9	0.2	18.1
Net sales, excluding precious metal content	470.9	283.6	754.5
Sirona net sales (a)	15.7	145.0	160.7
Merger related adjustments (b)	—	8.8	8.8
Elimination of intercompany net sales	(0.4)	—	(0.4)
Non-US GAAP combined business, net sales, excluding precious metal content	\$ 486.2	\$ 437.4	\$ 923.6

(a) Represents Sirona sales for January and February 2016.

(b) Represents an adjustment to recognize deferred subscription and warranty revenue that was eliminated under business combination accounting standards.

(in millions)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2015		
	Dental and Healthcare Consumables	Technologies	Total
Net sales	\$ 480.1	\$ 176.2	\$ 656.3
Less: precious metal content of sales	24.6	0.2	24.8
Net sales, excluding precious metal content	455.5	176.0	631.5
Sirona net sales (a)	25.7	231.6	257.3
Elimination of intercompany net sales	(0.5)	—	(0.5)
Non-US GAAP combined business, net sales, excluding precious metal content	\$ 480.7	\$ 407.6	\$ 888.3

(a) Represents Sirona sales for the quarter ended March 31, 2015.

Dental and Healthcare Consumables

Reported net sales, excluding precious metal content, increased by 3.4% in the first quarter of 2016 as compared to the first quarter of 2015. This increase reflects sales of \$11.0 million as a result of the consolidation of the Sirona businesses for one month.

For the full three month period ended March 31, 2016, sales of our combined businesses grew 3.9% on a constant currency basis. This includes a benefit of 0.7% from net acquisitions and was unfavorably impacted by discontinued products by approximately 120 basis points, which results in internal growth of 4.5%. Net sales, excluding precious metal content, were negatively impacted by approximately 2.8% due to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar over the prior year period. Sales growth in this segment was equally strong in all regions.

The operating income increase for the three months ended March 31, 2016 as compared to 2015 reflects the savings from the global efficiency program, as well as the impact of the merger.

Technologies

Reported net sales, excluding precious metal content, increased by 61.1% in the first quarter of 2016 as compared to the first quarter of 2015. This increase reflects sales of \$109.1 million as a result of the consolidation of the Sirona businesses for one month. This excludes approximately \$8.8 million of revenue that was eliminated in fair value purchase accounting adjustments to deferred income.

For the full three month period ended March 31, 2016, sales of our combined businesses grew 9.6% on a constant currency basis. This includes a benefit of 2.8% from net acquisitions which results in internal growth of 6.8%. Net sales, excluding precious

metal content, were negatively impacted by approximately 2.3% due to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar over the prior year period. Sales growth in this segment reflects increased demand across all regions with the U.S. and Rest of World regions leading the growth.

The operating income increase for the three months ended March 31, 2016 as compared to 2015 reflects the impact of the merger, as well as savings from global efficiency program.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Except as noted below, there have been no other significant material changes to the critical accounting policies as disclosed in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Annual Goodwill Impairment Testing

Goodwill

Goodwill is not amortized; instead, it is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if indicators of impairment exist or if a decision is made to sell a business. The valuation date for annual impairment testing is April 30.

At March 31, 2016, the Company updated its goodwill impairment testing based on forecasted current year financial performance for three reporting unit within the Dental and Healthcare Consumables Businesses segment (one reporting unit was formerly in the Dental Consumables, Endodontic and Dental Laboratory Businesses segment, one reporting unit was formerly in the Select Developed and Emerging Markets Businesses segment, and one reporting unit was formerly in the Healthcare, Orthodontic and Implant Businesses segment). The assumptions used were substantially consistent as those disclosed within the Company's December 31, 2015 Form 10-K. Based on the Company's update, there have been no material changes to the Company's disclosures in the December 31, 2015 Form 10-K concerning these reporting units.

To the extent that future operating results of these reporting units do not meet the forecasted cash flows the Company can provide no assurance that a future goodwill impairment charge would not be incurred.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Three months ended March 31, 2016

Cash flow from operating activities during the three months ended March 31, 2016 was \$0.7 million compared to \$65.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2015. The year over year decrease in the first three months' cash from operations was primarily related to a \$56.9 million larger increase in accounts receivables due to stronger revenues in the month of March and payment of approximately \$40 million of merger transaction related fees and integration costs. The Company's cash and cash equivalents increased by \$38.5 million to \$323.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2016.

For the three months ended March 31, 2016, the number of days of sales outstanding in accounts receivable increased by one day to 55 days as compared to 54 days at December 31, 2015. On a constant currency basis, the number of days of sales in inventory decreased by one day to 109 days at March 31, 2016 as compared to 110 days at December 31, 2015.

The cash provided by investing activities during the first three months of 2016 included cash acquired in the merger of Sirona of \$522.3 million partially offset by capital expenditures of \$20.8 million. The Company expects capital expenditures to be in the range of approximately \$150.0 million to \$165.0 million for the full year 2016.

The cash used in financing activities during the first three months of 2016 included cash payment for the purchase of treasury stock of \$428.8 million. In addition, the Company paid the final required payment of \$75.0 million under the PPN and debt assumed as part of the merger of \$52.5 million. Proceeds from the issuance of corporate bonds of \$79.9 million were received in the March 2016 quarter, and were used to fund these debt payments.

At March 31, 2016, the Company had authorization to maintain up to 34.0 million shares of treasury stock under the stock repurchase program as approved by the Board of Directors. Under this program, the Company repurchased 8.2 million shares during the first three months of 2016 for \$500.0 million. Cash settlements on these treasury shares purchased were \$71.2 million in April 2016. As of March 31, 2016, the Company held 30.4 million shares of treasury stock. The Company received proceeds of \$7.4 million as a result of the exercise of 0.2 million of stock options during the three months ended March 31, 2016.

The Company's total borrowings increased by a net \$27.0 million during the three months ended March 31, 2016, which includes an increase of \$17.3 million due to exchange rate fluctuations on debt denominated in foreign currencies. At March 31, 2016, the Company's ratio of total net debt to total capitalization was 9.3% compared to 27.1% at December 31, 2015. The Company defines net debt as total debt, including current and long-term portions, less cash and cash equivalents and total capitalization as the sum of net debt plus equity.

On February 19, 2016, the Company issued the following: 11.0 million euros aggregate principal amount bearing interest of 2.05%, Series F Senior Notes due February 19, 2026; 15.0 million euros aggregate principal amount bearing interest of 2.05%, Series G Senior Notes due February 19, 2026; and 45.0 million euros aggregate principal amount bearing interest of 2.45%, Series H Senior Notes due February 19, 2031. Proceeds from the aforementioned Senior Notes were used to pay the final required payment of \$75.0 million under the \$250.0 million PPN that matured February 19, 2016.

On March 16, 2016, the Company terminated Sirona's Senior Facilities Agreement and paid the \$52.5 million Facility A Term Loan that was set to mature November 16, 2016.

The Company is obligated to pay annual principal amortization of \$8.8 million representing a 5% mandatory principal amortization due in each of the first six years under the terms of the PNC Term Loan with a final maturity of August 25, 2020. On August 26, 2015, the Company paid the second required payment of \$8.8 million under the PNC Term Loan. The third annual installment in the amount of \$8.8 million will be due in August 2016 and has been classified as current in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Under its five-year multi-currency revolving credit agreement, the Company is able to borrow up to \$500.0 million through July 23, 2019, and up to \$452.0 million through July 23, 2020. The facility is unsecured and contains certain affirmative and negative covenants relating to the operations and financial condition of the Company. The most restrictive of these covenants pertain to asset dispositions and prescribed ratios of indebtedness to total capital and operating income plus depreciation and amortization to interest expense. At March 31, 2016, the Company was in compliance with these covenants. The Company also has available an aggregate \$500.0 million under a U.S. dollar commercial paper facility. The five-year revolver serves as a back-up to the commercial paper facility, thus the total available credit under the commercial paper facility and the multi-currency revolving credit facilities in the aggregate is \$500.0 million. At March 31, 2016, there were no outstanding borrowings under the multi-currency revolving facility.

The Company also has access to \$62.9 million in uncommitted short-term financing under lines of credit from various financial institutions. The lines of credit have no major restrictions and are provided under demand notes between the Company and the lending institutions. At March 31, 2016, the Company had \$10.7 million outstanding under these short-term lines of credit. At March 31, 2016, the Company had total unused lines of credit related to the revolving credit agreement and the uncommitted short-term lines of credit of \$552.1 million.

At March 31, 2016, the Company held \$40.2 million of precious metals on consignment from several financial institutions. The consignment agreements allow the Company to acquire the precious metal at market rates at a point in time which is approximately the same time and for the same price as alloys are sold to the Company's customers. In the event that the financial institutions would discontinue offering these consignment arrangements, and if the Company could not obtain other comparable arrangements, the Company may be required to obtain third party financing to fund an ownership position in the required precious metal inventory levels.

At March 31, 2016, approximately \$233.9 million of the Company's cash and cash equivalents were held outside of the United States. Most of these balances could be repatriated to the United States, however, under current law, would potentially be subject to U.S. federal income tax, less applicable foreign tax credits. Historically, the Company has generated more than sufficient operating cash flows in the United States to fund domestic operations. Further, the Company expects on an ongoing basis, to be able to finance domestic and international cash requirements, including capital expenditures, stock repurchases, debt service, operating leases and potential future acquisitions, from the funds generated from operations and amounts available under its existing credit facilities. The Company intends to finance the current portion of long-term debt due in 2016 utilizing the available commercial paper and the revolving credit facilities as well as other sources of credit.

There have been no significant material changes to the Company's scheduled contractual cash obligations disclosed in its Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The Company continues to review its debt portfolio and may refinance additional debt in the near-term as interest rates remain at historically low levels.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Refer to Part 1, Item 1, Note 1, Significant Accounting Policies, to the Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of recent accounting standards and pronouncements.

Item 3 – Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

There have been no significant material changes to the market risks as disclosed in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Item 4 – Controls and Procedures

Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of the end of the period covered by this report were effective to provide reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms and that it is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Except for the merger with Sirona, there have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2016, that have materially affected, or are likely to materially affect, its internal control over financial reporting. Management has documented and is in the process of testing Sirona's internal controls over financial reporting, and will incorporate Sirona into its annual assessment of internal control over financial reporting for the Company's year ending December 31, 2016.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1 – Legal Proceedings

Reference to Part I, Item 1, Note 15, Commitments and Contingencies, to the Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 1A – Risk Factors

Except as noted below, there have been no significant material changes to the risk factors as disclosed in the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The following are significant risk factors that could materially impact our business, financial condition or future results. The order in which these factors appear should not be construed to indicate their relative importance or priority. For purposes of these risk factors, the "Merger" refers to the merger contemplated by that certain Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated September 15, 2015, by and between DENTSPLY and Sirona, which became effective on February 29, 2016.

Dentsply Sirona may be unable to integrate successfully DENTSPLY's and Sirona's businesses and realize the anticipated benefits of the Merger.

The success of the Merger will depend, in large part, on the ability of the Dentsply Sirona to realize the anticipated benefits, including cost savings, from combining DENTSPLY and Sirona's businesses. To realize these anticipated benefits, DENTSPLY and Sirona's businesses must be successfully integrated. This integration will be complex and time consuming. The failure to integrate successfully and to manage successfully the challenges presented by the integration process may result in Dentsply Sirona not fully achieving the anticipated benefits of the Merger. Potential difficulties Dentsply Sirona may encounter as part of the integration process include, but are not limited to, the following:

- the inability to successfully combine DENTSPLY and Sirona's businesses in a manner that permits Dentsply Sirona to achieve the full revenue and cost synergies anticipated to result from the Merger;
- complexities associated with managing the combined businesses, including the challenge of integrating complex systems, technology, networks and other assets of each of the companies in a seamless manner that minimizes any adverse impact on customers, suppliers, employees and other constituencies;
- coordinating geographically separated organizations, systems and facilities;
- addressing possible differences in business backgrounds, corporate cultures and management philosophies;
- integrating the workforces of the two companies while maintaining focus on providing consistent, high quality customer service;
- potential unknown liabilities and unforeseen increased or new expenses, delays or regulatory conditions associated with the Merger;
- Dentsply Sirona's current and prospective employees may experience uncertainty about their roles within Dentsply Sirona following the Merger, which may have an adverse effect on the ability of Dentsply Sirona to attract or retain key management and other key personnel; and
- No assurance can be given that Dentsply Sirona will be able to attract or retain key management personnel and other key employees to the same extent that the Company and Sirona have previously been able to attract or retain employees, which could have a negative impact on their respective businesses.

In addition, given that DENTSPLY and Sirona operated independently until the completion of the Merger, it is possible that the integration process could result in:

- diversion of the attention of Dentsply Sirona's management;
- disruption of existing relationships with distributors, suppliers and other manufacturers in the industry that drive a substantial amount of revenues to Dentsply Sirona; and
- the disruption of, or the loss of momentum in, Dentsply Sirona's ongoing businesses or inconsistencies in standards, controls, procedures and policies, any of which could adversely affect Dentsply Sirona's ability to maintain relationships with customers, suppliers, employees and other constituencies, Dentsply Sirona's ability to achieve the anticipated benefits of the Merger, or which could reduce Dentsply Sirona's earnings or otherwise adversely affect the business and financial results of Dentsply Sirona.

The future results of Dentsply Sirona will suffer if Dentsply Sirona does not effectively manage its expanded operations following the Merger.

The size of the business of the Dentsply Sirona will increase significantly beyond the size of either DENTSPLY or Sirona's business prior to the Merger. Dentsply Sirona's future success depends, in part, upon its ability to manage this expanded business, which will pose substantial challenges for management, including challenges related to the management and monitoring of new operations and associated increased costs and complexity. There can be no assurances that Dentsply Sirona will be successful or that it will realize the expected operating efficiencies, cost savings, revenue enhancements and other benefits currently anticipated from the Merger.

Negative changes could occur in the dental or medical device markets, the general economic environments, or government reimbursement or regulatory programs of the regions in which the Company operates.

The success of the Company is largely dependent upon the continued strength of dental and medical device markets and is also somewhat dependent upon the general economic environments of the regions in which Dentsply Sirona operates. Negative changes to these markets and economies could materially impact the Company's results of operations and financial condition. In many markets, dental reimbursement is largely out of pocket for the consumer and thus utilization rates can vary significantly depending on economic growth. For instance, data suggests that the utilization of dental services by working age adults in the U.S. may have declined over the last several years. Additionally, there is also uncertainty as to what impact the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act, each enacted in March 2010, (the "Health Care Reform Law"), may have on dental utilization in the U.S. The Health Care Reform Law significantly expands health insurance coverage to uninsured Americans and changes the way health care is financed by both governmental and private payers. We expect expansion of access to health insurance to increase the demand for Dentsply Sirona products and services, but other provisions of the Health Care Reform Law could affect us adversely. Additionally, further federal and state proposals for health care reform are likely. We cannot predict what further reform proposals, if any, will be adopted, when they may be adopted, or what impact they may have on us. The Health Care Reform Law contains many provisions designed to generate the revenues necessary to fund the coverage expansions and to reduce costs of Medicare and Medicaid, including imposing a 2.3% excise tax on domestic sales of many medical devices by manufacturers and importers that began in 2013, which may adversely affect sales and cost of goods sold. In certain markets, particularly in the European Union, government and regulatory programs have a more significant impact than in other markets. Changes to these programs could have a positive or negative impact on the Company's results.

A Health Care Reform Law provision, generally referred to as the Physician Payment Sunshine Act or Open Payments Program, has imposed new reporting and disclosure requirements for drug and device manufacturers with regard to payments or other transfers of value made to certain practitioners (including physicians, dentists and teaching hospitals), and for such manufacturers and for group purchasing organizations, with regard to certain ownership interests held by physicians in the reporting entity. On February 1, 2013, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ("CMS") released the final rule to implement the Physician Payment Sunshine Act. We published our first disclosure report in March 2015. As required under the Physician Payment Sunshine Act, CMS will publish information from these reports on a publicly available website, including amounts transferred and physician, dentist and teaching hospital identities.

The final rule implementing the Physician Payment Sunshine Act is complex, ambiguous, and broad in scope. CMS commentary on the final rule and more recent CMS communications indicate that wholesale drug and device distributors which take title to such products are to be treated as "applicable manufacturers" subject to full reporting requirements. In addition, certain of Dentsply Sirona subsidiaries manufacture devices. Accordingly, we are required to collect and report detailed information regarding certain financial relationships we have with dentists and teaching hospitals. The Physician Payment Sunshine Act preempts similar state reporting laws, although Dentsply Sirona or Dentsply Sirona subsidiaries may be required to continue to report under certain of such state laws. While we have substantially compliant programs and controls in place to comply with the Physician Payment Sunshine Act requirements, Dentsply Sirona compliance with the final rule imposes additional costs on us.

Prolonged negative economic conditions in domestic and global markets may adversely affect the Company's suppliers and customers and consumers, which could harm the Company's financial position.

Prolonged negative changes in domestic and global economic conditions or disruptions of either or both of the financial and credit markets may affect the Company's supply chain and the customers and consumers of the Company's products and may have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, financial condition and liquidity.

Due to the Company's international operations, the Company is exposed to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates.

Due to the international nature of Dentsply Sirona's business, movements in foreign exchange rates may impact the consolidated statements of operations. With approximately two-thirds of the Company's sales located in regions outside the U.S., the Company's consolidated net sales are impacted negatively by the strengthening or positively by the weakening of the U.S. dollar. Additionally, movements in certain foreign exchange rates may unfavorably or favorably impact the Company's results of operations, financial condition and liquidity as a number of the Company's manufacturing and distribution operations are located outside of the U.S. Changes in exchange rates may have a negative effect on the Company's customers' access to credit as well as on the underlying strength of particular economies and dental markets. Although the Company may use certain financial instruments to attempt to mitigate market fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, there can be no assurance that such measures will be effective or that they will not create additional financial obligations on the Company.

Dentsply Sirona hedging and cash management transactions may expose Dentsply Sirona to loss or limit Dentsply Sirona's potential gains.

As part of Dentsply Sirona's risk management program, we use foreign currency exchange forward contracts. While intended to reduce the effects of exchange rate fluctuations, these transactions may limit Dentsply Sirona's potential gains or expose Dentsply Sirona to loss. Should Dentsply Sirona's counterparties to such transactions or the sponsors of the exchanges through which these transactions are offered fail to honor their obligations due to financial distress or otherwise, we would be exposed to potential losses or the inability to recover anticipated gains from these transactions.

We enter into foreign currency exchange forward contracts as economic hedges of trade commitments or anticipated commitments denominated in currencies other than the functional currency to mitigate the effects of changes in currency rates. Although we do not enter into these instruments for trading purposes or speculation, and although Dentsply Sirona's management believes all of these instruments are economically effective as hedges of underlying physical transactions, these foreign exchange commitments are dependent on timely performance by Dentsply Sirona's counterparties. Their failure to perform could result in Dentsply Sirona having to close these hedges without the anticipated underlying transaction and could result in losses if foreign currency exchange rates have changed.

We enter into interest rate swap agreements from time to time to manage some of Dentsply Sirona's exposure to interest rate volatility. These swap agreements involve risks, such as the risk that counterparties may fail to honor their obligations under these arrangements. In addition, these arrangements may not be effective in reducing Dentsply Sirona's exposure to changes in interest rates. If such events occur, Dentsply Sirona's results of operations may be adversely affected.

Most of Dentsply Sirona's cash deposited with banks is not insured and would be subject to the risk of bank failure. Dentsply Sirona's total liquidity also depends in part on the availability of funds under Dentsply Sirona's multi-currency revolving credit facility. The failure of any bank in which we deposit Dentsply Sirona's funds or that is part of Dentsply Sirona's multi-currency revolving credit facility could reduce the amount of cash we have available for operations and additional investments in Dentsply Sirona's business.

Volatility in the capital markets or investment vehicles could limit the Company's ability to access capital or could raise the cost of capital.

Although the Company continues to have positive operating cash flow, a disruption in the credit markets may reduce sources of liquidity available to the Company. The Company relies on multiple financial institutions to provide funding pursuant to existing and/or future credit agreements, and those institutions may not be able to provide funding in a timely manner, or at all, when required by the Company. The cost of or lack of available credit could impact the Company's ability to develop sufficient liquidity to maintain or grow the Company, which in turn may adversely affect the Company's businesses and results of operations, financial condition and liquidity.

The Company also manages cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments through various institutions. There may be a risk of loss on investments based on the volatility of the underlying instruments that would not allow the Company to recover the full principal of its investments.

The Company may not be able to access or renew its precious metal consignment facilities resulting in a liquidity constraint equal to the fair market value of the precious metal value of inventory and would subject the Company to inventory valuation risk as the value of the precious metal inventory fluctuates resulting in greater volatility to reported earnings.

The Company's quarterly operating results and market price for the Company's common stock may be volatile.

Dentsply Sirona experiences fluctuations in quarterly sales and earnings due to a number of factors, many of which are substantially outside of the Company's control, including but not limited to:

- The timing of new product introductions by Dentsply Sirona and its competitors;
- Timing of industry trade shows;
- Changes in customer inventory levels;
- Developments in government reimbursement policies;
- Changes in customer preferences and product mix;
- The Company's ability to supply products to meet customer demand;
- Fluctuations in manufacturing costs;
- Changes in income tax laws and incentives which could create adverse tax consequences;
- Fluctuations in currency exchange rates; and
- General economic conditions, as well as those specific to the healthcare and related industries.

As a result, the Company may fail to meet the expectations of securities analysts and investors, which could cause its stock price to decline. Quarterly fluctuations generally result in net sales and operating profits historically being higher in the second and fourth quarters. The Company typically implements most of its price changes early in the fourth quarter or beginning of the year. These price changes, other marketing and promotional programs, which are offered to customers from time to time in the ordinary course of business, the management of inventory levels by distributors and the implementation of strategic initiatives, may impact sales levels in a given period. Net sales and operating profits generally have been lower in the first and third quarters, primarily due not only to increased sales in the quarters preceding these quarters, but also due to the impact of holidays and vacations, particularly throughout Europe.

In addition to fluctuations in quarterly earnings, a variety of other factors may have a significant impact on the market price of Dentsply Sirona's common stock causing volatility. These factors include, but are not limited to, the publication of earnings estimates or other research reports and speculation in the press or investment community; changes in the Company's industry and competitors; the Company's financial condition and cash flows; any future issuances of Dentsply Sirona's common stock, which may include primary offerings for cash, stock splits, issuances in connection with business acquisitions, restricted stock and the grant or exercise of stock options from time to time; general market and economic conditions; and any outbreak or escalation of hostilities in geographical areas in which the Company does business.

Also, the NASDAQ National Market ("NASDAQ") can experience extreme price and volume fluctuations that can be unrelated or disproportionate to the operating performance of the companies listed on the NASDAQ. Broad market and industry factors may negatively affect the market price of the Company's common stock, regardless of actual operating performance. In the past, following periods of volatility in the market price of a company's securities, securities class action litigation has often been instituted against companies. This type of litigation, if instituted, could result in substantial costs and a diversion of management's attention and resources, which could harm the Company's business.

The dental and medical device supplies markets are highly competitive and there is no guarantee that the Company can compete successfully.

The worldwide markets for dental and medical products are highly competitive. There can be no assurance that the Company will successfully identify new product opportunities and develop and market new products successfully, or that new products and technologies introduced by competitors will not render the Company's products obsolete or noncompetitive. Additionally, the size and number of the Company's competitors vary by product line and from region to region. There are many companies that produce some, but not all, of the same types of products as those produced by the Company. Certain of Dentsply Sirona's competitors may have greater resources than the Company. In addition, the Company is exposed to the risk that its competitors or its customers may introduce private label, generic, or low cost products that compete with the Company's products at lower price points. If these competitors' products capture significant market share or result in a decrease in market prices overall, this could have a negative impact on the Company's results of operations and financial condition.

The Company may be unable to develop innovative products or obtain regulatory approval for new products.

The market for Dentsply Sirona's products is characterized by rapid and significant technological change, new intellectual property associated with that technological change, evolving industry standards, and new product introductions. Additionally, Dentsply Sirona's patent portfolio continues to change with patents expiring through the normal course of their life. There can be

no assurance that Dentsply Sirona's products will not lose their competitive advantage or become noncompetitive or obsolete as a result of such factors, or that we will be able to generate any economic return on the Company's investment in product development. If the Company's products or technologies lose their competitive advantage or become noncompetitive or obsolete, Dentsply Sirona's business could be negatively affected.

Dentsply Sirona has identified new products as an important part of its growth opportunities. There can be no assurance that Dentsply Sirona will be able to continue to develop innovative products and that regulatory approval of any new products will be obtained from applicable U.S. or international government or regulatory authorities, or that if such approvals are obtained, such products will be favorably accepted in the marketplace. Additionally, there is no assurance that entirely new technology or approaches to dental treatment or competitors' new products will not be introduced that could render the Company's products obsolete.

Dentsply Sirona's business is subject to extensive, complex and changing laws, regulations and orders that failure to comply with could subject us to civil or criminal penalties or other liabilities.

Dentsply Sirona is subject to extensive laws, regulations and orders which are administered by various international, federal and state governmental authorities, including, among others, the FDA, the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the United States Department of the Treasury ("OFAC"), the Bureau of Industry and Security of the United States Department of Commerce ("BIS"), the United States Federal Trade Commission, the United States Department of Justice and other similar domestic and foreign authorities. These regulations include, but are not limited to, the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (the "FCPA") and similar international anti-bribery laws, the U.S. Federal Anti-Kickback Statute, the Physician Payments Sunshine Act, regulations concerning the supply of conflict minerals, various environmental regulations and regulations relating to trade, import and export controls and economic sanctions. Such laws, regulations and orders may be complex and are subject to change.

Compliance with the numerous applicable existing and new laws, regulations and orders could require us to incur substantial regulatory compliance costs. Although the Company has implemented policies and procedures to comply with applicable laws, regulations and orders, there can be no assurance that governmental authorities will not raise compliance concerns or perform audits to confirm compliance with such laws, regulations and orders. Failure to comply with applicable laws, regulations or orders could result in a range of governmental enforcement actions, including fines or penalties, injunctions and/or criminal or other civil proceedings. Any such actions could result in higher than anticipated costs or lower than anticipated revenue and could have a material adverse effect on the Company's reputation, business, financial condition and results of operations.

In 2012, the Company received subpoenas from the United States Attorney's Office for the Southern District of Indiana (the "USAO") and from OFAC requesting documents and information related to compliance with export controls and economic sanctions regulations by certain of its subsidiaries. The Company also voluntarily contacted OFAC and BIS regarding compliance with export controls and economic sanctions regulations by certain other business units of the Company identified in an ongoing internal review by the Company. The Company is cooperating with the USAO, OFAC and BIS with respect to these matters.

Dentsply Sirona may be exposed to liabilities under the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, and any determination that Dentsply Sirona violated the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act could have a material adverse effect on Dentsply Sirona's business.

To the extent that Dentsply Sirona operates outside the United States, Dentsply Sirona is subject to the FCPA which generally prohibits U.S. companies and their intermediaries from bribing foreign officials for the purpose of obtaining or keeping business or otherwise obtaining favorable treatment. In particular, Dentsply Sirona may be held liable for actions taken by Dentsply Sirona's strategic or local partners even though such partners are foreign companies that are not subject to the FCPA. Any determination that Dentsply Sirona violated the FCPA could result in sanctions that could have a material adverse effect on Dentsply Sirona's business.

If we fail to comply with laws and regulations relating to health care fraud, we could suffer penalties or be required to make significant changes to Dentsply Sirona's operations, which could adversely affect Dentsply Sirona's business.

Dentsply Sirona is subject to federal and state (and similar foreign) laws and regulations relating to health care fraud. Some of these laws, referred to as "false claims laws," prohibit the submission or causing the submission of false or fraudulent claims for reimbursement to federal, state and other health care payers and programs. Other laws, referred to as "anti-kickback laws," prohibit soliciting, offering, receiving or paying remuneration in order to induce the referral of a patient or ordering, purchasing, leasing or arranging for or recommending ordering, purchasing or leasing, of items or services that are paid for by federal, state and other health care payers and programs.

The government has expressed concerns about financial relationships between suppliers on the one hand and physicians and dentists on the other. As a result, we regularly review and revise Dentsply Sirona's marketing practices as necessary to facilitate compliance. In addition, under the reporting and disclosure obligations of the Physician Payment Sunshine Act, the general public and government officials will be provided with new access to detailed information with regard to payments or other transfers of value to certain practitioners (including physicians, dentists and teaching hospitals) by applicable drug and device manufacturers subject to such reporting and disclosure obligations, which includes us. This information may lead to greater scrutiny, which may result in modifications to established practices and additional costs.

Failure to comply with health care fraud laws and regulations could result in significant civil and criminal penalties and costs, including the loss of licenses and the ability to participate in federal and state health care programs, and could have a material adverse impact on Dentsply Sirona's business. Also, these laws may be interpreted or applied by a prosecutorial, regulatory or judicial authority in a manner that could require Dentsply Sirona to make changes in Dentsply Sirona's operations or incur substantial defense and settlement expenses. Even unsuccessful challenges by regulatory authorities or private relators could result in reputational harm and the incurring of substantial costs. In addition, many of these laws are vague or indefinite and have not been interpreted by the courts, and have been subject to frequent modification and varied interpretation by prosecutorial, regulatory authorities, increasing compliance risks.

While we believe that we are substantially compliant with the foregoing laws and regulations promulgated thereunder, and have adequate compliance programs and controls in place to ensure substantial compliance, we cannot predict whether changes in applicable law, or interpretation of laws, or changes in Dentsply Sirona's services or marketing practices in response, could adversely affect Dentsply Sirona's business.

Regulations related to conflict minerals could adversely impact Dentsply Sirona's business.

The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act contains provisions designed to improve transparency and accountability concerning the supply of certain minerals, known as conflict minerals, originating from the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC) and adjoining countries. As a result, in August 2012 the SEC adopted annual disclosure and reporting requirements for those companies who use conflict minerals mined from the DRC and adjoining countries in their products. There are additional costs associated with complying with these disclosure requirements, including for diligence to determine the sources of conflict minerals used in Dentsply Sirona's products and other potential changes to products, processes or sources of supply as a consequence of such verification activities. The implementation of these rules could adversely affect the sourcing, supply, and pricing of materials used in Dentsply Sirona's products. As there may be only a limited number of suppliers offering conflict-free minerals, we cannot be sure that we will be able to obtain necessary conflict minerals from such suppliers in sufficient quantities or at competitive prices. Also, we may face reputational challenges if we determine that certain of Dentsply Sirona's products contain minerals not determined to be conflict free or if we are unable to sufficiently verify the origins for all conflict minerals used in Dentsply Sirona's products through the procedures we may implement.

The Company may fail to realize the expected benefits of its cost reduction and restructuring efforts.

In order to operate more efficiently and control costs, the Company may announce from time to time restructuring plans, including workforce reductions, global facility consolidations and other cost reduction initiatives that are intended to generate operating expense or cost of goods sold savings through direct and indirect overhead expense reductions as well as other savings. Due to the complexities inherent in implementing these types of cost reduction and restructuring activities, and the quarterly phasing of related investments, the Company may fail to realize expected efficiencies and benefits, or may experience a delay in realizing such efficiencies and benefits, and its operations and business could be disrupted. Company management may be required to divert their focus to managing these disruptions, and implementation may require the agreement of the Company's labor unions. Risks associated with these actions and other workforce management issues include delays in implementation of anticipated workforce reductions, additional unexpected costs, changes in restructuring plans that increase or decrease the number of employees affected, negative impact on the Company's relationship with labor unions, adverse effects on employee morale, and the failure to meet operational targets due to the loss of employees, any of which may impair the Company's ability to achieve anticipated cost reductions or may otherwise harm its business, and could have a material adverse effect on its competitive position, results of operations, cash flows or financial condition.

The Company may be unable to obtain a supply for certain finished goods purchased from third parties.

A significant portion of the Company's injectable anesthetic products, orthodontic products, certain dental cutting instruments, catheters, nickel titanium products and certain other products and raw materials are purchased from a limited number of suppliers and in certain cases single source suppliers, some of which may also compete with the Company. As there are a limited number of suppliers for these products, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain an adequate supply of these

products and raw materials in the future. Any delays in delivery of or shortages in these products could interrupt and delay manufacturing of the Company's products and result in the cancellation of orders for these products. In addition, these suppliers could discontinue the manufacture or supply of these products to the Company at any time or supply products to competitors. Dentsply Sirona may not be able to identify and integrate alternative sources of supply in a timely fashion or at all. Any transition to alternate suppliers may result in delays in shipment and increased expenses and may limit the Company's ability to deliver products to customers. If the Company is unable to develop reasonably priced alternative sources in a timely manner, or if the Company encounters delays or other difficulties in the supply or manufacturing of such products and other materials internally or from third parties, the Company's business and results of operations may be harmed.

Dentsply Sirona may be unable to obtain necessary product approvals and marketing clearances.

Dentsply Sirona must obtain certain approvals by, and marketing clearances from, governmental authorities, including the FDA and similar health authorities in foreign countries to market and sell Dentsply Sirona's products in those countries. These regulatory agencies regulate the marketing, manufacturing, labeling, packaging, advertising, sale and distribution of medical devices. The FDA enforces additional regulations regarding the safety of X-ray emitting devices. Dentsply Sirona's products are currently regulated by such authorities and certain of Dentsply Sirona's new products will require approval by, or marketing clearance from, various governmental authorities, including the FDA. Various states also impose similar regulations.

The FDA review process typically requires extended proceedings pertaining to the safety and efficacy of new products. A 510(k) application is required in order to market a new or modified medical device. If specifically required by the FDA, a pre-market approval, or PMA, may be necessary. Such proceedings, which must be completed prior to marketing a new medical device, are potentially expensive and time consuming. They may delay or hinder a product's timely entry into the marketplace. Moreover, there can be no assurance that the review or approval process for these products by the FDA or any other applicable governmental authority will occur in a timely fashion, if at all, or that additional regulations will not be adopted or current regulations amended in such a manner as will adversely affect us. The FDA also oversees the content of advertising and marketing materials relating to medical devices which have received FDA clearance. Failure to comply with the FDA's advertising guidelines may result in the imposition of penalties.

We are also subject to other federal, state and local laws, regulations and recommendations relating to safe working conditions, laboratory and manufacturing practices. The extent of government regulation that might result from any future legislation or administrative action cannot be accurately predicted. Failure to comply with regulatory requirements could have a material adverse effect on Dentsply Sirona's business.

Similar to the FDA review process, the EU review process typically requires extended proceedings pertaining to the safety and efficacy of new products. Such proceedings, which must be completed prior to marketing a new medical device, are potentially expensive and time consuming and may delay or prevent a product's entry into the marketplace.

Inventories maintained by the Company's customers may fluctuate from time to time.

The Company relies in part on its predictions of dealer and customer inventory levels in projecting future demand levels and financial results. These inventory levels may fluctuate, and may differ from the Company's predictions, resulting in the Company's projections of future results being different than expected. There can be no assurance that the Company's dealers and customers will maintain levels of inventory in accordance with the Company's predictions or past history, or that the timing of customers' inventory build or liquidation will be in accordance with the Company's predictions or past history.

Changes in or interpretations of, tax rules, operating structures, country profitability mix and regulations may adversely affect the Company's effective tax rates.

The Company is a U.S. based multinational company subject to tax in multiple U.S. and foreign tax jurisdictions. Unanticipated changes in the Company's tax rates could affect its future results of operations. The Company's future effective tax rates could be unfavorably affected by factors such as changes in, or interpretation of, tax rules and regulations in the jurisdictions in which the Company does business, by structural changes in the Company's businesses, by unanticipated decreases in the amount of revenue or earnings in countries with low statutory tax rates, or by changes in the valuation of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities.

The Company's expansion through acquisition involves risks and may not result in the expected benefits.

The Company continues to view acquisitions as a key part of its growth strategy. The Company continues to be active in evaluating potential acquisitions although there is no assurance that these efforts will result in completed transactions as there are

many factors that affect the success of such activities. If the Company does succeed in acquiring a business or product, there can be no assurance that the Company will achieve any of the benefits that it might anticipate from such an acquisition and the attention and effort devoted to the integration of an acquired business could divert management's attention from normal business operations. If the Company makes acquisitions, it may incur debt, assume contingent liabilities and/or additional risks, or create additional expenses, any of which might adversely affect its financial results. Any financing that the Company might need for acquisitions may only be available on terms that restrict its business or that impose additional costs that reduce its operating results.

Challenges may be asserted against the Company's products due to real or perceived quality or health issues.

The Company manufactures and sells a wide portfolio of dental and medical device products. While the Company endeavors to ensure that its products are safe and effective, there can be no assurance that there may not be challenges from time to time regarding the real or perceived quality or health impact of the Company's products or certain raw material components of the Company's products. All dental amalgam filling materials, including those manufactured and sold by Dentsply Sirona, contain mercury. Some groups have asserted that amalgam should be discontinued because of its mercury content and/or that disposal of mercury containing products may be harmful to the environment. If governmental authorities elect to place restrictions or significant regulations on the sale and/or disposal of dental amalgam, that could have an adverse impact on the Company's sales of dental amalgam. Dentsply Sirona also manufactures and sells non-amalgam dental filling materials that do not contain mercury but that may contain bisphenol-A, commonly called BPA. BPA is found in many everyday items, such as plastic bottles, foods, detergents and toys, and may be found in certain dental composite materials or sealants either as a by-product of other ingredients that have degraded, or as a trace material left over from the manufacture of other ingredients used in such composites or sealants. The FDA currently allows the use of BPA in dental materials, medical devices, and food packaging. Nevertheless, public reports and concerns regarding the potential hazards of dental amalgam or of BPA could contribute to a perceived safety risk for the Company's products that contain mercury or BPA. Adverse publicity about the quality or safety of our products, whether or not ultimately based on fact, may have an adverse effect on our brand, reputation and operating results.

Issues related to the quality and safety of the Company's products, ingredients or packaging could cause a product recall or discontinuation resulting in harm to the Company's reputation and negatively impacting the Company's operating results.

The Company's products generally maintain a good reputation with customers and end-users. Issues related to quality and safety of products, ingredients or packaging, could jeopardize the Company's image and reputation. Negative publicity related to these types of concerns, whether valid or not, might negatively impact demand for the Company's products or cause production and delivery disruptions. The Company may need to recall or discontinue products if they become unfit for use. In addition, the Company could potentially be subject to litigation or government action, which could result in payment of fines or damages. Cost associated with these potential actions could negatively affect the Company's operating results, financial condition and liquidity.

The Company's Orthodontics business is subject to risk.

The Company sources a substantial portion of its orthodontic products from a Japanese supplier under an agreement that is subject to periodic renewal. The Company also has established alternative sources of supply. The market for orthodontic products is highly competitive and subject to significant negative price pressure.

Changes in or interpretations of, accounting principles could result in unfavorable charges to operations.

The Company prepares its consolidated financial statements in accordance with US GAAP. These principles are subject to interpretation by the SEC and various bodies formed to interpret and create appropriate accounting principles. Market conditions have prompted accounting standard setters to issue new guidance which further interprets or seeks to revise accounting pronouncements related to financial instruments, structures or transactions as well as to issue new standards expanding disclosures. It is possible that future accounting standards the Company would be required to adopt could change the current accounting treatment applied to the Company's consolidated financial statements and such changes could have a material adverse effect on the Company's business, results of operations, financial condition and liquidity.

If the Company's goodwill or intangible assets become impaired, the Company may be required to record a significant charge to earnings.

Under US GAAP, the Company reviews its goodwill and intangible assets for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. Additionally, goodwill is required to be tested for impairment at least annually. The valuations used to determine the fair values used to test goodwill or intangible assets are dependent upon various assumptions and reflect management's best estimates. Net sales growth, discount rates, earnings multiples and future cash

flows are critical assumptions used to determine these fair values. Slower net sales growth rates in the dental or medical device industries, an increase in discount rates, unfavorable changes in earnings multiples or a decline in future cash flows, among other factors, may cause a change in circumstances indicating that the carrying value of the Company's goodwill or intangible assets may not be recoverable. The Company may be required to record a significant charge to earnings in the financial statements during the period in which any impairment of the Company's goodwill or intangible assets is determined.

The Company faces the inherent risk of litigation and claims.

The Company's business involves a risk of product liability and other types of legal actions or claims, including possible recall actions affecting the Company's products. The primary risks to which the Company is exposed are related to those products manufactured by the Company. The Company has insurance policies, including product liability insurance, covering these risks in amounts that are considered adequate; however, the Company cannot provide assurance that the maintained coverage is sufficient to cover future claims or that the coverage will be available in adequate amounts or at a reasonable cost. Also, other types of claims asserted against the Company may not be covered by insurance. A successful claim brought against the Company in excess of available insurance, or another type of claim which is uninsured or that results in significant adverse publicity against the Company, could harm its business and overall cash flows of the Company.

Various parties, including the Company, own and maintain patents and other intellectual property rights applicable to the dental and medical device fields. Although the Company believes it operates in a manner that does not infringe upon any third party intellectual property rights, it is possible that a party could assert that one or more of the Company's products infringe upon such party's intellectual property and force the Company to pay damages and/or discontinue the sale of certain products.

Dentsply Sirona's failure to obtain issued patents and, consequently, to protect Dentsply Sirona's proprietary technology could hurt Dentsply Sirona's competitive position.

Dentsply Sirona's success will depend in part on Dentsply Sirona's ability to obtain and enforce claims in our patents directed to Dentsply Sirona's products, technologies and processes, both in the United States and in other countries. Risks and uncertainties that Dentsply Sirona face with respect to Dentsply Sirona's patents and patent applications include the following:

- the pending patent applications that Dentsply Sirona has filed, or to which Dentsply Sirona has exclusive rights, may not result in issued patents or may take longer than Dentsply Sirona expect to result in issued patents;
- the allowed claims of any patents that issue may not provide meaningful protection;
- Dentsply Sirona may be unable to develop additional proprietary technologies that are patentable;
- the patents licensed or issued to Dentsply Sirona may not provide a competitive advantage;
- other companies may challenge patents licensed or issued to Dentsply Sirona;
- disputes may arise regarding inventions and corresponding ownership rights in inventions and know-how resulting from the joint creation or use of intellectual property by Dentsply Sirona and Dentsply Sirona's respective licensors; and
- other companies may design around the technologies patented by Dentsply Sirona.

Dentsply Sirona's profitability could suffer if third parties infringe upon Dentsply Sirona's proprietary technology.

Dentsply Sirona's profitability could suffer if third parties infringe upon Dentsply Sirona's intellectual property rights or misappropriate Dentsply Sirona's technologies and trademarks for their own businesses. To protect Dentsply Sirona's rights to Dentsply Sirona's intellectual property, Dentsply Sirona relies on a combination of patent and trademark law, trade secret protection, confidentiality agreements and contractual arrangements with Dentsply Sirona's employees, strategic partners and others. Dentsply Sirona cannot assure you that any of Dentsply Sirona's patents, any of the patents of which Dentsply Sirona are a licensee or any patents which may be issued to Dentsply Sirona or which we may license in the future, will provide Dentsply Sirona with a competitive advantage or afford Dentsply Sirona protection against infringement by others, or that the patents will not be successfully challenged or circumvented by third parties, including Dentsply Sirona's competitors. The protective steps we have taken may be inadequate to deter misappropriation of Dentsply Sirona's proprietary information. Dentsply Sirona may be unable to detect the unauthorized use of, or take appropriate steps to enforce, Dentsply Sirona's intellectual property rights. Effective patent, trademark and trade secret protection may not be available in every country in which Dentsply Sirona will offer, or intend to offer, Dentsply Sirona's products. Any failure to adequately protect Dentsply Sirona's intellectual property could devalue Dentsply Sirona's proprietary content and impair Dentsply Sirona's ability to compete effectively. Further, defending Dentsply Sirona's intellectual property rights could result in the expenditure of significant financial and managerial resources.

Dentsply Sirona’s profitability may suffer if Dentsply Sirona’s products are found to infringe the intellectual property rights of others.

Litigation may be necessary to enforce Dentsply Sirona’s patents or to defend against any claims of infringement of patents owned by third parties that are asserted against Dentsply Sirona. In addition, Dentsply Sirona may have to participate in one or more interference proceedings declared by the United States Patent and Trademark Office, the European Patent Office or other foreign patent governing authorities, to determine the priority of inventions, which could result in substantial costs.

If Dentsply Sirona becomes involved in litigation or interference proceedings, Dentsply Sirona may incur substantial expense, and the proceedings may divert the attention of Dentsply Sirona’s technical and management personnel, even if Dentsply Sirona ultimately prevails. An adverse determination in proceedings of this type could subject us to significant liabilities, allow Dentsply Sirona’s competitors to market competitive products without obtaining a license from Dentsply Sirona, prohibit Dentsply Sirona from marketing Dentsply Sirona’s products or require us to seek licenses from third parties that may not be available on commercially reasonable terms, if at all. If Dentsply Sirona cannot obtain such licenses, Dentsply Sirona may be restricted or prevented from commercializing Dentsply Sirona’s products.

The enforcement, defense and prosecution of intellectual property rights, including the United States Patent and Trademark Office’s, the European Patent Office’s and other foreign patent offices’ interference proceedings, and related legal and administrative proceedings in the United States and elsewhere, involve complex legal and factual questions. As a result, these proceedings are costly and time-consuming, and their outcome is uncertain. Litigation may be necessary to:

- assert against others or defend Dentsply Sirona against claims of infringement;
- enforce patents owned by, or licensed to Dentsply Sirona from, another party;
- protect Dentsply Sirona’s trade secrets or know-how; or
- determine the enforceability, scope and validity of Dentsply Sirona’s proprietary rights or the proprietary rights of others.

Increasing exposure to markets outside of the U.S. and Europe.

We anticipate that sales outside of the U.S. and Europe will continue to expand and account for a significant portion of Dentsply Sirona’s revenue. Operating in such locations is subject to a number of uncertainties, including, but not limited to, the following:

- Economic and political instability;
- Import or export licensing requirements;
- Additional compliance-related risks;
- Trade restrictions;
- Product registration requirements;
- Longer payment cycles;
- Changes in regulatory requirements and tariffs;
- Fluctuations in currency exchange rates;
- Potentially adverse tax consequences; and
- Potentially weak protection of intellectual property rights.

The Company’s success is dependent upon its management and employees.

The Company’s success is dependent upon its management and employees. The loss of senior management employees or failure to recruit and train needed managerial, sales and technical personnel, could have a material adverse effect on the Company.

The Company may be unable to sustain the operational and technical expertise that is key to its success.

Dentsply Sirona believes that its manufacturing capabilities are important to its success. The manufacture of the Company’s products requires substantial and varied technical expertise. Complex materials technology and processes are necessary to manufacture the Company’s products. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to maintain the necessary operational and technical expertise that is key to its success.

A large number of the Company's products are manufactured in single manufacturing facilities.

Although the Company maintains multiple manufacturing facilities, a large number of the products manufactured by the Company are manufactured in facilities that are the sole source of such products. As there are a limited number of alternative suppliers for these products, any disruption at a particular Company manufacturing facility could lead to delays, increased expenses, and may damage the Company's business and results of operations.

The Company relies heavily on information and technology to operate its business networks, and any disruption to its technology infrastructure or the Internet could harm the Company's operations.

Dentsply Sirona operates many aspects of its business including financial reporting and customer relationship management through server- and web-based technologies, and stores various types of data on such servers or with third-parties who may in turn store it on servers or in the "cloud". Any disruption to the Internet or to the Company's or its service providers' global technology infrastructure, including malware, insecure coding, "Acts of God," attempts to penetrate networks, data leakage and human error, could pose a threat to the Company's operations. While Dentsply Sirona has invested and continues to invest in information technology risk management and disaster recovery plans, these measures cannot fully insulate the Company from technology disruptions or data loss and the resulting adverse effect on the Company's operations and financial results.

The Company may not generate sufficient cash flow to service its debt, pay its contractual obligations and operate the business.

Dentsply Sirona's ability to make payments on its indebtedness and contractual obligations, and to fund its operations depends on its future performance and financial results, which, to a certain extent, are subject to general economic, financial, competitive, regulatory and other factors and the interest rate environment that are beyond its control. Although senior management believes that the Company has and will continue to have sufficient liquidity, there can be no assurance that Dentsply Sirona's business will generate sufficient cash flow from operations in the future to service its debt, pay its contractual obligations and operate its business.

The Company may not be able to repay its outstanding debt in the event that cross default provisions are triggered due to a breach of loan covenants.

Dentsply Sirona's existing borrowing documentation contains a number of covenants and financial ratios, which it is required to satisfy. Any breach of any such covenants or restrictions, the most restrictive of which pertain to asset dispositions, maintenance of certain levels of net worth, and prescribed ratios of indebtedness to total capital and operating income excluding depreciation and amortization of interest expense, would result in a default under the existing borrowing documentation that would permit the lenders to declare all borrowings under such documentation to be immediately due and payable and, through cross default provisions, would entitle Dentsply Sirona's other lenders to accelerate their loans. Dentsply Sirona may not be able to meet its obligations under its outstanding indebtedness in the event that any cross default provisions are triggered.

Dentsply Sirona has a significant amount of indebtedness. A breach of the covenants under Dentsply Sirona's debt instruments outstanding from time to time could result in an event of default under the applicable agreement.

The Company has debt securities outstanding of approximately \$1.2 billion. Dentsply Sirona also has the ability to incur up to \$500.0 million of indebtedness under the Revolving Credit Facility and may incur significantly more indebtedness in the future.

Dentsply Sirona's level of indebtedness and related debt service obligations could have negative consequences including:

- making it more difficult for the Company to satisfy its obligations with respect to its indebtedness;
- requiring Dentsply Sirona to dedicate significant cash flow from operations to the payment of principal and interest on its indebtedness, which would reduce the funds the Company has available for other purposes, including working capital, capital expenditures and acquisitions; and
- reducing Dentsply Sirona's flexibility in planning for or reacting to changes in its business and market conditions.

Dentsply Sirona's current debt agreements contain a number of covenants and financial ratios, which the Company is required to satisfy. Under the Note Purchase Agreement dated December 11, 2015, the Company will be required to maintain ratios of debt outstanding to total capital not to exceed the ratio of 0.6 to 1.0, and operating income less depreciation and amortization to interest expense of not less than 3.0 times. All of the Company's outstanding debt agreements have been amended to reflect these covenants. The Company may need to reduce the amount of its indebtedness outstanding from time to time in order to comply with such ratios, though no assurance can be given that Dentsply Sirona will be able to do so. Dentsply Sirona's failure to maintain such

ratios or a breach of the other covenants under its debt agreements outstanding from time to time could result in an event of default under the applicable agreement. Such a default may allow the creditors to accelerate the related indebtedness and may result in the acceleration of any other indebtedness to which a cross-acceleration or cross-default provision applies.

Changes in our credit ratings or macroeconomic impacts on credit markets may increase our cost of capital and limit financing options.

We utilize the short and long-term debt markets to obtain capital from time to time. Adverse changes in our credit ratings may result in increased borrowing costs for future long-term debt or short-term borrowing facilities which may in turn limit financing options, including our access to the unsecured borrowing market. We may also be subject to additional restrictive covenants that would reduce our flexibility. In addition, macroeconomic conditions, such as continued or increased volatility or disruption in the credit markets, would adversely affect our ability to refinance existing debt or obtain additional financing to support operations or to fund new acquisitions or capital-intensive internal initiatives.

Certain provisions in the Company's governing documents, and of Delaware law, may make it more difficult for a third party to acquire Dentsply Sirona.

Certain provisions of Dentsply Sirona's Certificate of Incorporation and By-laws and of Delaware law could have the effect of making it difficult for a third party to acquire control of Dentsply Sirona. Such provisions include, among others, a provision allowing the Board of Directors to issue preferred stock having rights senior to those of the common stock and certain procedural requirements which make it difficult for stockholders to amend Dentsply Sirona's By-laws and call special meetings of stockholders. In addition, members of Dentsply Sirona's management and participants in its Employee Stock Ownership Plan ("ESOP") collectively own approximately 2% of the outstanding common stock of Dentsply Sirona. Delaware law imposes some restrictions on mergers and other business combinations between the Company and any holder of 15% or more of the Company's outstanding common stock.

The Company's results could be negatively impacted by a natural disaster or similar event.

The Company operates in more than 120 countries and its and its suppliers' manufacturing facilities are located in multiple locations around the world. Any natural or other disaster in such a location could result in serious harm to the Company's business and consolidated results of operations. Any insurance maintained by the Company may not be adequate to cover our losses resulting from such disasters or other business interruptions, and our emergency response plans may not be effective in preventing or minimizing losses in the future.

Dentsply Sirona is dependent upon a limited number of distributors for a significant portion of Dentsply Sirona's revenue, and loss of these key distributors could result in a loss of a significant amount of Dentsply Sirona's revenue.

Historically, a substantial portion of Dentsply Sirona's revenue has come from a limited number of distributors. For example, Patterson Dental Company, Inc. accounted for approximately 13% of the annual revenue of Dentsply Sirona. In addition, approximately 12% of Dentsply Sirona's annual revenue was attributable to sales to Henry Schein, Inc. It is anticipated that Patterson and Henry Schein will continue to be the largest contributors to Dentsply Sirona's revenue for the foreseeable future. There can be no assurance that Patterson and Henry Schein will purchase any specified minimum quantity of products from Dentsply Sirona or that they will continue to purchase any products at all. If Patterson or Henry Schein ceases to purchase a significant volume of products from Dentsply Sirona, it could have a material adverse effect on Dentsply Sirona's results of operations and financial condition.

Work stoppages and other labor relations matters may make it substantially more difficult or expensive for us to produce Dentsply Sirona's products, which could result in decreased sales or increased costs, either of which would negatively impact Dentsply Sirona's financial condition and results of operations.

A significant part of our foreign employees are subject to collective bargaining agreements, and some of Dentsply Sirona's employees are unionized; therefore, Dentsply Sirona is subject to the risk of work stoppages and other labor relations matters. While Dentsply Sirona has not experienced prolonged work stoppages in recent years and believe Dentsply Sirona's relations with employees are satisfactory, any prolonged work stoppage or strike at any one of Dentsply Sirona's principal facilities could have a negative impact on Dentsply Sirona's business, financial condition, or results of operations.

Changes in the healthcare industry could adversely affect Dentsply Sirona's business.

The healthcare industry has undergone, and is in the process of undergoing, significant changes driven by efforts to reduce costs. These changes include legislative healthcare reform, the reduction of spending budgets by government and private insurance programs, such as Medicare, Medicaid and corporate health insurance plans; trends toward managed care; consolidation of healthcare distribution companies; consolidation of healthcare manufacturers; collective purchasing arrangements and consolidation among office-based healthcare practitioners; and changes in reimbursements to customers. Some of these potential changes may cause a decrease in demand for and/or reduce the prices of Dentsply Sirona's products. These changes could adversely affect Dentsply Sirona's revenues and profitability. In addition, similar legislative efforts in the future could adversely impact Dentsply Sirona's business.

If we fail to comply with laws and regulations relating to the confidentiality of sensitive personal information or standards in electronic health data transmissions, we could be required to make significant changes to Dentsply Sirona's products, or incur penalties or other liabilities.

Certain of Dentsply Sirona's businesses involve access to personal health, medical, financial and other information of individuals, and are accordingly directly or indirectly subject to numerous federal, state, local and foreign laws and regulations that protect the privacy and security of such information, and require, among other things, the implementation of various recordkeeping, operational, notice and other practices intended to safeguard that information, limit its use to allowed purposes, and notify individuals in the event of privacy and security breaches. Failure to comply with these laws can result in substantial penalties and other liabilities. As a result of the federal Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act ("HITECH Act"), which was passed in 2009, some of Dentsply Sirona's businesses that were previously only indirectly subject to federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 ("HIPAA") privacy and security rules became directly subject to such rules because such businesses serve as "business associates" of HIPAA covered entities, such as health care providers. On January 17, 2013 the Office for Civil Rights of the Department of Health and Human Services released a final rule implementing the HITECH Act and making certain other changes to HIPAA privacy and security requirements. Compliance with the rule was required by September 23, 2013, and increases the requirements applicable to some of Dentsply Sirona's businesses.

In addition, Dentsply Sirona's affiliates handle personally identifiable information pertaining to Dentsply Sirona's members and paying subscribers. Both Dentsply Sirona and Dentsply Sirona's affiliates are subject to laws and regulations related to Internet communications (including the CAN-SPAM Act of 2003), consumer protection (including the Telephone Consumer Protection Act and similar state laws), advertising, privacy, security and data protection. If Dentsply Sirona or Dentsply Sirona's affiliates are found to be in violation of these laws and regulations, Dentsply Sirona may become subject to administrative fines or litigation, which could materially increase Dentsply Sirona's expenses and cause the value of Dentsply Sirona's securities to decline.

Product warranty claims exposure could be significant.

Dentsply Sirona generally warrants each of Dentsply Sirona's products against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of shipment plus any extended warranty period purchased by the customer. The future costs associated with providing product warranties could be material. A successful warranty claim brought against Dentsply Sirona could reduce Dentsply Sirona's profits and/or impair our financial condition, and damage Dentsply Sirona's reputation.

Inadequate levels of reimbursement from governmental or other third-party payers for procedures using Dentsply Sirona's products may cause Dentsply Sirona's revenue to decline.

Third-party payers, including government health administration authorities, private health care insurers and other organizations regulate the reimbursement of fees related to certain diagnostic procedures or medical treatments. Third-party payers are increasingly challenging the price and cost-effectiveness of medical products and services. While Dentsply Sirona cannot predict what effect the policies of government entities and other third-party payers will have on future sales of our products, there can be no assurance that such policies would not cause Dentsply Sirona's revenue to decline.

Dentsply Sirona has developed and must continue to maintain internal controls.

Effective internal controls are necessary for us to provide assurance with respect to Dentsply Sirona's financial reports and to effectively prevent fraud. If Dentsply Sirona cannot provide reasonable assurance with respect to Dentsply Sirona's financial reports and effectively prevent fraud, Dentsply Sirona's operating results could be harmed. The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 requires Dentsply Sirona to furnish a report by management on internal control over financial reporting, including managements' assessment of the effectiveness of such control. Internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements

because of its certain limitations, including the possibility of human error, the circumvention or overriding of controls, or fraud. As a result, even effective internal controls may not provide reasonable assurances with respect to the preparation and presentation of financial statements. In addition, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the control may become either obsolete or inadequate as a result of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. If Dentsply Sirona fails to maintain adequate internal controls, including any failure to implement required new or improved controls, or if Dentsply Sirona experiences difficulties in implementing new or revised controls, Dentsply Sirona's business and operating results could be harmed and Dentsply Sirona could fail to meet Dentsply Sirona's reporting obligations.

Dentsply Sirona is subject to payments-related risks.

Dentsply Sirona accepts payments using a variety of methods, including credit card, debit card, credit accounts, direct debit from a customer's bank account, consumer invoicing, physical bank check, and payment upon delivery. For existing and future payment options Dentsply Sirona offers to Dentsply Sirona's customers, we may become subject to additional regulations and compliance requirements (including obligations to implement enhanced authentication processes that could result in significant costs and reduce the ease of use of our payments products), as well as fraud. For certain payment methods, including credit and debit cards, Dentsply Sirona pays interchange and other fees, which may increase over time and raise Dentsply Sirona's operating costs and lower profitability. Dentsply Sirona relies on third parties to provide certain payment methods and payment processing services, including the processing of credit cards, debit cards, electronic checks, and promotional financing. In each case, it could disrupt Dentsply Sirona's business if these companies become unwilling or unable to provide these services to Dentsply Sirona. We are also subject to payment card association operating rules, including data security rules, certification requirements, and rules governing electronic funds transfers, which could change or be reinterpreted to make it difficult or impossible for us to comply. If Dentsply Sirona fails to comply with these rules or requirements, or if Dentsply Sirona's data security systems are breached or compromised, Dentsply Sirona may be liable for card issuing banks' costs, subject to fines and higher transaction fees, and lose Dentsply Sirona's ability to accept credit and debit card payments from Dentsply Sirona's customers, process electronic funds transfers, or facilitate other types of online payments, and Dentsply Sirona's business and operating results could be adversely affected.

Item 2 – Unregistered Sales of Securities and Use of Proceeds

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

At March 31, 2016, the Company had authorization to maintain up to 34.0 million shares of treasury stock under the stock repurchase program as approved by the Board of Directors. During the quarter ended March 31, 2016, the Company had the following activity with respect to this repurchase program:

(in millions, except per share amounts)

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Cost of Shares Purchased	Number of Shares that May be Purchased Under the Share Repurchase Program
January 1, 2016 to January 31, 2016	—	\$ —	\$ —	11.3
February 1, 2016 to February 29, 2016	—	—	—	11.6
March 1, 2016 to March 31, 2016	8.2	61.10	500.0	3.6
	<u>8.2</u>	<u>\$ 61.10</u>	<u>\$ 500.0</u>	

Item 5 – Other Information

Effective May 6, 2016, the Company has entered into an employment agreement with Christopher T. Clark under which Mr. Clark will serve as the Company’s President and Chief Operating Officer of Technologies (the “Clark Employment Agreement”). In addition, effective May 6, 2016, the Company has entered into an employment agreement with Ulrich Michel under which Mr. Michel will serve as the Company’s Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (the “Michel Employment Agreement”). The material terms of the Clark Employment Agreement and Michel Employment Agreement are summarized below; however, these summaries are qualified in their entirety by the Clark Employment Agreement and Michel Employment Agreement, which are included as exhibits to this quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

Clark Employment Agreement

Effective May 6, 2016, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Christopher T. Clark, under which Mr. Clark will have the title “President and Chief Operating Officer of Technologies” and will report to the Chief Executive Officer. The term of Mr. Clark’s employment agreement will be for one year, subject to automatic one-year renewals unless either party gives prior notice of non-renewal. The agreement provides for an annual base salary of \$655,600, subject to annual review and increase, annual incentive compensation targeted at 85% of annual base salary, subject to fluctuation based on actual performance, equity incentive awards commensurate with Mr. Clark’s position and other employee benefits generally available to senior executives of the Company.

The employment agreement provides that, in the event that Mr. Clark’s employment is terminated by the Company without “cause” (as described in the employment agreements), or by Mr. Clark with “good reason” (as described in the employment agreements), or if the Company elects not to renew Mr. Clark’s employment agreement at the end of its term, then Mr. Clark will receive severance equal to twice his annual base salary plus his target bonus and the prorated amount of his annual bonus for the year of termination. In addition, his outstanding equity awards will remain outstanding and continue to vest and remain exercisable for two years or until such earlier date as the equity award would have expired had Mr. Clark remained employed.

In the event that Mr. Clark’s employment terminates without cause or Mr. Clark resigns for good reason within two years following a change in control (as described in the employment agreement), Mr. Clark will receive severance equal to two and one half times his annual base salary plus his target bonus and the prorated amount of his annual bonus for the year of termination. In addition, his outstanding equity awards will remain outstanding and continue to vest and remain exercisable for two years or until such earlier date as the equity award would have expired had Mr. Clark remained employed.

Michel Employment Agreement

Effective May 6, 2016, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Ulrich Michel, under which Mr. Michel will have the title “Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer” and will report to the Chief Executive Officer. The term of Mr. Michel’s employment agreement will be for one year, subject to automatic one-year renewals unless either party gives prior notice of non-renewal. The agreement provides for an annual base salary of €589,578, subject to annual review and increase, annual incentive compensation targeted at 75% of annual base salary, subject to fluctuation based on actual performance, equity incentive awards commensurate with Mr. Michel’s position (including annual long-term incentive awards with a grant date fair value of at least \$850,000) and other employee benefits generally available to senior executives of the Company.

The employment agreement also provides that, in the event that Mr. Michel’s employment is terminated by the Company without “cause” (as described in the employment agreements) or by Mr. Michel with “good reason” (as described in the employment agreements), or if the Company elects not to renew Mr. Michel’s employment agreement at the end of its term, Mr. Michel will receive severance equal to twice his annual base salary plus his target bonus and the prorated amount of his annual bonus for the year of termination. In addition, his outstanding equity awards will remain outstanding and continue to vest and remain exercisable for two years or until such earlier date as the equity award would have expired had Mr. Michel remained employed.

In the event that Mr. Michel’s employment terminates without cause or Mr. Michel resigns for good reason within two years following a change in control (as described in the employment agreement), Mr. Michel will receive severance equal to two and one half times his annual base salary plus his target bonus and the prorated amount of his annual bonus for the year of termination. In addition, his outstanding equity awards will remain outstanding and continue to vest and remain exercisable for two years or until such earlier date as the equity award would have expired had Mr. Michel remained employed.

Item 6 – Exhibits

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description</u>
10.18	Employment Agreement, dated as of May 6, 2016, by and between Christopher T. Clark and DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc.
10.19	Employment Agreement, dated as of May 6, 2016, by and between Ulrich Michel and DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc.
31	Section 302 Certification Statements
32	Section 906 Certification Statements
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Extension Labels Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc.

/s/	<u>Jeffrey T. Slovin</u>	<u>May 6, 2016</u>
	Jeffrey T. Slovin	Date
	Chief Executive Officer	

/s/	<u>Ulrich Michel</u>	<u>May 6, 2016</u>
	Ulrich Michel	Date
	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	

Employment Agreement

This Employment Agreement (this "Agreement"), dated as of April ___, 2016 is made by and between DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and Christopher T. Clark ("Executive") (collectively referred to herein as the "Parties").

RECITALS

- A. It is the desire of the Company to assure itself of the services of Executive effective as of February 29, 2016 (the "Effective Date") and thereafter by entering into this Agreement.
- B. Executive and the Company mutually desire that Executive provide services to the Company on the terms herein provided.

AGREEMENT

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and of the respective covenants and agreements set forth below, the Parties hereto agree as follows:

1. **Employment.**

(a) **General.** The Company shall employ Executive and Executive shall remain in the employ of the Company, for the period and in the position set forth in this Section 1, and subject to the other terms and conditions herein provided.

(b) This Agreement shall supersede and replace the Employment Agreement made as of February 19, 2008 between DENTSPLY International Inc. ("DENTSPLY") and Executive, as amended through the date hereof (the "Prior Agreement"), which shall terminate and no longer be effective as of the Effective Date.

(c) **Employment Term.** The term of employment under this Agreement (the "Term") shall be for the period beginning on the Effective Date, and shall automatically renew for twelve (12) month periods unless no later than ninety (90) days prior to the end of the applicable Term either party gives written notice of non-renewal ("Notice of Non-Renewal") to the other in which case Executive's employment will terminate at the end of the then-applicable Term, subject to earlier termination as provided in Section 3. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that any Notice of Non-Renewal given by the Company indicates that the Company is willing to continue Executive's employment under the terms of a new agreement, then Executive and the Company shall negotiate in good faith regarding the terms of such new agreement. If Executive and the Company have not agreed on the terms of a new agreement within 150 days following the date of such Notice of Non-Renewal (the "Negotiation Term"), then Executive's employment shall terminate upon expiration of the Negotiation Term, unless otherwise agreed by the Company and Executive.

(d) **Position and Duties.** Executive shall serve as the President and Chief Operating Officer of Technologies with such responsibilities, duties and for activities assigned by the Chief Executive Officer of the Company depending on the needs and demands of the business and the availability of other personnel, provided that such services shall generally be similar in level of position and responsibility as those set forth in this Agreement. Executive shall devote substantially all of Executive's working time and efforts to the business and affairs of the Company (which shall include service to its Affiliates) and shall not engage in outside business activities (including serving on outside boards or committees) without the consent of the Chief Executive Officer, provided that Executive shall be permitted to (i) manage Executive's personal, financial and legal affairs, (ii) participate in trade associations, (iii) serve on the board of directors of not-for-profit or tax-exempt charitable organizations, and (iv) with Chief Executive Officer approval, serve on the board of directors or similar board of for-profit organizations, in each case,

subject to compliance with this Agreement and provided that such activities do not materially interfere with Executive's performance of Executive's duties and responsibilities hereunder. Executive agrees to observe and comply with the rules and policies of the Company and its subsidiaries as adopted by the Company or its Affiliates from time to time, in each case as amended from time to time, as set forth in writing, and as delivered or made available to Executive (each, a "Policy").

(e) Principal Place of Employment. The Parties agree that Executive's principal office will be the Company's headquarters or such other principal office or offices, as appropriate for the performance of his duties, as mutually agreed by both parties and determined in consultation with the Chief Executive Officer. The Parties understand that given the nature of Executive's duties, Executive will be required to travel and perform services at locations other than his principal office from time to time.

2. Compensation and Related Matters.

(a) Annual Base Salary. During the Term, Executive shall receive a base salary at a minimum rate of \$655,600 per annum, which shall be paid in accordance with the customary payroll practices of the Company and shall be pro-rated for partial years of employment. Such annual base salary shall be subject to annual review and increase by the Board (such annual base salary, as it may be increased from time to time, the "Annual Base Salary").

(b) Bonus. With respect to each fiscal year of the Company Executive will be eligible to participate in an annual incentive program established by the Board. Executive's annual incentive compensation under such incentive program, (the "Annual Bonus") shall be targeted at 85% of his Annual Base Salary (the "Target Bonus"), and shall include the full year period commencing on January 1, 2016, with the expectation that the bonus will scale upward and downward based on actual performance, as determined by the Board, such that the actual Annual Bonus payable to Executive may be greater than, equal to or less than the Target Bonus. The Annual Bonus shall be based upon the achievement of Company and/or individual performance metrics as established by the Board. The Annual Bonus for a fiscal year will be paid no later than the fifteenth day of the third month following the end of such fiscal year.

(c) Long-Term Incentive. Prior to the first anniversary of the Effective Date, the Company will adopt a broad-based equity compensation plan and will grant Executive equity incentive awards (or other long-term incentive compensation). The grant date fair value, type of award and specific terms and conditions of such awards will be determined by the compensation committee of the Board, but shall be commensurate with Executive's position and the terms shall be consistent with the terms applicable to similarly situated officers.

(d) Benefits. During the Term, Executive shall be eligible to participate in employee benefit plans, programs and arrangements generally available from time to time to other similarly situated senior executives of the Company in the jurisdiction of Executive's principal office location.

(e) Paid Time Off. During the Term, Executive shall be entitled to at least twenty five (25) days, on an annualized basis, of paid personal leave in accordance with the Company's Policies. Any vacation shall be taken at the reasonable and mutual convenience of the Company and Executive.

(f) Business Expenses. During the Term, the Company shall reimburse Executive for all reasonable travel and other business expenses incurred by Executive in the performance of Executive's duties to the Company in accordance with the Company's expense reimbursement Policy.

3. Termination.

Executive's employment hereunder may be terminated by the Company or Executive, as applicable, without any breach of this Agreement under the following circumstances:

(a) Circumstances.

(i) Death. Executive's employment hereunder shall terminate upon Executive's death.

(ii) Disability. If Executive has incurred a Disability, as defined below, the Company may terminate

Executive's employment.

(iii) *Termination for Cause.* The Company may terminate Executive's employment for Cause, as defined below.

(iv) *Termination without Cause.* The Company may terminate Executive's employment without Cause.

(v) *Resignation from the Company for Good Reason.* Executive may resign Executive's employment with the Company for Good Reason, as defined below.

(vi) *Resignation from the Company without Good Reason.* Executive may resign Executive's employment with the Company without Good Reason.

(b) Notice of Termination. Any termination of Executive's employment by the Company or by Executive under this Section 3 (other than termination pursuant to paragraph (a)(i)) shall be communicated by a written notice to the other party hereto (i) indicating the specific termination provision in this Agreement relied upon, (ii) setting forth in reasonable detail the facts and circumstances claimed to provide a basis for termination of Executive's employment under the provision so indicated, if applicable, and (iii) specifying a Date of Termination which, if submitted by Executive pursuant to paragraph (a)(vi), shall be at least ninety (90) days following the date of such notice (a "Notice of Termination"); *provided, however*, that in the event that Executive delivers a Notice of Termination to the Company, the Company may, in its sole discretion, change the Date of Termination to any date that occurs following the date of Company's receipt of such Notice of Termination and is prior to the date specified in such Notice of Termination. A Notice of Termination submitted by the Company may provide for a Date of Termination on the date Executive receives the Notice of Termination, or any date thereafter elected by the Company in its sole discretion. In the event of a dispute over Cause or Good Reason, either Party may introduce newly discovered or newly arising evidence in support of or in opposition to its Cause or his Good Reason.

(c) Company Obligations upon Termination Not in Connection with Change in Control. Upon termination of Executive's employment pursuant to any of the circumstances listed in Section 3(a), Executive (or Executive's estate) shall be entitled to receive the sum of: (i) the portion of Executive's Annual Base Salary earned through the Date of Termination, but not yet paid to Executive; (ii) any paid time off that has been accrued but unused in accordance with the Company's Policies; (iii) any reimbursements owed to Executive pursuant to Section 2(f); (iv) any amount accrued and arising from Executive's participation in, or benefits accrued under any employee benefit plans, programs or arrangements, which amounts shall be payable in accordance with the terms and conditions of such employee benefit plans, programs or arrangements; and (v) except in the case of a termination of Executive's employment for Cause pursuant to Section 3(a)(iii), any earned but unpaid Annual Bonus for the prior fiscal year. Except as otherwise expressly required by law (e.g., COBRA (as defined below)) or as specifically provided herein, or in any other plan or arrangement maintained by the Company, all of Executive's rights to salary, severance, benefits, bonuses and other compensatory amounts hereunder (if any) shall cease upon the termination of Executive's employment hereunder. In the event that Executive's employment is terminated by the Company for any reason, Executive's sole and exclusive remedy shall be to receive the payments and benefits described in this Section 3(c) or Section 4, or in any other plan or arrangement maintained by the Company, as applicable.

(d) Deemed Resignation. Upon termination of Executive's employment for any reason, Executive shall be deemed to have resigned from all offices and directorships, if any, then held with the Company or any of its Affiliates.

4. **Severance Payments.**

(a) **Termination for Cause, or Resignation without Good Reason.** If Executive's employment shall terminate pursuant to Section 3(a)(iii) for Cause, or pursuant to Section 3(a)(vi) for Executive's resignation from the Company without Good Reason, then Executive shall not be entitled to any severance payments or benefits, except as provided in Section 3(c).

(b) **Termination without Cause, Resignation for Good Reason or Expiration of Term.** If Executive's employment terminates without Cause pursuant to Section 3(a)(iv), Executive resigns for Good Reason pursuant to Section 3(a)(v), or Executive's employment terminates upon expiration of the Term or Negotiation Term by reason of the Company providing the Notice of Non-Renewal then, subject to Executive signing on or before the 50th day following Executive's Separation from Service (as defined below), and not revoking, a release of claims in customary and equitable form (the "Release"), and Executive's continued compliance with Sections 5 and 6, Executive shall receive, in addition to payments and benefits set forth in Section 3(c), the following benefits:

(i) Company shall pay to Executive, an amount equal to two (2) times the sum of (A) the Annual Base Salary plus (B) the Target Bonus, payable over twenty-four months immediately following the Release's effective date in equal installments in accordance with the Company's regular payroll practice following the Date of Termination, until the earlier of (A) twenty-four (24) months after the Release's effective date or (B) the date the Executive first violates any of the restrictive covenants set forth in Sections 5 and 6 or the provisions of Section 7;

(ii) Company shall pay to Executive an amount equal to the Annual Bonus, determined based on the actual performance of the Company for the full fiscal year in which Executive's employment terminates, prorated for the number of days of employment completed during the fiscal year in which the Date of Termination occurs, payable in a lump sum cash amount at the time it would otherwise have been paid had the Executive remained employed for the entire fiscal year in accordance with section 2(b);

(iii) Executive's equity awards which are outstanding on the Date of Termination shall (x) remain outstanding, (y) continue to vest notwithstanding Executive's termination of employment for a period of twenty-four (24) months following the Date of Termination, and (z) remain exercisable until the earlier of ninety (90) days following the twenty-four (24) month anniversary after the Date of Termination or the date such equity award would have expired had Executive remained in continuous employment;

(iv) Company shall pay to Executive in a cash lump sum an amount equal to the amount of the premiums Executive would have been required to pay to continue Executive's and Executive's covered dependents' medical, dental and vision coverage in effect on the Date of Termination under the Company's group healthcare plans pursuant to the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended ("COBRA") for twenty-four (24) months following the Date of Termination, which amount shall be based on the premium for the first month of COBRA coverage and shall be paid regardless of whether or not Executive elects COBRA continuation coverage;

(v) Subject to continued payment by Executive of any applicable cost owed by him under the applicable plan, for the twenty-four (24) months following the Date of Termination continuation of life and accidental death and dismemberment benefits substantially similar to those provided to Executive and (as applicable and including the benefits listed under Section 2(d)) his dependents immediately prior to the date of termination or, as applicable and if more favorable to Executive, those provided in respect of Executive immediately prior to the first occurrence of an event or circumstance constituting Good Reason (in each case, however, subject to any amendments to such arrangements from time to time that are generally applicable to senior executives of the Company), at no greater cost to Executive than the cost to Executive immediately prior to such date or occurrence; and

(vi) For purposes of determining the amount of any benefit payable to Executive and Executive's right to any benefit otherwise payable under any pension plan (within the meaning of Section 3(2) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended) maintained by the Company or its Affiliates ("Pension Plan"), and except to the extent it would result in a duplication of benefits under the following sentence, Executive shall be treated as if he had accumulated (after the date of termination) twenty-four (24) additional months of service credit thereunder and had been credited during such period with his compensation as in effect immediately before termination (or, if greater and as applicable, immediately prior to the first occurrence of an event or circumstance constituting Good Reason). In addition to the benefits to which Executive is entitled under any defined contribution Pension Plan, the Company shall pay Executive a lump sum amount, in cash, equal to the sum of (A) the amount that would have been contributed thereto or credited thereunder by the Company on Executive's behalf during the twenty-four (24) months following his termination (but not including as amounts that would have been contributed or credited an amount equal to the amount of any reduction in base salary, bonus or other compensation that would have occurred in connection with such contribution or credit), determined (x) as if Executive made or received the maximum permissible contributions thereto or credits thereunder during such period, and (y) as if Executive earned compensation during such period at the rate in effect immediately before termination (or, if greater and as applicable, immediately prior to the first occurrence of an event or circumstance constituting Good Reason), and (B) the excess, if any, of (x) Executive's account balance under the Pension Plan as of the date of termination over (y) the portion of such account balance that is nonforfeitable under the terms of the Pension Plan.

Notwithstanding the foregoing but subject to execution and nonrevocation of the Release, the cash lump sum amounts payable pursuant to Section 4(b)(iv) and (vi), shall be paid sixty (60) days after Executive's Date of Termination.

(c) Termination in Connection With a Change in Control. In the event that Executive's employment terminates without Cause pursuant to Section 3(a)(iv) or Executive resigns for Good Reason pursuant to Section 3(a)(v) within twenty-four (24) months following a Change in Control, subject to Executive signing on or before the 50th day following Executive's Separation from Service, and not revoking, the Release and Executive's continued compliance with Sections 5 and 6, in lieu of any amounts payable under Section 4(b), then Executive shall receive, in addition to payments and benefits set forth in Section 3(c), the following benefits:

(i) Company shall pay to Executive, an amount equal to two and one-half (2 ½) times the sum of (A) the Annual Base Salary plus (B) the Target Bonus, payable in a lump sum (provided that payments shall be made in installments on the Schedule described in Section 4(b)(i) if the Change in Control does not constitute a "change in control event" described in Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-3(i)(5));

(ii) Company shall pay to Executive an amount equal to the Annual Bonus, determined based on the actual performance of the Company for the full fiscal year in which Executive's employment terminates, prorated for the number of days of employment completed during the fiscal year in which the Date of Termination occurs, payable in a lump sum cash amount at the time it would otherwise have been paid had the Executive remained employed for the entire fiscal year in accordance with Section 2(b);

(iii) Company shall pay to Executive an amount equal to the amount of the premiums Executive would have been required to pay to continue Executive's and Executive's covered dependents' medical, dental and vision coverage in effect on the Date of Termination under the Company's group healthcare plans pursuant to COBRA for twenty-four (24) months following the Date of Termination, which amount shall be based on the premium for the first month of COBRA

coverage and shall be paid regardless of whether or not Executive elects COBRA continuation coverage;

(iv) Subject to continued payment by Executive of any applicable cost owed by him under the applicable plan, for the twenty-four (24) months following the Date of Termination continuation of life and accidental death and dismemberment benefits substantially similar to those provided to Executive and (as applicable and benefits listed under Section 2(d)) his dependents immediately prior to the date of termination or, as applicable and if more favorable to Executive, those provided in respect of Executive immediately prior to the first occurrence of an event or circumstance constituting Good Reason (in each case, however, subject to any amendments to such arrangements from time to time that are generally applicable to senior executives of the Company), at no greater cost to Executive than the cost to Executive immediately prior to such date or occurrence; and

(v) For purposes of determining the amount of any benefit payable to Executive and Executive's right to any benefit otherwise payable under any Pension Plan, and except to the extent it would result in a duplication of benefits under the following sentence, Executive shall be treated as if he had accumulated (after the date of termination) thirty (30) months of service credit thereunder and had been credited during such period with his compensation as in effect immediately before termination (or, if greater and as applicable, immediately prior to the first occurrence of an event or circumstance constituting Good Reason). In addition to the benefits to which Executive is entitled under any defined contribution Pension Plan, the Company shall pay Executive a lump sum amount, in cash, equal to the sum of (A) the amount that would have been contributed thereto or credited thereunder by the Company on Executive's behalf during the thirty (30) months following his termination (but not including as amounts that would have been contributed or credited an amount equal to the amount of any reduction in base salary, bonus or other compensation that would have occurred in connection with such contribution or credit), determined (x) as if Executive made or received the maximum permissible contributions thereto or credits thereunder during such period, and (y) as if Executive earned compensation during such period at the rate in effect immediately before termination (or, if greater and as applicable, immediately prior to the first occurrence of an event or circumstance constituting Good Reason), and (B) the excess, if any, of (x) Executive's account balance under the Pension Plan as of the date of termination over (y) the portion of such account balance that is nonforfeitable under the terms of the Pension Plan.

Notwithstanding the foregoing but subject to execution and nonrevocation of the Release, the cash lump sum amounts payable pursuant to Section 4(c)(i), (iii), and (v), shall be paid sixty (60) days after Executive's Date of Termination.

(d) Termination Upon Death. If Executive's employment shall terminate as a result of Executive's death pursuant to Section 3(a)(i), the Executive's estate or beneficiary shall be entitled to receive in addition to payments and benefits set forth in Section 3(c) subject to signing on or before the 50th day following Executive's death, and not revoking, the Release:

(i) a lump sum payment equal to Executive's Annual Base Salary as in effect on the date of death;

(ii) an amount equal to the Annual Bonus, determined based on the actual performance of the Company for the full fiscal year in which Executive's employment terminates, prorated for the number of days of employment completed during the fiscal year in which the Date of Termination occurs, payable in a lump sum cash amount at the time it would otherwise have been paid had the Executive remained employed for the entire fiscal year in accordance with section 2(b); and

(iii) Executive's equity awards shall vest in full at the Date of Termination, with any performance based awards vesting at the greater of target or actual performance through the Date of Termination.

Notwithstanding the foregoing but subject to execution and nonrevocation of the Release, the cash lump sum amounts payable pursuant to Section 4(d)(i), shall be paid sixty (60) days after Executive's Date of Termination.

(e) Termination Upon Disability. If Executive's employment shall terminate as a result of or Disability pursuant to Section 3(a)(ii), Executive shall be entitled to receive in addition to the payments and benefits set forth in Section 3(c), subject to signing on or before the 50th day following his Date of Termination, and not revoking, the Release:

(i) an amount equal to the Annual Bonus, determined based on the actual performance of the Company for the full fiscal year in which Executive's employment terminates, prorated for the number of days of employment completed during the fiscal year in which the Date of Termination occurs, payable in a lump sum cash amount at the time it would otherwise have been paid had the Executive remained employed for the entire fiscal year in accordance with section 2(b); and

(ii) Executive's equity awards vest in full at the Date of Termination, with any performance based awards vesting at the greater of target or actual performance through the Date of Termination.

(f) Survival. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the provisions of Sections 5 through 11 and Section 13(i) will survive the termination of Executive's employment and the expiration or termination of the Term.

(g) No Mitigation; Payment to Surviving Spouse. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, Executive shall not be required to seek other employment or otherwise mitigate any damages resulting from any termination of employment. In the event of Executive's death prior to payment of all compensation and benefits due to Executive under Section 3(c) or Section 4 of this Agreement, any remaining compensation and benefits shall be paid to his spouse, if any, or if none as required by laws of succession or intestacy.

5. **Covenants**. Executive acknowledges that Executive has been provided with Confidential Information (as defined below) and, during the Term, the Company from time to time will provide Executive with access to Confidential Information. Ancillary to the rights provided to Executive as set forth in this Agreement and the Company's provision of Confidential Information, and Executive's agreements regarding the use of same, in order to protect the value of any Confidential Information, the Company and Executive agree to the following provisions, for which Executive agrees he received adequate consideration and which Executive acknowledges are reasonable and necessary to protect the legitimate interests of the Company and represent a fair balance of the Company's rights to protect its business and Executive's right to pursue employment:

(a) Executive shall not, at any time during the Restriction Period (as defined below), directly or indirectly engage in, have any equity interest in, interview for a potential employment or consulting relationship with, or manage, provide services to or operate any person, firm, corporation, partnership or business (whether as director, officer, employee, agent, representative, partner, security holder, consultant or otherwise) that engages in any business which competes with any portion of the Business (as defined below) of the Company anywhere in the world. Nothing herein shall prohibit Executive from being a passive owner of not more than 5% of the outstanding equity interest in any entity that is publicly traded, so long as Executive has no active participation in the business of such entity.

(b) Executive shall not, at any time during the Restriction Period, directly or indirectly, engage or prepare to engage in any of the following activities: (i) solicit, divert or take away any customers,

clients, or business acquisition or other business opportunity of the Company, (ii) contact or solicit, with respect to hiring, or knowingly hire any employee of the Company or any person employed by the Company at any time during the 12-month period immediately preceding the Date of Termination, (iii) induce or otherwise counsel, advise or encourage any employee of the Company to leave the employment of the Company, or (iv) induce any distributor, representative or agent of the Company to terminate or modify its relationship with the Company.

(c) In the event the terms of this Section 5 shall be determined by any court of competent jurisdiction to be unenforceable by reason of its extending for too great a period of time or over too great a geographical area or by reason of its being too extensive in any other respect, it will be interpreted to extend only over the maximum period of time for which it may be enforceable, over the maximum geographical area as to which it may be enforceable, or to the maximum extent in all other respects as to which it may be enforceable, all as determined by such court in such action.

(d) As used in this Section 5, (i) the term “Company” shall include the Company and its direct and indirect parents and subsidiaries; (ii) the term “Business” shall mean the business of the Company and shall include (a) designing, developing, distributing, marketing or manufacturing dental products or (b) any other process, system, product or service marketed, sold or under development by the Company at any time during Executive’s employment with the Company; and (iii) the term “Restriction Period” shall mean the period beginning on the Effective Date and ending twenty-four (24) months following the Date of Termination for any reason.

(e) Executive agrees, during the Term and following the Date of Termination, to refrain from Disparaging (as defined below) the Company and its Affiliates, including any of its services, technologies, products, processes or practices, or any of its directors, officers, agents, representatives or stockholders, either orally or in writing. The Company agrees, on its behalf and on behalf of its Officers and Directors, to refrain from Disparaging Executive. Nothing in this paragraph shall preclude Executive or the Company (as applicable) from making truthful statements that are reasonably necessary to comply with applicable law, regulation or legal process, or to defend or enforce Executive's or the Company’s rights under this Agreement. For purposes of this Agreement, “Disparaging” means making remarks, comments or statements, whether written or oral, that impugn or are reasonably likely to impugn the character, integrity, reputation or abilities of the entities, persons, services, products, technologies, processes or practices listed in this Section 5(e).

(f) Executive agrees that during the Restriction Period, Executive will cooperate fully with the Company in its defense of or other participation in any administrative, judicial or other proceeding arising from any charge, complaint or other action which has been or may be filed.

(g) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement, if and to the extent requested by the Company during the period commencing on the Date of Termination and ending at the end of the Restriction Period, Executive agrees to provide to the Company up to five (5) hours of consulting services per month, on an “as needed” basis at times and in a manner that is mutually convenient. Executive shall not receive any additional compensation for the provision of these consulting services if he is receiving the severance benefits otherwise payable pursuant to Section 4 in connection with Executive’s services rendered during the Term. If Executive is not receiving severance, the Company and Executive shall agree on a mutually acceptable fee arrangement.

6. **Nondisclosure of Proprietary Information.**

(a) Except in connection with the faithful performance of Executive’s duties hereunder or pursuant to Section 6(c) and (e), Executive shall, in perpetuity, maintain in confidence and shall not directly, indirectly or otherwise, use, disseminate, disclose or publish, or use for Executive’s benefit or the benefit of any person, firm, corporation or other entity (other than the Company) any confidential or proprietary information or trade secrets of or relating to the Company (including, without limitation, business plans, business strategies and methods, acquisition targets, intellectual property in the form of patents, trademarks and copyrights and applications therefor, ideas, inventions, works, discoveries,

improvements, information, documents, formulae, practices, processes, methods, developments, source code, modifications, technology, techniques, data, programs, other know-how or materials, owned, developed or possessed by the Company, whether in tangible, intangible or electronic form, information with respect to the Company's operations, processes, products, inventions, business practices, finances, principals, vendors, suppliers, customers, potential customers, marketing methods, costs, prices, contractual relationships, regulatory status, prospects and compensation paid to employees or other terms of employment) (collectively, the "Confidential Information"), or deliver to any person, firm, corporation or other entity any document, record, notebook, computer program or similar repository of or containing any such Confidential Information. The Parties hereby stipulate and agree that, as between them, any item of Confidential Information is important, material and confidential and affects the successful conduct of the businesses of the Company (and any successor or assignee of the Company). Notwithstanding the foregoing, Confidential Information shall not include any information that has been published in a form generally available to the public or is publicly available or has become public or general industry knowledge prior to the date Executive proposes to disclose or use such information, *provided, that* such publishing or public availability or knowledge of the Confidential Information shall not have resulted from Executive directly or indirectly breaching Executive's obligations under this Section 6(a) or any other similar provision by which Executive is bound, or from any third-party breaching a provision similar to that found under this Section 6(a). For the purposes of the previous sentence, Confidential Information will not be deemed to have been published or otherwise disclosed merely because individual portions of the information have been separately published, but only if material features comprising such information have been published or become publicly available.

(b) Upon termination of Executive's employment with the Company for any reason, Executive will promptly deliver to the Company all correspondence, drawings, manuals, letters, notes, notebooks, reports, programs, plans, proposals, financial documents, or any other documents or property (in whatever form) concerning the Company's customers, business plans, marketing strategies, products, property, processes or Confidential Information.

(c) Executive may respond to a lawful and valid subpoena or other legal process but shall give the Company the earliest possible notice thereof, shall, as much in advance of the return date as possible, make available to the Company and its counsel the documents and other information sought and shall assist such counsel at Company's expense in resisting or otherwise responding to such process, in each case to the extent permitted by applicable laws or rules.

(d) As used in this Section 6 and Section 7, the term "Company" shall include the Company and its direct and indirect parents and subsidiaries.

(e) Nothing in this Agreement shall prohibit Executive from (i) disclosing information and documents when required by law, subpoena or court order (subject to the requirements of Section 6(c) above), (ii) disclosing information and documents to Executive's attorney, financial or tax adviser for the purpose of securing legal, financial or tax advice, (iii) disclosing Executive's post-employment restrictions in this Agreement in confidence to any potential new employer of Executive, or (iv) retaining, at any time, Executive's personal correspondence, Executive's personal contacts and documents related to Executive's own personal benefits, entitlements and obligations, except where such correspondence, contracts and documents contain Confidential Information.

7. **Inventions.**

All rights to discoveries, inventions, improvements and innovations (including all data and records pertaining thereto) related to the Business, whether or not patentable, copyrightable, registrable as a trademark, or reduced to writing, that Executive may discover, invent or originate during the Term, either alone or with others and whether or not during working hours or by the use of the facilities of the Company ("Inventions"), shall be the exclusive property of the Company. Executive shall promptly disclose all Inventions to the Company, shall execute at the request of the Company any assignments or other documents the Company may deem reasonably necessary to protect or perfect its rights therein, and

shall assist the Company, upon reasonable request and at the Company's expense, in obtaining, defending and enforcing the Company's rights therein. Executive hereby appoints the Company as Executive's attorney-in-fact to execute on Executive's behalf any assignments or other documents reasonably deemed necessary by the Company to protect or perfect its rights to any Inventions. During the Restriction Period, Executive shall assist Company and its nominee, at any time, in the protection of Company's (or its Affiliates') worldwide right, title and interest in and to Inventions and the execution of all formal assignment documents requested by Company or its nominee and the execution of all lawful oaths and applications for patents and registration of copyright in the United States and foreign countries.

8. **Injunctive Relief.**

It is recognized and acknowledged by Executive that a breach of the covenants contained in Sections 5-6 or 7 will cause irreparable damage to Company and its goodwill, the exact amount of which will be difficult or impossible to ascertain, and that the remedies at law for any such breach will be inadequate. Accordingly, Executive agrees that in the event of a breach of any of the covenants contained in Sections 5-6 or 7, in addition to any other remedy which may be available at law or in equity, the Company will be entitled to seek specific performance and injunctive relief without the requirement to post bond.

9. **Maximum Payment Limit.** If any payment or benefit due under this Agreement, together with all other payments and benefits that Executive receives or is entitled to receive from the Company or any of its subsidiaries, Affiliates or related entities, would (if paid or provided) constitute an excess parachute payment for purposes of Section 280G of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), the amounts otherwise payable and benefits otherwise due under this Agreement will either (i) be delivered in full, or (ii) be limited to the minimum extent necessary to ensure that no portion thereof will fail to be tax-deductible to the Company by reason of Section 280G of the Code, whichever of the foregoing amounts, taking into account the applicable federal, state or local income and employment taxes and the excise tax imposed under Section 4999 of the Code, results in the receipt by the Executive, on an after-tax basis, of the greatest amount of benefits, notwithstanding that all or some portion of such benefits may be subject to the excise tax imposed under Section 4999 of the Code. In the event that the payments and/or benefits are to be reduced pursuant to this Section 9, such payments and benefits shall be reduced such that the reduction of cash compensation to be provided to the Executive as a result of this Section 9 is minimized. In applying this principle, the reduction shall be made in a manner consistent with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code and where two economically equivalent amounts are subject to reduction but payable at different times, such amounts shall be reduced on a pro rata basis but not below zero. All determinations required to be made under this Section 9 shall be made by the Company's independent public accounting firm, or by another advisor mutually agreed to by the parties, which shall provide detailed supporting calculations both to the Company and Executive within fifteen (15) business days of the receipt of notice from Executive that there has been a payment or benefit subject to this Section 9, or such earlier time as is requested by the Company.

10. **Clawback Provisions.**

Notwithstanding any other provisions in this Agreement to the contrary, any incentive-based compensation, or any other compensation, paid to Executive pursuant to this Agreement or any other agreement or arrangement with the Company which is subject to recovery under any Policy, law, government regulation or stock exchange listing requirement, will be subject to such deductions and clawback as may be required to be made pursuant to such Policy, law, government regulation or stock exchange listing requirement.

11. **Assignment and Successors.**

The Company may assign its rights and obligations under this Agreement to a United States subsidiary of the Company that is the main operating company of the Company (or the principal employer of employees of the Company and its subsidiaries) in the United States or to any successor to all or substantially all of the business or the assets of the Company (by merger or otherwise), and may assign or encumber this Agreement and its rights hereunder as security for indebtedness of the Company and its Affiliates. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Company, Executive and their respective successors, assigns, personnel and legal representatives, executors, administrators, heirs, distributees, devisees, and legatees, as applicable. None of Executive's rights or obligations may be assigned or transferred by Executive, other than Executive's rights to payments hereunder, which may be transferred only by will or operation of law. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Executive shall be entitled, to the extent permitted under applicable law and any applicable Company benefit plans or arrangements, to select and change a beneficiary or beneficiaries to receive compensation hereunder following Executive's death by giving written notice thereof to the Company.

12. **Certain Definitions.**

(a) **Affiliate.** "Affiliate" shall mean a Person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Person specified.

(b) **Beneficial Owner.** "Beneficial Owner" shall have the meaning defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act.

(c) **Cause.** The Company shall have "Cause" to terminate Executive's employment hereunder upon:

(i) a majority, plus at least one, of the members of the Company's Board of Directors, excluding Executive, determining that (a) Executive has committed an act of fraud against the Company, or (b) Executive has committed an act of malfeasance, recklessness or gross negligence against the Company that is materially injurious to the Company or its customers; or

(ii) a majority, plus at least one, of the members of the Company's Board of Directors, excluding Executive, determining that Executive materially breaching the terms of this Agreement; or

(iii) Executive's indictment for, or conviction of, or pleading no contest to, a felony or a crime involving Executive's moral turpitude.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, clauses (i) - (iii) shall not constitute "Cause" unless and until the Company has: (x) provided Executive, within 60 days of any Company director's knowledge of the occurrence of the facts and circumstances underlying such Cause event, written notice stating with specificity the applicable facts and circumstances underlying such finding of Cause; and (y) provided Executive with an opportunity to cure the same (if curable) within 30 days after the receipt of such notice.

(d) **Change in Control.** "Change in Control" shall mean an event set forth in any one of the following paragraphs shall have occurred following the Effective Date:

(i) any Person is or becomes the Beneficial Owner, directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company (not including in the securities beneficially owned by such Person any securities acquired directly from the Company or its Affiliates) representing 30% or more of the combined voting power of the Company's then outstanding securities, excluding any Person who becomes such a Beneficial Owner in connection with a transaction described in clause (2) of paragraph (iii) below; or

(ii) the following individuals cease for any reason to constitute a majority of the number of directors then serving: individuals who, on the Effective Date, constitute the Board and

any new director (other than a director whose initial assumption of office is in connection with an actual or threatened election contest, including but not limited to a consent solicitation, relating to the election of directors of the Company) whose appointment or election by the Board or nomination for election by the Company's stockholders was approved or recommended by a vote of at least two-thirds (2/3) of the directors then still in office who either were directors on the Effective Date or whose appointment, election or nomination for election was previously so approved or recommended; or

(iii) there is consummated a merger or consolidation of the Company (or any direct or indirect parent or subsidiary of the Company) with any other company, other than (1) a merger or consolidation which would result in the Beneficial Owners of the voting securities of the Company outstanding immediately prior thereto continuing to own, in combination with the ownership of any trustee or other fiduciary holding securities under an employee benefit plan of the Company or any of its Affiliates, more than 50% of the combined voting power of the voting securities of the Company, the entity surviving such merger or consolidation or, if the Company or the entity surviving such merger or consolidation is then a subsidiary, the ultimate parent thereof outstanding immediately after such merger or consolidation, (2) a merger or consolidation immediately following which the individuals who comprise the Board immediately prior thereto constitute at least a majority of the board of directors of the Company, the entity surviving such merger or consolidation or, if the Company or the entity surviving such merger or consolidation is then a subsidiary, the ultimate parent thereof, or (3) a merger or consolidation effected to implement a recapitalization of the Company (or similar transaction) in which no Person is or becomes the Beneficial Owner, directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company (not including in the securities Beneficially Owned by such Person any securities acquired directly from the Company or its Affiliates) representing 30% or more of the combined voting power of the Company's, a surviving entity's or, if the Company or the entity surviving such merger or consolidation is then a subsidiary, the ultimate parent's then outstanding securities; or

(iv) the stockholders of the Company approve a plan of complete liquidation or dissolution of the Company or there is consummated an agreement for the sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company's assets, other than a sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company's assets immediately following which the individuals who comprise the Board immediately prior thereto constitute at least a majority of the board of directors of the entity to which such assets are sold or disposed or any parent thereof.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Change in Control shall not be deemed to have occurred by virtue of the consummation of any transaction or series of integrated transactions immediately following which the holders of Common Shares immediately prior to such transaction or series of transactions continue to have substantially the same proportionate ownership in an entity which owns all or substantially all of the assets of the Company immediately following such transaction or series of transactions.

(e) Date of Termination. "Date of Termination" shall mean (i) if Executive's employment is terminated by Executive's death, the date of Executive's death; (ii) if Executive's employment is terminated pursuant to Section 3(a)(ii) - (vi) either the date indicated in the Notice of Termination or the date specified by the Company pursuant to Section 3(b), whichever is earlier.

(f) Disability. "Disability" shall mean, at any time the Company or any of its affiliates sponsors a long-term disability plan for the Company's employees, "disability" as defined in such long-term disability plan for the purpose of determining a participant's eligibility for benefits, provided, however, if the long-term disability plan contains multiple definitions of disability, "Disability" shall refer

to that definition of disability which, if Executive qualified for such disability benefits, would provide coverage for the longest period of time. The determination of whether Executive has a Disability shall be made by the person or persons required to make disability determinations under the long-term disability plan. At any time the Company does not sponsor a long-term disability plan for its employees, Disability shall mean Executive's inability to perform, with or without reasonable accommodation, the essential functions of Executive's position hereunder for a total of three months during any twelve-month period as a result of incapacity due to mental or physical illness as determined by a physician selected by the Company (or its insurers). Any unreasonable refusal by Executive to submit to a medical examination for the purpose of determining Disability within a reasonable period following a written request by the Company (or its insurers) shall be deemed to constitute conclusive evidence of Executive's Disability.

(g) **Exchange Act.** "Exchange Act" shall mean the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended from time to time.

(h) **Good Reason.** "Good Reason" shall mean:

(i) the Company reduces the Executive's Annual Base Salary or Target Bonus percentage, other than any reduction which is insignificant or is implemented as part of a formal austerity program approved by the Board and applicable to all other senior executive officers of the Company, provided such reduction does not reduce Executive's Annual Base Salary or Target Bonus by a percentage greater than the average reduction in compensation of all other senior executive officers of the Company, or a significant reduction in Executive's other compensation, including long-term incentive compensation, and benefits has occurred below its current amount at the time of this agreement;

(ii) a material, adverse change in Executive's responsibilities, authority or duties (including as a result of the assignment of duties materially inconsistent with Executive's position), or the inability to agree on a place of employment

(iii) the Company breaches a material obligation to Executive under the terms of this Agreement; and

(iv) the Company delivering to Executive a Notice of Non-Renewal which does not include a request to negotiate a new agreement during the Negotiation Term;

However, none of the foregoing events or conditions will constitute Good Reason unless: (x) Executive provides the Company with written objection to the event or condition within ninety (90) days following the occurrence thereof, (y) the Company does not reverse or otherwise cure the event or condition within thirty (30) days of receiving that written objection, and (z) the Executive resigns his employment within thirty (30) days following the expiration of that cure period.

(i) **Person.** "Person" shall have the meaning given in Section 3(a)(9) of the Exchange Act, as modified and used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) thereof, except that such term shall not include (i) the Company or its Subsidiaries, (ii) a trustee or other fiduciary holding securities under an employee benefit plan of the Company or any of its Affiliates, (iii) an underwriter temporarily holding securities pursuant to an offering of such securities, or (iv) a corporation owned, directly or indirectly, by the shareholders of the Company in substantially the same proportions as their ownership of Common Shares of the Company.

13. **Miscellaneous Provisions.**

(a) **Governing Law.** This Agreement shall be governed, construed, interpreted and enforced in accordance with its express terms, and otherwise in accordance with the substantive laws of State of New York without reference to the principles of conflicts of law of the State of New York or any other jurisdiction, and where applicable, the laws of the United States.

(b) Validity. The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision or provisions of this Agreement shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision of this Agreement, which shall remain in full force and effect.

(c) Notices. Any notice, request, claim, demand, document and other communication hereunder to any Party shall be effective upon receipt (or refusal of receipt) and shall be in writing and delivered personally or sent by facsimile or certified or registered mail, postage prepaid, as follows:

(i) If to the Company, to the attention of the General Counsel at its headquarters,

(ii) If to Executive, at the last address that the Company has in its personnel records for Executive, or

(iii) At any other address as any Party shall have specified by notice in writing to the other Party.

(d) Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all of which together will constitute one and the same Agreement. Signatures delivered by facsimile shall be deemed effective for all purposes.

(e) Entire Agreement. The terms of this Agreement are intended by the Parties to be the final expression of their agreement with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersede all prior understandings and agreements, whether written or oral (including, without limitation, the Prior Agreement). The Parties further intend that this Agreement shall constitute the complete and exclusive statement of their terms and that no extrinsic evidence whatsoever may be introduced in any judicial, administrative, or other legal proceeding to vary the terms of this Agreement.

(f) Amendments; Waivers. This Agreement may not be modified, amended, or terminated except by an instrument in writing, signed by Executive and a duly authorized officer of Company (other than Executive). By an instrument in writing similarly executed, Executive or a duly authorized officer of the Company (other than Executive) may waive compliance by the other Party with any specifically identified provision of this Agreement that such other Party was or is obligated to comply with or perform; *provided, however*, that such waiver shall not operate as a waiver of, or estoppel with respect to, any other or subsequent failure. No failure to exercise and no delay in exercising any right, remedy, or power hereunder preclude any other or further exercise of any other right, remedy, or power provided herein or by law or in equity.

(g) Construction. This Agreement shall be deemed drafted equally by both the Parties. Its language shall be construed as a whole and according to its fair meaning. Any presumption or principle that the language is to be construed against any Party shall not apply. The headings in this Agreement are only for convenience and are not intended to affect construction or interpretation. Any references to paragraphs, subparagraphs, sections or subsections are to those parts of this Agreement, unless the context clearly indicates to the contrary. Also, unless the context clearly indicates to the contrary, (i) the plural includes the singular and the singular includes the plural; (ii) “and” and “or” are each used both conjunctively and disjunctively; (iii) “any,” “all,” “each,” or “every” means “any and all,” and “each and every”; (iv) “includes” and “including” are each “without limitation”; (v) “herein,” “hereof,” “hereunder” and other similar compounds of the word “here” refer to the entire Agreement and not to any particular paragraph, subparagraph, section or subsection; and (vi) all pronouns and any variations thereof shall be deemed to refer to the masculine, feminine, neuter, singular or plural as the identity of the entities or persons referred to may require.

(h) Arbitration. If any dispute or controversy arises under or in connection with this Agreement, is not resolved within a commercially reasonable time not to exceed sixty (60) days, then such dispute or controversy shall be settled exclusively by arbitration, conducted before a single neutral arbitrator at a location mutually agreed between the Company and Executive within the state of the Company’s headquarters at such time in accordance with the Employment Arbitration Rules & Procedures of JAMS (“JAMS”) then in effect, in accordance with this Section 13(h), except as otherwise prohibited

by any nonwaivable provision of applicable law or regulation. The parties hereby agree that the arbitrator shall construe, interpret and enforce this Agreement in accordance with its express terms, and otherwise in accordance with the governing law as set forth in Section 13(a). Judgment may be entered on the arbitration award in any court having jurisdiction, *provided, however*, that either Party shall be entitled to seek a restraining order or injunction in any court of competent jurisdiction to prevent any continuation of any violation of the provisions of this Agreement and Executive hereby consents that such restraining order or injunction may be granted without requiring the other Party to post a bond. Unless the parties otherwise agree, only individuals who are on the JAMS register of arbitrators shall be selected as an arbitrator. Additionally, except upon showing of cause each party shall have the right to propound no more than 10 special interrogatories and requests for admission, and to take the deposition of one individual and any expert witness designated by the other party. Within 20 days of the conclusion of the arbitration hearing, the arbitrator shall prepare written findings of fact and conclusions of law. It is mutually agreed that the written decision of the arbitrator shall be valid, binding, final and enforceable by any court of competent jurisdiction. In the event action is brought pursuant to this Section 13(b), the arbitrator shall have authority to award fees and costs to the prevailing party, in accordance with applicable law. If in the opinion of the arbitrator there is no prevailing party, then each party shall pay its own attorney's fees and expenses. Both Executive and the Company expressly waive their right to a jury trial. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as precluding the bringing of an action for injunctive relief or specific performance as provided in this Agreement. This dispute resolution process and any arbitration hereunder shall be confidential and neither any Party nor the arbitrator shall disclose the existence, contents or results of such process without the prior written consent of all Parties, except where necessary or compelled in a Court to enforce this arbitration provision or an award from such arbitration or otherwise in a legal proceeding. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Executive and the Company each have the right to resolve any issue or dispute over intellectual property rights by Court action instead of arbitration. The Company may also enjoin by Court action any breach of Sections 5-6 or 7 as permitted by Section 8.

(i) Enforcement. If any provision of this Agreement is held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable under present or future laws effective during the term of this Agreement, such provision shall be fully severable; this Agreement shall be construed and enforced as if such illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision had never comprised a portion of this Agreement; and the remaining provisions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be affected by the illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision or by its severance from this Agreement. Furthermore, in lieu of such illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision there shall be added automatically as part of this Agreement a provision as similar in terms to such illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision as may be possible and be legal, valid and enforceable.

(j) Withholding. The Company shall be entitled to withhold from any amounts payable under this Agreement any federal, state, local or foreign withholding or other taxes or charges which the Company is required to withhold or by its Policies it customarily withholds. The Company shall be entitled to rely on an opinion of counsel if any questions as to the amount or requirement of withholding shall arise.

(k) Section 409A.

(i) *General*. The intent of the Parties is that the payments and benefits under this Agreement comply with or be exempt from Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the regulations and guidance promulgated thereunder (collectively, "Section 409A") and, accordingly, to the maximum extent permitted, this Agreement shall be interpreted to be in compliance therewith.

(ii) *Separation from Service*. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, any compensation or benefits payable under this Agreement that is considered nonqualified deferred compensation under Section 409A and is designated under this Agreement

as payable upon Executive's termination of employment shall be payable only upon Executive's "separation from service" with the Company within the meaning of Section 409A (a "Separation from Service") and, except as provided below, any such compensation or benefits described in Sections 4(b)-(e) shall not be paid, or, in the case of installments, shall not commence payment, until the sixtieth (60th) day following Executive's Separation from Service (the "First Payment Date"). Any lump sum payment or installment payments that would have been made to Executive during the sixty (60) day period immediately following Executive's Separation from Service but for the preceding sentence shall be paid to Executive on the First Payment Date and any remaining installment payments shall be made as provided in this Agreement.

(iii) *Specified Employee.* Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to or any other agreement providing compensatory payments to Executive to the contrary, if Executive is deemed by the Company at the time of Executive's Separation from Service to be a "specified employee" for purposes of Section 409A, any payment of compensation or benefits to which Executive is entitled under this Agreement or any other compensatory plan or agreement that is considered nonqualified deferred compensation under Section 409A payable as a result of Executive's Separation from Service shall be delayed to the extent required in order to avoid a prohibited distribution under Section 409A until the earlier of (i) the expiration of the six-month period measured from the date of Executive's Separation from Service with the Company or (ii) the date of Executive's death. Upon the first business day following the expiration of the applicable Section 409A period, all payments deferred pursuant to the preceding sentence shall be paid in a lump sum to Executive (or Executive's estate or beneficiaries), and any remaining payments due to Executive under this Agreement or any other compensatory plan or agreement shall be paid as otherwise provided herein or therein.

(iv) *Expense Reimbursements.* To the extent that any reimbursements under this Agreement are subject to Section 409A, any such reimbursements payable to Executive shall be paid to Executive no later than December 31 of the year following the year in which the expense was incurred; provided, that Executive submits Executive's reimbursement request promptly following the date the expense is incurred, the amount of expenses reimbursed in one year shall not affect the amount eligible for reimbursement in any subsequent year, other than medical expenses referred to in Section 105(b) of the Code, and Executive's right to reimbursement under this Agreement will not be subject to liquidation or exchange for another benefit.

(v) *Tax Gross Up Payments.* Any tax gross-up payments to which Executive is entitled hereunder shall be paid to Executive no later than December 31 of the year next following the year which Executive remits the related tax payments to the applicable tax authorities, including the amount of additional taxes imposed upon Executive due to the Company's reimbursement of the taxes on the compensation subject to the tax gross up.

(vi) *Installments.* Executive's right to receive any installment payments under this Agreement, including without limitation any continuation salary payments that are payable on Company payroll dates, shall be treated as a right to receive a series of separate payments and, accordingly, each such installment payment shall at all times be considered a separate and distinct payment as permitted under Section 409A. Except as otherwise permitted under Section 409A, no payment hereunder shall be accelerated or deferred unless such acceleration or deferral would not result in additional tax or interest pursuant to Section 409A.

14. **Executive Acknowledgement.**

Executive acknowledges that Executive has read and understands this Agreement, is fully aware of its legal effect, has not acted in reliance upon any representations or promises made by the Company other

than those contained in writing herein, and has entered into this Agreement freely based on Executive's own judgment.

[Signature Page Follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this Agreement as of the date and year first above written.

DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc.

By: _____
Jeffrey T. Slovin
Chief Executive Officer

EXECUTIVE

By: _____
Christopher T. Clark

Employment Agreement

This Employment Agreement (this "Agreement"), dated as of April __, 2016 ("Effective Date") is made by and between DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and Ulrich Michel ("Executive") (collectively referred to herein as the "Parties").

RECITALS

- A. It is the desire of the Company to assure itself of the services of Executive effective as of the Effective Date and thereafter by entering into this Agreement.
- B. Executive and the Company mutually desire that Executive provide services to the Company on the terms herein provided.

AGREEMENT

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and of the respective covenants and agreements set forth below, the Parties hereto agree as follows:

1. **Employment.**

(a) **General.** The Company shall employ Executive and Executive shall remain in the employ of the Company, for the period and in the position set forth in this Section 1, and subject to the other terms and conditions herein provided.

(b) This Agreement shall supersede and replace the Employment Agreement between Executive and Sirona Dental Systems, Inc. ("Sirona") dated as of July 29, 2013 and as amended through the date hereof (the "Prior Agreement"), which shall terminate and no longer be effective as of the Effective Date. Notwithstanding any provision pursuant to any equity incentive compensation plan of Sirona or any agreement thereunder to the contrary, Executive hereby waives vesting in any award subject thereto that otherwise would vest solely by reason of consummation of the merger ("Merger") contemplated by the Agreement and Plan of Merger ("Merger Agreement") by and among DENTSPLY International Inc., Sirona and Dawkins Merger Sub, Inc., dated September 15, 2015, and which became effective on February 29, 2016, and, such awards shall be assumed by and converted into awards of the Company (as adjusted in accordance with the provisions of the Merger Agreement) (the "Waived Awards"). Executive shall vest in full in the Waived Awards upon termination of his employment hereunder for any reason (to the extent not previously vested). Sirona is party to this Agreement solely for purposes of this Section 1(b).

(c) **Employment Term.** The term of employment under this Agreement (the "Term") shall be for the period beginning on the Effective Date, and shall automatically renew for twelve (12) month periods unless no later than ninety (90) days prior to the end of the applicable Term either party gives written notice of non-renewal ("Notice of Non-Renewal") to the other in which case Executive's employment will terminate at the end of the then-applicable Term, subject to earlier termination as provided in Section 3. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that any Notice of Non-Renewal given by the Company indicates that the Company is willing to continue Executive's employment under the terms of a new agreement, then Executive and the Company shall negotiate in good faith regarding the terms of such new agreement. If Executive and the Company have not agreed on the terms of a new agreement within 150 days following the date of such Notice of Non-Renewal (the "Negotiation Term"), then Executive's employment shall terminate upon expiration of the Negotiation Term, unless otherwise agreed by the Company and Executive.

(d) **Position and Duties.** Executive shall serve as the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer with such responsibilities, duties and for activities assigned by the Chief Executive

Officer of the Company depending on the needs and demands of the business and the availability of other personnel, provided that such services shall generally be similar in level of position and responsibility as those set forth in this Agreement. Executive shall devote substantially all of Executive's working time and efforts to the business and affairs of the Company (which shall include service to its Affiliates) and shall not engage in outside business activities (including serving on outside boards or committees) without the consent of the Chief Executive Officer, provided that Executive shall be permitted to (i) manage Executive's personal, financial and legal affairs, (ii) participate in trade associations, (iii) serve on the board of directors of not-for-profit or tax-exempt charitable organizations, and (iv) with Chief Executive Officer approval, serve on the board of directors or similar board of for-profit organizations, in each case, subject to compliance with this Agreement and provided that such activities do not materially interfere with Executive's performance of Executive's duties and responsibilities hereunder. Executive agrees to observe and comply with the rules and policies of the Company and its subsidiaries as adopted by the Company or its Affiliates from time to time, in each case as amended from time to time, as set forth in writing, and as delivered or made available to Executive (each, a "Policy").

(e) Principal Place of Employment. The Parties agree that Executive's principal office will be the Company's headquarters or such other principal office or offices, as appropriate for the performance of his duties, as mutually agreed by both parties and determined in consultation with the Chief Executive Officer. The Parties understand that given the nature of Executive's duties, Executive will be required to travel and perform services at locations other than his principal office from time to time.

2. **Compensation and Related Matters.**

(a) Annual Base Salary. During the Term, Executive shall receive a base salary at a minimum rate of €589,578 per annum, which shall be paid in accordance with the customary payroll practices of the Company and shall be pro-rated for partial years of employment. Such annual base salary shall be subject to annual review and increase by the Board (such annual base salary, as it may be increased from time to time, the "Annual Base Salary").

(b) Bonus. With respect to each fiscal year of the Company Executive will be eligible to participate in an annual incentive program established by the Board. Executive's annual incentive compensation under such incentive program, (the "Annual Bonus") shall be targeted at 75% of his Annual Base Salary (the "Target Bonus"), and shall include the full year period commencing on January 1, 2016, with the expectation that the bonus will scale upward and downward based on actual performance, as determined by the Board, such that the actual Annual Bonus payable to Executive may be greater than, equal to or less than the Target Bonus. The Annual Bonus shall be based upon the achievement of Company and/or individual performance metrics as established by the Board. The Annual Bonus for a fiscal year will be paid no later than the fifteenth day of the third month following the end of such fiscal year.

(c) Long-Term Incentive. Prior to the first anniversary of the Effective Date, the Company will adopt a broad-based equity compensation plan and will grant Executive equity incentive awards (or other long-term incentive compensation). The grant date fair value, type of award and specific terms and conditions of such awards will be determined by the compensation committee of the Board, but shall be commensurate with Executive's position and the terms shall be consistent with the terms applicable to similarly situated officers. Executive shall be eligible to receive long-term incentive awards on an annual basis with a grant date fair value of at least \$850,000.

(d) Benefits. During the Term, Executive shall be eligible to participate in employee benefit plans, programs and arrangements generally available from time to time to other similarly situated senior executives of the Company in the jurisdiction of Executive's principal office location, included but not limited to the Company's life and disability insurance policy. Executive shall receive €22,000 per annum allowance for contribution in Executive's deferred compensation plan. The Executive shall

also receive an allowance of €12,000 per annum for additional medical coverage. The Executive will also be reimbursed for reasonable amounts of tax advice and financial planning services. The foregoing, however, shall not be construed to require the Company to establish any such plans or to prevent the modification or termination of any such plans once established, and no such action or failure to act shall affect this Agreement. Such allowances described herein shall be grossed up so there will be no tax disadvantage to the Executive. Executive shall receive full credit for his prior service with Sirona, including for purposes of vesting and eligibility.

(e) **Paid Time Off.** During the Term, Executive shall be entitled to at least twenty five (25) days, on an annualized basis, of paid personal leave in accordance with the Company's Policies. Any vacation shall be taken at the reasonable and mutual convenience of the Company and Executive.

(f) **Business Expenses.** During the Term, the Company shall reimburse Executive for all reasonable travel and other business expenses incurred by Executive in the performance of Executive's duties to the Company in accordance with the Company's expense reimbursement Policy.

(g) **School Allowance.** The Company will reimburse the Executive for the education costs of his dependent children in grade K to 12 (or up to the end of secondary school). Reimbursement under this provision shall be limited to tuition fees, books and necessary supplies, and local school transportation. Such allowance shall be grossed up so there will be no tax disadvantage to the Executive.

(h)

3. **Termination.**

Executive's employment hereunder may be terminated by the Company or Executive, as applicable, without any breach of this Agreement under the following circumstances:

(a) **Circumstances.**

(i) *Death.* Executive's employment hereunder shall terminate upon Executive's death.

(ii) *Disability.* If Executive has incurred a Disability, as defined below, the Company may terminate Executive's employment.

(iii) *Termination for Cause.* The Company may terminate Executive's employment for Cause, as defined below.

(iv) *Termination without Cause.* The Company may terminate Executive's employment without Cause.

(v) *Resignation from the Company for Good Reason.* Executive may resign Executive's employment with the Company for Good Reason, as defined below.

(vi) *Resignation from the Company without Good Reason.* Executive may resign Executive's employment with the Company without Good Reason.

(b) **Notice of Termination.** Any termination of Executive's employment by the Company or by Executive under this **Section 3** (other than termination pursuant to paragraph (a)(i)) shall be communicated by a written notice to the other party hereto (i) indicating the specific termination provision in this Agreement relied upon, (ii) setting forth in reasonable detail the facts and circumstances claimed to provide a basis for termination of Executive's employment under the provision so indicated, if applicable, and (iii) specifying a Date of Termination which, if submitted by Executive pursuant to paragraph (a)(vi), shall be at least ninety (90) days following the date of such notice (a "**Notice of Termination**"); *provided, however*, that in the event that Executive delivers a Notice of Termination to the Company, the Company may, in its sole discretion, change the Date of Termination to any date that occurs following the date of Company's receipt of such Notice of Termination and is prior to the date specified in such Notice of Termination. A Notice of Termination submitted by the Company may provide for a Date of Termination on the date Executive receives the Notice of Termination, or any date thereafter elected by the Company in its sole discretion. In the event

of a dispute over Cause or Good Reason, either Party may introduce newly discovered or newly arising evidence in support of or in opposition to its Cause or his Good Reason.

(c) Company Obligations upon Termination Not in Connection with Change in Control. Upon termination of Executive's employment pursuant to any of the circumstances listed in Section 3(a), Executive (or Executive's estate) shall be entitled to receive the sum of: (i) the portion of Executive's Annual Base Salary earned through the Date of Termination, but not yet paid to Executive; (ii) any paid time off that has been accrued but unused in accordance with the Company's Policies; (iii) any reimbursements owed to Executive pursuant to Section 2(f); (iv) any amount accrued and arising from Executive's participation in, or benefits accrued under any employee benefit plans, programs or arrangements, which amounts shall be payable in accordance with the terms and conditions of such employee benefit plans, programs or arrangements; and (v) except in the case of a termination of Executive's employment for Cause pursuant to Section 3(a)(iii), any earned but unpaid Annual Bonus for the prior fiscal year, and (vi) Executive shall immediately vest in his Waived Awards as provided in Section 1(b) and such Waived Awards. Except as otherwise expressly required by law (e.g., COBRA (as defined below)) or as specifically provided herein or in any other plan or arrangement maintained by the Company, all of Executive's rights to salary, severance, benefits, bonuses and other compensatory amounts hereunder (if any) shall cease upon the termination of Executive's employment hereunder. In the event that Executive's employment is terminated by the Company for any reason, Executive's sole and exclusive remedy shall be to receive the payments and benefits described in this Section 3(c) or Section 4, or in any other plan or arrangement maintained by the Company, as applicable.

(d) Deemed Resignation. Upon termination of Executive's employment for any reason, Executive shall be deemed to have resigned from all offices and directorships, if any, then held with the Company or any of its Affiliates.

4. **Severance Payments.**

(a) Termination for Cause, or Resignation without Good Reason. If Executive's employment shall terminate pursuant to Section 3(a)(iii) for Cause, or pursuant to Section 3(a)(vi) for Executive's resignation from the Company without Good Reason, then Executive shall not be entitled to any severance payments or benefits, except as provided in Section 3(c).

(b) Termination without Cause, Resignation for Good Reason or Expiration of Term. If Executive's employment terminates without Cause pursuant to Section 3(a)(iv), Executive resigns for Good Reason pursuant to Section 3(a)(v), or Executive's employment terminates upon expiration of the Term or Negotiation Term by reason of the Company providing the Notice of Non-Renewal then, subject to Executive signing on or before the 50th day following Executive's Separation from Service (as defined below), and not revoking, a release of claims in customary and equitable form (the "Release"), and Executive's continued compliance with Sections 5 and 6, Executive shall receive, in addition to payments and benefits set forth in Section 3(c), the following benefits:

(i) Company shall pay to Executive, an amount equal to two (2) times the sum of (A) the Annual Base Salary plus (B) the Target Bonus, payable over twenty-four months immediately following the Release's effective date in equal installments in accordance with the Company's regular payroll practice following the Date of Termination, until the earlier of (A) twenty-four (24) months after the Release's effective date or (B) the date the Executive first violates any of the restrictive covenants set forth in Sections 5 and 6 or the provisions of Section 7;

(ii) Company shall pay to Executive an amount equal to the Annual Bonus, determined based on the actual performance of the Company for the full fiscal year in which Executive's employment terminates, prorated for the number of days of employment completed during the fiscal year in which the Date of Termination occurs, payable in a lump sum cash amount at the time it would otherwise have been paid had the Executive remained employed for the entire fiscal year in accordance with section 2(b);

(iii) Executive's equity awards which are outstanding on the Date of Termination shall (x) remain outstanding, (y) continue to vest notwithstanding Executive's termination of employment for a period of twenty-four (24) months following the Date of Termination, and (z) remain exercisable until the earlier of ninety (90) days following the twenty-four (24) month anniversary after the Date of Termination or the date such equity award would have expired had Executive remained in continuous employment;

(iv) Company shall pay to Executive in a cash lump sum an amount equal to the amount of the premiums Executive would have been required to pay to continue Executive's and Executive's covered dependents' medical, dental and vision coverage in effect on the Date of Termination under the Company's group healthcare plans pursuant to the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended ("COBRA") for twenty-four (24) months following the Date of Termination, which amount shall be based on the premium for the first month of COBRA coverage and shall be paid regardless of whether or not Executive elects COBRA continuation coverage;

(v) Subject to continued payment by Executive of any applicable cost owed by him under the applicable plan, for the twenty-four (24) months following the Date of Termination continuation of life and accidental death and dismemberment benefits substantially similar to those provided to Executive and (as applicable and including the benefits listed under Section 2(d) and (g)) his dependents immediately prior to the date of termination or, as applicable and if more favorable to Executive, those provided in respect of Executive immediately prior to the first occurrence of an event or circumstance constituting Good Reason (in each case, however, subject to any amendments to such arrangements from time to time that are generally applicable to senior executives of the Company), at no greater cost to Executive than the cost to Executive immediately prior to such date or occurrence; and

(vi) For purposes of determining the amount of any benefit payable to Executive and Executive's right to any benefit otherwise payable under any pension plan (within the meaning of Section 3(2) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended) maintained by the Company or its Affiliates ("Pension Plan"), and except to the extent it would result in a duplication of benefits under the following sentence, Executive shall be treated as if he had accumulated (after the date of termination) twenty-four (24) additional months of service credit thereunder and had been credited during such period with his compensation as in effect immediately before termination (or, if greater and as applicable, immediately prior to the first occurrence of an event or circumstance constituting Good Reason). In addition to the benefits to which Executive is entitled under any defined contribution Pension Plan, the Company shall pay Executive a lump sum amount, in cash, equal to the sum of (A) the amount that would have been contributed thereto or credited thereunder by the Company on Executive's behalf during the twenty-four (24) months following his termination (but not including as amounts that would have been contributed or credited an amount equal to the amount of any reduction in base salary, bonus or other compensation that would have occurred in connection with such contribution or credit), determined (x) as if Executive made or received the maximum permissible contributions thereto or credits thereunder during such period, and (y) as if Executive earned compensation during such period at the rate in effect immediately before termination (or, if greater and as applicable, immediately prior to the first occurrence of an event or circumstance constituting Good Reason), and (B) the excess, if any, of (x) Executive's account balance under the Pension Plan as of the date of termination over (y) the portion of such account balance that is nonforfeitable under the terms of the Pension Plan.

Notwithstanding the foregoing but subject to execution and nonrevocation of the Release, the cash lump sum amounts payable pursuant to Section 4(b)(iv) and (vi), shall be paid sixty (60) days after Executive's Date of Termination.

(c) Termination in Connection With a Change in Control. In the event that Executive's employment terminates without Cause pursuant to Section 3(a)(iv) or Executive resigns for Good Reason pursuant to Section 3(a)(v) within twenty-four (24) months following a Change in Control, subject to Executive signing on or before the 50th day following Executive's Separation from Service, and not revoking, the Release and Executive's continued compliance with Sections 5 and 6, in lieu of any amounts payable under Section 4(b), then Executive shall receive, in addition to payments and benefits set forth in Section 3(c), the following benefits:

(i) Company shall pay to Executive, an amount equal to two and one-half (2 ½) times the sum of (A) the Annual Base Salary plus (B) the Target Bonus, payable in a lump sum (provided that payments shall be made in installments on the Schedule described in Section 4(b)(i) if the Change in Control does not constitute a "change in control event" described in Treasury Regulation Section 1.409A-3(i)(5));

(ii) Company shall pay to Executive an amount equal to the Annual Bonus, determined based on the actual performance of the Company for the full fiscal year in which Executive's employment terminates, prorated for the number of days of employment completed during the fiscal year in which the Date of Termination occurs, payable in a lump sum cash amount at the time it would otherwise have been paid had the Executive remained employed for the entire fiscal year in accordance with section 2(b);

(iii) Company shall pay to Executive an amount equal to the amount of the premiums Executive would have been required to pay to continue Executive's and Executive's covered dependents' medical, dental and vision coverage in effect on the Date of Termination under the Company's group healthcare plans pursuant to COBRA for twenty-four (24) months following the Date of Termination, which amount shall be based on the premium for the first month of COBRA coverage and shall be paid regardless of whether or not Executive elects COBRA continuation coverage;

(iv) Subject to continued payment by Executive of any applicable cost owed by him under the applicable plan, for the twenty-four (24) months following the Date of Termination continuation of life and accidental death and dismemberment benefits substantially similar to those provided to Executive and (as applicable and benefits listed under Section 2(d) and (g)) his dependents immediately prior to the date of termination or, as applicable and if more favorable to Executive, those provided in respect of Executive immediately prior to the first occurrence of an event or circumstance constituting Good Reason (in each case, however, subject to any amendments to such arrangements from time to time that are generally applicable to senior executives of the Company), at no greater cost to Executive than the cost to Executive immediately prior to such date or occurrence; and

(v) For purposes of determining the amount of any benefit payable to Executive and Executive's right to any benefit otherwise payable under any Pension Plan, and except to the extent it would result in a duplication of benefits under the following sentence, Executive shall be treated as if he had accumulated (after the date of termination) thirty (30) months of service credit thereunder and had been credited during such period with his compensation as in effect immediately before termination (or, if greater and as applicable, immediately prior to the first occurrence of an event or circumstance constituting Good Reason). In addition to the benefits to which Executive is entitled under any defined contribution Pension Plan, the Company shall pay Executive a lump sum amount, in cash, equal to the sum of (A) the amount that would have been contributed thereto or credited thereunder by the Company on Executive's behalf during the thirty (30) months following his termination (but not including as amounts that would have been contributed or credited an amount equal to the amount of any reduction in base salary, bonus or other compensation that would have occurred in connection with such contribution or credit), determined (x) as if Executive made or received the maximum permissible contributions thereto or

credits thereunder during such period, and (y) as if Executive earned compensation during such period at the rate in effect immediately before termination (or, if greater and as applicable, immediately prior to the first occurrence of an event or circumstance constituting Good Reason), and (B) the excess, if any, of (x) Executive's account balance under the Pension Plan as of the date of termination over (y) the portion of such account balance that is nonforfeitable under the terms of the Pension Plan.

Notwithstanding the foregoing but subject to execution and nonrevocation of the Release, the cash lump sum amounts payable pursuant to Section 4(c)(i),(iii), and (v), shall be paid sixty (60) days after Executive's Date of Termination.

(d) Termination Upon Death. If Executive's employment shall terminate as a result of Executive's death pursuant to Section 3(a)(i), the Executive's estate or beneficiary shall be entitled to receive in addition to payments and benefits set forth in Section 3(c) subject to signing on or before the 50th day following Executive's death, and not revoking, the Release:

(i) a lump sum payment equal to Executive's Annual Base Salary as in effect on the date of death;

(ii) an amount equal to the Annual Bonus, determined based on the actual performance of the Company for the full fiscal year in which Executive's employment terminates, prorated for the number of days of employment completed during the fiscal year in which the Date of Termination occurs, payable in a lump sum cash amount at the time it would otherwise have been paid had the Executive remained employed for the entire fiscal year in accordance with section 2(b); and

(iii) Executive's equity awards shall vest in full at the Date of Termination, with any performance based awards vesting at the greater of target or actual performance through the Date of Termination.

Notwithstanding the foregoing but subject to execution and nonrevocation of the Release, the cash lump sum amounts payable pursuant to Section 4(d)(i), shall be paid sixty (60) days after Executive's Date of Termination.

(e) Termination Upon Disability. If Executive's employment shall terminate as a result of or Disability pursuant to Section 3(a)(ii), Executive shall be entitled to receive in addition to the payments and benefits set forth in Section 3(c), subject to signing on or before the 50th day following his Date of Termination, and not revoking, the Release:

(i) an amount equal to the Annual Bonus, determined based on the actual performance of the Company for the full fiscal year in which Executive's employment terminates, prorated for the number of days of employment completed during the fiscal year in which the Date of Termination occurs, payable in a lump sum cash amount at the time it would otherwise have been paid had the Executive remained employed for the entire fiscal year in accordance with section 2(b); and

(ii) Executive's equity awards vest in full at the Date of Termination, with any performance based awards vesting at the greater of target or actual performance through the Date of Termination.

(f) Survival. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the provisions of Sections 5 through 11 and Section 13(i) will survive the termination of Executive's employment and the expiration or termination of the Term.

(g) No Mitigation; Payment to Surviving Spouse. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, Executive shall not be required to seek other employment or otherwise mitigate any damages resulting from any termination of employment. In the event of Executive's death prior to payment of all compensation and benefits due to Executive under Section 3(c) or Section 4 of this

Agreement, any remaining compensation and benefits shall be paid to his spouse, if any, or if none as required by laws of succession or intestacy.

5. **Covenants.**

Executive acknowledges that Executive has been provided with Confidential Information (as defined below) and, during the Term, the Company from time to time will provide Executive with access to Confidential Information. Ancillary to the rights provided to Executive as set forth in this Agreement and the Company's provision of Confidential Information, and Executive's agreements regarding the use of same, in order to protect the value of any Confidential Information, the Company and Executive agree to the following provisions, for which Executive agrees he received adequate consideration and which Executive acknowledges are reasonable and necessary to protect the legitimate interests of the Company and represent a fair balance of the Company's rights to protect its business and Executive's right to pursue employment:

(a) Executive shall not, at any time during the Restriction Period (as defined below), directly or indirectly engage in, have any equity interest in, interview for a potential employment or consulting relationship with, or manage, provide services to or operate any person, firm, corporation, partnership or business (whether as director, officer, employee, agent, representative, partner, security holder, consultant or otherwise) that engages in any business which competes with any portion of the Business (as defined below) of the Company anywhere in the world. Nothing herein shall prohibit Executive from being a passive owner of not more than 5% of the outstanding equity interest in any entity that is publicly traded, so long as Executive has no active participation in the business of such entity.

(b) Executive shall not, at any time during the Restriction Period, directly or indirectly, engage or prepare to engage in any of the following activities: (i) solicit, divert or take away any customers, clients, or business acquisition or other business opportunity of the Company, (ii) contact or solicit, with respect to hiring, or knowingly hire any employee of the Company or any person employed by the Company at any time during the 12-month period immediately preceding the Date of Termination, (iii) induce or otherwise counsel, advise or encourage any employee of the Company to leave the employment of the Company, or (iv) induce any distributor, representative or agent of the Company to terminate or modify its relationship with the Company.

(c) In the event the terms of this Section 5 shall be determined by any court of competent jurisdiction to be unenforceable by reason of its extending for too great a period of time or over too great a geographical area or by reason of its being too extensive in any other respect, it will be interpreted to extend only over the maximum period of time for which it may be enforceable, over the maximum geographical area as to which it may be enforceable, or to the maximum extent in all other respects as to which it may be enforceable, all as determined by such court in such action.

(d) As used in this Section 5, (i) the term "Company" shall include the Company and its direct and indirect parents and subsidiaries; (ii) the term "Business" shall mean the business of the Company and shall include (a) designing, developing, distributing, marketing or manufacturing dental products or (b) any other process, system, product or service marketed, sold or under development by the Company at any time during Executive's employment with the Company; and (iii) the term "Restriction Period" shall mean the period beginning on the Effective Date and ending twenty-four (24) months following the Date of Termination for any reason.

(e) Executive agrees, during the Term and following the Date of Termination, to refrain from Disparaging (as defined below) the Company and its Affiliates, including any of its services, technologies, products, processes or practices, or any of its directors, officers, agents, representatives or stockholders, either orally or in writing. The Company agrees, on its behalf and on behalf of its Officers and Directors, to refrain from Disparaging Executive. Nothing in this paragraph shall preclude Executive or the Company (as applicable) from making truthful statements that are reasonably

necessary to comply with applicable law, regulation or legal process, or to defend or enforce Executive's or the Company's rights under this Agreement. For purposes of this Agreement, "Disparaging" means making remarks, comments or statements, whether written or oral, that impugn or are reasonably likely to impugn the character, integrity, reputation or abilities of the entities, persons, services, products, technologies, processes or practices listed in this Section 5(e).

(f) Executive agrees that during the Restriction Period, Executive will cooperate fully with the Company in its defense of or other participation in any administrative, judicial or other proceeding arising from any charge, complaint or other action which has been or may be filed.

(g) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement, if and to the extent requested by the Company during the period commencing on the Date of Termination and ending at the end of the Restriction Period, Executive agrees to provide to the Company up to five (5) hours of consulting services per month, on an "as needed" basis at times and in a manner that is mutually convenient. Executive shall not receive any additional compensation for the provision of these consulting services if he is receiving the severance benefits otherwise payable pursuant to Section 4 in connection with Executive's services rendered during the Term. If Executive is not receiving severance, the Company and Executive shall agree on a mutually acceptable fee arrangement.

6. **Nondisclosure of Proprietary Information.**

(a) Except in connection with the faithful performance of Executive's duties hereunder or pursuant to Section 6(c) and (e), Executive shall, in perpetuity, maintain in confidence and shall not directly, indirectly or otherwise, use, disseminate, disclose or publish, or use for Executive's benefit or the benefit of any person, firm, corporation or other entity (other than the Company) any confidential or proprietary information or trade secrets of or relating to the Company (including, without limitation, business plans, business strategies and methods, acquisition targets, intellectual property in the form of patents, trademarks and copyrights and applications therefor, ideas, inventions, works, discoveries, improvements, information, documents, formulae, practices, processes, methods, developments, source code, modifications, technology, techniques, data, programs, other know-how or materials, owned, developed or possessed by the Company, whether in tangible, intangible or electronic form, information with respect to the Company's operations, processes, products, inventions, business practices, finances, principals, vendors, suppliers, customers, potential customers, marketing methods, costs, prices, contractual relationships, regulatory status, prospects and compensation paid to employees or other terms of employment) (collectively, the "Confidential Information"), or deliver to any person, firm, corporation or other entity any document, record, notebook, computer program or similar repository of or containing any such Confidential Information. The Parties hereby stipulate and agree that, as between them, any item of Confidential Information is important, material and confidential and affects the successful conduct of the businesses of the Company (and any successor or assignee of the Company). Notwithstanding the foregoing, Confidential Information shall not include any information that has been published in a form generally available to the public or is publicly available or has become public or general industry knowledge prior to the date Executive proposes to disclose or use such information, *provided, that* such publishing or public availability or knowledge of the Confidential Information shall not have resulted from Executive directly or indirectly breaching Executive's obligations under this Section 6(a) or any other similar provision by which Executive is bound, or from any third-party breaching a provision similar to that found under this Section 6(a). For the purposes of the previous sentence, Confidential Information will not be deemed to have been published or otherwise disclosed merely because individual portions of the information have been separately published, but only if material features comprising such information have been published or become publicly available.

(b) Upon termination of Executive's employment with the Company for any reason, Executive will promptly deliver to the Company all correspondence, drawings, manuals, letters, notes, notebooks, reports, programs, plans, proposals, financial documents, or any other documents or property (in

whatever form) concerning the Company's customers, business plans, marketing strategies, products, property, processes or Confidential Information.

(c) Executive may respond to a lawful and valid subpoena or other legal process but shall give the Company the earliest possible notice thereof, shall, as much in advance of the return date as possible, make available to the Company and its counsel the documents and other information sought and shall assist such counsel at Company's expense in resisting or otherwise responding to such process, in each case to the extent permitted by applicable laws or rules.

(d) As used in this Section 6 and Section 7, the term "Company" shall include the Company and its direct and indirect parents and subsidiaries.

(e) Nothing in this Agreement shall prohibit Executive from (i) disclosing information and documents when required by law, subpoena or court order (subject to the requirements of Section 6(c) above), (ii) disclosing information and documents to Executive's attorney, financial or tax adviser for the purpose of securing legal, financial or tax advice, (iii) disclosing Executive's post-employment restrictions in this Agreement in confidence to any potential new employer of Executive, or (iv) retaining, at any time, Executive's personal correspondence, Executive's personal contacts and documents related to Executive's own personal benefits, entitlements and obligations, except where such correspondence, contracts and documents contain Confidential Information.

7. **Inventions.**

All rights to discoveries, inventions, improvements and innovations (including all data and records pertaining thereto) related to the Business, whether or not patentable, copyrightable, registrable as a trademark, or reduced to writing, that Executive may discover, invent or originate during the Term, either alone or with others and whether or not during working hours or by the use of the facilities of the Company ("Inventions"), shall be the exclusive property of the Company. Executive shall promptly disclose all Inventions to the Company, shall execute at the request of the Company any assignments or other documents the Company may deem reasonably necessary to protect or perfect its rights therein, and shall assist the Company, upon reasonable request and at the Company's expense, in obtaining, defending and enforcing the Company's rights therein. Executive hereby appoints the Company as Executive's attorney-in-fact to execute on Executive's behalf any assignments or other documents reasonably deemed necessary by the Company to protect or perfect its rights to any Inventions. During the Restriction Period, Executive shall assist Company and its nominee, at any time, in the protection of Company's (or its Affiliates') worldwide right, title and interest in and to Inventions and the execution of all formal assignment documents requested by Company or its nominee and the execution of all lawful oaths and applications for patents and registration of copyright in the United States and foreign countries.

8. **Injunctive Relief.**

It is recognized and acknowledged by Executive that a breach of the covenants contained in Sections 5- 6 or 7 will cause irreparable damage to Company and its goodwill, the exact amount of which will be difficult or impossible to ascertain, and that the remedies at law for any such breach will be inadequate. Accordingly, Executive agrees that in the event of a breach of any of the covenants contained in Sections 5- 6 or 7, in addition to any other remedy which may be available at law or in equity, the Company will be entitled to seek specific performance and injunctive relief without the requirement to post bond.

9. **Maximum Payment Limit.**

If any payment or benefit due under this Agreement, together with all other payments and benefits that Executive receives or is entitled to receive from the Company or any of its subsidiaries, Affiliates or related entities, would (if paid or provided) constitute an excess parachute payment for purposes of Section 280G of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), the amounts otherwise payable and benefits otherwise due under this Agreement will either (i) be delivered in full, or (ii) be

limited to the minimum extent necessary to ensure that no portion thereof will fail to be tax-deductible to the Company by reason of Section 280G of the Code, whichever of the foregoing amounts, taking into account the applicable federal, state or local income and employment taxes and the excise tax imposed under Section 4999 of the Code, results in the receipt by the Executive, on an after-tax basis, of the greatest amount of benefits, notwithstanding that all or some portion of such benefits may be subject to the excise tax imposed under Section 4999 of the Code. In the event that the payments and/or benefits are to be reduced pursuant to this Section 9, such payments and benefits shall be reduced such that the reduction of cash compensation to be provided to the Executive as a result of this Section 9 is minimized. In applying this principle, the reduction shall be made in a manner consistent with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code and where two economically equivalent amounts are subject to reduction but payable at different times, such amounts shall be reduced on a pro rata basis but not below zero. All determinations required to be made under this Section 9 shall be made by the Company's independent public accounting firm, or by another advisor mutually agreed to by the parties, which shall provide detailed supporting calculations both to the Company and Executive within fifteen (15) business days of the receipt of notice from Executive that there has been a payment or benefit subject to this Section 9, or such earlier time as is requested by the Company.

10. Clawback Provisions.

Notwithstanding any other provisions in this Agreement to the contrary, any incentive-based compensation, or any other compensation, paid to Executive pursuant to this Agreement or any other agreement or arrangement with the Company which is subject to recovery under any Policy, law, government regulation or stock exchange listing requirement, will be subject to such deductions and clawback as may be required to be made pursuant to such Policy, law, government regulation or stock exchange listing requirement.

11. Assignment and Successors.

The Company may assign its rights and obligations under this Agreement to a United States subsidiary of the Company that is the main operating company of the Company (or the principal employer of employees of the Company and its subsidiaries) in the United States or to any successor to all or substantially all of the business or the assets of the Company (by merger or otherwise), and may assign or encumber this Agreement and its rights hereunder as security for indebtedness of the Company and its Affiliates. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Company, Executive and their respective successors, assigns, personnel and legal representatives, executors, administrators, heirs, distributees, devisees, and legatees, as applicable. None of Executive's rights or obligations may be assigned or transferred by Executive, other than Executive's rights to payments hereunder, which may be transferred only by will or operation of law. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Executive shall be entitled, to the extent permitted under applicable law and any applicable Company benefit plans or arrangements, to select and change a beneficiary or beneficiaries to receive compensation hereunder following Executive's death by giving written notice thereof to the Company.

12. Certain Definitions.

- (a) Affiliate. "Affiliate" shall mean a Person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the Person specified.
- (b) Beneficial Owner. "Beneficial Owner" shall have the meaning defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act.
- (c) Cause. The Company shall have "Cause" to terminate Executive's employment hereunder upon:
 - (i) a majority, plus at least one, of the members of the Company's Board of Directors, excluding Executive, determining that (a) Executive has committed an act of fraud against the

Company, or (b) Executive has committed an act of malfeasance, recklessness or gross negligence against the Company that is materially injurious to the Company or its customers; or

(ii) a majority, plus at least one, of the members of the Company's Board of Directors, excluding Executive, determining that Executive materially breaching the terms of this Agreement; or

(iii) Executive's indictment for, or conviction of, or pleading no contest to, a felony or a crime involving Executive's moral turpitude.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, clauses (i) - (iii) shall not constitute "Cause" unless and until the Company has: (x) provided Executive, within 60 days of any Company director's knowledge of the occurrence of the facts and circumstances underlying such Cause event, written notice stating with specificity the applicable facts and circumstances underlying such finding of Cause; and (y) provided Executive with an opportunity to cure the same (if curable) within 30 days after the receipt of such notice.

(d) Change in Control. "Change in Control" shall mean an event set forth in any one of the following paragraphs shall have occurred following the Effective Date:

(i) any Person is or becomes the Beneficial Owner, directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company (not including in the securities beneficially owned by such Person any securities acquired directly from the Company or its Affiliates) representing 30% or more of the combined voting power of the Company's then outstanding securities, excluding any Person who becomes such a Beneficial Owner in connection with a transaction described in clause (2) of paragraph (iii) below; or

(ii) the following individuals cease for any reason to constitute a majority of the number of directors then serving: individuals who, on the Effective Date, constitute the Board and any new director (other than a director whose initial assumption of office is in connection with an actual or threatened election contest, including but not limited to a consent solicitation, relating to the election of directors of the Company) whose appointment or election by the Board or nomination for election by the Company's stockholders was approved or recommended by a vote of at least two-thirds (2/3) of the directors then still in office who either were directors on the Effective Date or whose appointment, election or nomination for election was previously so approved or recommended; or

(iii) there is consummated a merger or consolidation of the Company (or any direct or indirect parent or subsidiary of the Company) with any other company, other than (1) a merger or consolidation which would result in the Beneficial Owners of the voting securities of the Company outstanding immediately prior thereto continuing to own, in combination with the ownership of any trustee or other fiduciary holding securities under an employee benefit plan of the Company or any of its Affiliates, more than 50% of the combined voting power of the voting securities of the Company, the entity surviving such merger or consolidation or, if the Company or the entity surviving such merger or consolidation is then a subsidiary, the ultimate parent thereof outstanding immediately after such merger or consolidation, (2) a merger or consolidation immediately following which the individuals who comprise the Board immediately prior thereto constitute at least a majority of the board of directors of the Company, the entity surviving such merger or consolidation or, if the Company or the entity surviving such merger or consolidation is then a subsidiary, the ultimate parent thereof, or (3) a merger or consolidation effected to implement a recapitalization of the Company (or similar transaction) in which no Person is or becomes the Beneficial Owner, directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company (not including in the securities Beneficially Owned by such Person any securities acquired directly from the Company

or its Affiliates) representing 30% or more of the combined voting power of the Company's, a surviving entity's or, if the Company or the entity surviving such merger or consolidation is then a subsidiary, the ultimate parent's then outstanding securities; or

(iv) the stockholders of the Company approve a plan of complete liquidation or dissolution of the Company or there is consummated an agreement for the sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company's assets, other than a sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company's assets immediately following which the individuals who comprise the Board immediately prior thereto constitute at least a majority of the board of directors of the entity to which such assets are sold or disposed or any parent thereof.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Change in Control shall not be deemed to have occurred by virtue of the consummation of any transaction or series of integrated transactions immediately following which the holders of Common Shares immediately prior to such transaction or series of transactions continue to have substantially the same proportionate ownership in an entity which owns all or substantially all of the assets of the Company immediately following such transaction or series of transactions.

(e) Date of Termination. "Date of Termination" shall mean (i) if Executive's employment is terminated by Executive's death, the date of Executive's death; (ii) if Executive's employment is terminated pursuant to Section 3(a)(ii) - (vi) either the date indicated in the Notice of Termination or the date specified by the Company pursuant to Section 3(b), whichever is earlier.

(f) Disability. "Disability" shall mean, at any time the Company or any of its affiliates sponsors a long-term disability plan for the Company's employees, "disability" as defined in such long-term disability plan for the purpose of determining a participant's eligibility for benefits, provided, however, if the long-term disability plan contains multiple definitions of disability, "Disability" shall refer to that definition of disability which, if Executive qualified for such disability benefits, would provide coverage for the longest period of time. The determination of whether Executive has a Disability shall be made by the person or persons required to make disability determinations under the long-term disability plan. At any time the Company does not sponsor a long-term disability plan for its employees, Disability shall mean Executive's inability to perform, with or without reasonable accommodation, the essential functions of Executive's position hereunder for a total of three months during any twelve-month period as a result of incapacity due to mental or physical illness as determined by a physician selected by the Company (or its insurers). Any unreasonable refusal by Executive to submit to a medical examination for the purpose of determining Disability within a reasonable period following a written request by the Company (or its insurers) shall be deemed to constitute conclusive evidence of Executive's Disability.

(g) Exchange Act. "Exchange Act" shall mean the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended from time to time.

(h) Good Reason. "Good Reason" shall mean:

(i) the Company reduces the Executive's Annual Base Salary or Target Bonus percentage, other than any reduction which is insignificant or is implemented as part of a formal austerity program approved by the Board and applicable to all other senior executive officers of the Company, provided such reduction does not reduce Executive's Annual Base Salary or Target Bonus by a percentage greater than the average reduction in compensation of all other senior executive officers of the Company, or a significant reduction in Executive's other compensation, including long-term incentive compensation, and benefits has occurred below its current amount at the time of this agreement;

(ii) a material, adverse change in Executive's responsibilities, authority or duties

(including as a result of the assignment of duties materially inconsistent with Executive's position), or the inability to agree on a place of employment;

(iii) the Company breaches a material obligation to Executive under the terms of this Agreement; and

(iv) the Company delivering to Executive a Notice of Non-Renewal which does not include a request to negotiate a new agreement during the Negotiation Term;

However, none of the foregoing events or conditions will constitute Good Reason unless: (x) Executive provides the Company with written objection to the event or condition within ninety (90) days following the occurrence thereof, (y) the Company does not reverse or otherwise cure the event or condition within thirty (30) days of receiving that written objection, and (z) the Executive resigns his employment within thirty (30) days following the expiration of that cure period.

(i) Person. "Person" shall have the meaning given in Section 3(a)(9) of the Exchange Act, as modified and used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) thereof, except that such term shall not include (i) the Company or its Subsidiaries, (ii) a trustee or other fiduciary holding securities under an employee benefit plan of the Company or any of its Affiliates, (iii) an underwriter temporarily holding securities pursuant to an offering of such securities, or (iv) a corporation owned, directly or indirectly, by the shareholders of the Company in substantially the same proportions as their ownership of Common Shares of the Company.

13. **Miscellaneous Provisions.**

(a) Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed, construed, interpreted and enforced in accordance with its express terms, and otherwise in accordance with the substantive laws of State of New York without reference to the principles of conflicts of law of the State of New York or any other jurisdiction, and where applicable, the laws of the United States.

(b) Validity. The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision or provisions of this Agreement shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other provision of this Agreement, which shall remain in full force and effect.

(c) Notices. Any notice, request, claim, demand, document and other communication hereunder to any Party shall be effective upon receipt (or refusal of receipt) and shall be in writing and delivered personally or sent by facsimile or certified or registered mail, postage prepaid, as follows:

(i) If to the Company, to the attention of the General Counsel at its headquarters,

(ii) If to Executive, at the last address that the Company has in its personnel records for Executive, or

(iii) At any other address as any Party shall have specified by notice in writing to the other Party.

(d) Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original, but all of which together will constitute one and the same Agreement. Signatures delivered by facsimile shall be deemed effective for all purposes.

(e) Entire Agreement. The terms of this Agreement are intended by the Parties to be the final expression of their agreement with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersede all prior understandings and agreements, whether written or oral (including, without limitation, the Prior Agreement). The Parties further intend that this Agreement shall constitute the complete and exclusive statement of their terms and that no extrinsic evidence whatsoever may be introduced in any judicial, administrative, or other legal proceeding to vary the terms of this Agreement.

(f) Amendments; Waivers. This Agreement may not be modified, amended, or terminated except by an instrument in writing, signed by Executive and a duly authorized officer of Company (other than Executive). By an instrument in writing similarly executed, Executive or a duly authorized

officer of the Company (other than Executive) may waive compliance by the other Party with any specifically identified provision of this Agreement that such other Party was or is obligated to comply with or perform; *provided, however*, that such waiver shall not operate as a waiver of, or estoppel with respect to, any other or subsequent failure. No failure to exercise and no delay in exercising any right, remedy, or power hereunder preclude any other or further exercise of any other right, remedy, or power provided herein or by law or in equity.

(g) Construction. This Agreement shall be deemed drafted equally by both the Parties. Its language shall be construed as a whole and according to its fair meaning. Any presumption or principle that the language is to be construed against any Party shall not apply. The headings in this Agreement are only for convenience and are not intended to affect construction or interpretation. Any references to paragraphs, subparagraphs, sections or subsections are to those parts of this Agreement, unless the context clearly indicates to the contrary. Also, unless the context clearly indicates to the contrary, (i) the plural includes the singular and the singular includes the plural; (ii) “and” and “or” are each used both conjunctively and disjunctively; (iii) “any,” “all,” “each,” or “every” means “any and all,” and “each and every”; (iv) “includes” and “including” are each “without limitation”; (v) “herein,” “hereof,” “hereunder” and other similar compounds of the word “here” refer to the entire Agreement and not to any particular paragraph, subparagraph, section or subsection; and (vi) all pronouns and any variations thereof shall be deemed to refer to the masculine, feminine, neuter, singular or plural as the identity of the entities or persons referred to may require.

(h) Arbitration. If any dispute or controversy arises under or in connection with this Agreement, is not resolved within a commercially reasonable time not to exceed sixty (60) days, then such dispute or controversy shall be settled exclusively by arbitration, conducted before a single neutral arbitrator at a location mutually agreed between the Company and Executive within the state of the Company’s headquarters at such time in accordance with the Employment Arbitration Rules & Procedures of JAMS (“JAMS”) then in effect, in accordance with this Section 13(h), except as otherwise prohibited by any nonwaivable provision of applicable law or regulation. The parties hereby agree that the arbitrator shall construe, interpret and enforce this Agreement in accordance with its express terms, and otherwise in accordance with the governing law as set forth in Section 13(a). Judgment may be entered on the arbitration award in any court having jurisdiction, *provided, however*, that either Party shall be entitled to seek a restraining order or injunction in any court of competent jurisdiction to prevent any continuation of any violation of the provisions of this Agreement and Executive hereby consents that such restraining order or injunction may be granted without requiring the other Party to post a bond. Unless the parties otherwise agree, only individuals who are on the JAMS register of arbitrators shall be selected as an arbitrator. Additionally, except upon showing of cause each party shall have the right to propound no more than 10 special interrogatories and requests for admission, and to take the deposition of one individual and any expert witness designated by the other party. Within 20 days of the conclusion of the arbitration hearing, the arbitrator shall prepare written findings of fact and conclusions of law. It is mutually agreed that the written decision of the arbitrator shall be valid, binding, final and enforceable by any court of competent jurisdiction. In the event action is brought pursuant to this Section 13(h), the arbitrator shall have authority to award fees and costs to the prevailing party, in accordance with applicable law. If in the opinion of the arbitrator there is no prevailing party, then each party shall pay its own attorney’s fees and expenses. Both Executive and the Company expressly waive their right to a jury trial. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as precluding the bringing of an action for injunctive relief or specific performance as provided in this Agreement. This dispute resolution process and any arbitration hereunder shall be confidential and neither any Party nor the arbitrator shall disclose the existence, contents or results of such process without the prior written consent of all Parties, except where necessary or compelled in a Court to enforce this arbitration provision or an award from such arbitration or otherwise in a legal proceeding. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Executive and the Company each have the right to resolve

any issue or dispute over intellectual property rights by Court action instead of arbitration. The Company may also enjoin by Court action any breach of Sections 5-6 or 7 as permitted by Section 8.

(i) Enforcement. If any provision of this Agreement is held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable under present or future laws effective during the term of this Agreement, such provision shall be fully severable; this Agreement shall be construed and enforced as if such illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision had never comprised a portion of this Agreement; and the remaining provisions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect and shall not be affected by the illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision or by its severance from this Agreement. Furthermore, in lieu of such illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision there shall be added automatically as part of this Agreement a provision as similar in terms to such illegal, invalid or unenforceable provision as may be possible and be legal, valid and enforceable.

(j) Withholding. The Company shall be entitled to withhold from any amounts payable under this Agreement any federal, state, local or foreign withholding or other taxes or charges which the Company is required to withhold or by its Policies it customarily withholds. The Company shall be entitled to rely on an opinion of counsel if any questions as to the amount or requirement of withholding shall arise.

(k) Section 409A.

(i) *General*. The intent of the Parties is that the payments and benefits under this Agreement comply with or be exempt from Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the regulations and guidance promulgated thereunder (collectively, "Section 409A") and, accordingly, to the maximum extent permitted, this Agreement shall be interpreted to be in compliance therewith.

(ii) *Separation from Service*. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, any compensation or benefits payable under this Agreement that is considered nonqualified deferred compensation under Section 409A and is designated under this Agreement as payable upon Executive's termination of employment shall be payable only upon Executive's "separation from service" with the Company within the meaning of Section 409A (a "Separation from Service") and, except as provided below, any such compensation or benefits described in Sections 4(b)-(e) shall not be paid, or, in the case of installments, shall not commence payment, until the sixtieth (60th) day following Executive's Separation from Service (the "First Payment Date"). Any lump sum payment or installment payments that would have been made to Executive during the sixty (60) day period immediately following Executive's Separation from Service but for the preceding sentence shall be paid to Executive on the First Payment Date and any remaining installment payments shall be made as provided in this Agreement.

(iii) *Specified Employee*. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to or any other agreement providing compensatory payments to Executive to the contrary, if Executive is deemed by the Company at the time of Executive's Separation from Service to be a "specified employee" for purposes of Section 409A, any payment of compensation or benefits to which Executive is entitled under this Agreement or any other compensatory plan or agreement that is considered nonqualified deferred compensation under Section 409A payable as a result of Executive's Separation from Service shall be delayed to the extent required in order to avoid a prohibited distribution under Section 409A until the earlier of (i) the expiration of the six-month period measured from the date of Executive's Separation from Service with the Company or (ii) the date of Executive's death. Upon the first business day following the expiration of the applicable Section 409A period, all payments deferred pursuant to the preceding sentence shall be paid in a lump sum to Executive (or Executive's estate or beneficiaries), and any remaining payments due to Executive under this Agreement or any other compensatory plan or agreement shall be paid as otherwise provided herein or therein.

(iv) *Expense Reimbursements.* To the extent that any reimbursements under this Agreement are subject to Section 409A, any such reimbursements payable to Executive shall be paid to Executive no later than December 31 of the year following the year in which the expense was incurred; provided, that Executive submits Executive's reimbursement request promptly following the date the expense is incurred, the amount of expenses reimbursed in one year shall not affect the amount eligible for reimbursement in any subsequent year, other than medical expenses referred to in Section 105(b) of the Code, and Executive's right to reimbursement under this Agreement will not be subject to liquidation or exchange for another benefit.

(v) *Tax Gross Up Payments.* Any tax gross-up payments to which Executive is entitled hereunder shall be paid to Executive no later than December 31 of the year next following the year which Executive remits the related tax payments to the applicable tax authorities, including the amount of additional taxes imposed upon Executive due to the Company's reimbursement of the taxes on the compensation subject to the tax gross up.

(vi) *Installments.* Executive's right to receive any installment payments under this Agreement, including without limitation any continuation salary payments that are payable on Company payroll dates, shall be treated as a right to receive a series of separate payments and, accordingly, each such installment payment shall at all times be considered a separate and distinct payment as permitted under Section 409A. Except as otherwise permitted under Section 409A, no payment hereunder shall be accelerated or deferred unless such acceleration or deferral would not result in additional tax or interest pursuant to Section 409A.

14. **Executive Acknowledgement.**

Executive acknowledges that Executive has read and understands this Agreement, is fully aware of its legal effect, has not acted in reliance upon any representations or promises made by the Company other than those contained in writing herein, and has entered into this Agreement freely based on Executive's own judgment.

[Signature Page Follows]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this Agreement as of the date and year first above written.

DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc.

By: _____
Jeffrey T. Slovin
Chief Executive Officer

EXECUTIVE

By: _____
Ulrich Michel

Section 302 Certifications Statement

I, Jeffrey T. Slovin, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q of DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 6, 2016

/s/ *Jeffrey T. Slovin*
Jeffrey T. Slovin
Chief Executive Officer

Section 302 Certifications Statement

I, Ulrich Michel, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q of DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 6, 2016

/s/ Ulrich Michel

Ulrich Michel

Executive Vice President and

Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31, 2016 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), We, Jeffrey T. Slovin, Chief Executive Officer of the Company and Ulrich Michel, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of our knowledge and belief:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company as of the date of the Report.

/s/ *Jeffrey T. Slovin*
Jeffrey T. Slovin
Chief Executive Officer

/s/ *Ulrich Michel*
Ulrich Michel
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

May 6, 2016